

Network Guide

1 Using a Printer Server

2 Monitoring and Configuring the Printer

3 Special Operations under Windows

4 Appendix

Read this manual carefully before you use this machine and keep it handy for future reference. For safe and correct use, be sure to read the Safety Information in "About This Machine" before using the machine.

Introduction

This manual contains detailed instructions and notes on the operation and use of this machine. For your safety and benefit, read this manual carefully before using the machine. Keep this manual in a handy place for quick reference.

Important

Contents of this manual are subject to change without prior notice. In no event will the company be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages as a result of handling or operating the machine.

Software Version Conventions Used in This Manual

- NetWare 3.x means NetWare 3.12 and 3.2.
- NetWare 4.x means NetWare 4.1, 4.11, 4.2 and IntranetWare.

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- The product name of Windows[®] 98 is Microsoft[®] Windows 98.
- The product name of Windows[®] Me is Microsoft[®] Windows Millennium Edition (Windows Me).
- The product names of Windows[®] 2000 are as follows: Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 2000 Professional Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 2000 Server Microsoft[®] Windows[®] 2000 Advanced Server
- The product names of Windows[®] XP are as follows: Microsoft[®] Windows[®] XP Home Edition Microsoft[®] Windows[®] XP Professional
- The product names of Windows Server[™] 2003 are as follows: Microsoft[®] Windows Server[™] 2003 Standard Edition Microsoft[®] Windows Server[™] 2003 Enterprise Edition Microsoft[®] Windows Server[™] 2003 Web Edition
- The product names of Windows NT[®] 4.0 are as follows: Microsoft[®] Windows NT[®] Workstation 4.0 Microsoft[®] Windows NT[®] Server 4.0
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Manuals for This Machine

Refer to the manuals that are relevant to what you want to do with the machine.

About This Machine

Be sure to read the Safety Information in this manual before using the machine.

This manual provides an introduction to the functions of the machine. It also explains the control panel, preparation procedures for using the machine, how to enter text, and how to install the CD-ROMs provided.

General Settings Guide

Explains User Tools settings, and Address Book procedures such as registering fax numbers, e-mail addresses, and user codes. Also refer to this manual for explanations on how to connect the machine.

Trouble Shooting

Provides a guide to solving common problems, and explains how to replace paper, toner or print cartridge, and other consumables.

Security Reference

This manual is for administrators of the machine. It explains security functions that the administrators can use to protect data from being tampered, or prevent the machine from unauthorized use. Also refer to this manual for the procedures for registering administrators, as well as setting user and administrator authentication.

Copy/Document Server Reference

Explains Copier and Document Server functions and operations. Also refer to this manual for explanations on how to place originals.

Copy Reference

Explains Copier functions and operations. Also refer to this manual for explanations on how to place originals.

Facsimile Reference

Explains Facsimile functions and operations.

Printer Reference

Explains Printer functions and operations.

Scanner Reference

Explains Scanner functions and operations.

Network Guide

Explains how to configure and operate the machine in a network environment, and use the software provided.

This manual covers all models, and includes descriptions of functions and settings that might not be available on this machine. Images, illustrations, and information about operating systems that are supported might also differ slightly from those of this machine.

Other manuals

- Manuals for This Machine
- Safety Information
- Quick Reference Copy Guide
- Quick Reference Fax Guide
- Quick Reference Printer Guide
- Quick Reference Scanner Guide
- PostScript 3 Supplement
- UNIX Supplement
- Manuals for DeskTopBinder Lite
 - DeskTopBinder Lite Setup Guide
 - DeskTopBinder Introduction Guide
 - Auto Document Link Guide

🖉 Note

- □ Manuals provided are specific to machine types.
- □ Adobe Acrobat Reader/Adobe Reader must be installed in order to view the manuals as PDF files.

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How to Read This Manual

Symbols

This manual uses the following symbols:

A WARNING:

Indicates important safety notes.

Ignoring these notes could result in serious injury or death. Be sure to read these notes. They can be found in the "Safety Information" section of About This Machine.

A CAUTION:

Indicates important safety notes.

Ignoring these notes could result in moderate or minor injury, or damage to the machine or to property. Be sure to read these notes. They can be found in the "Safety Information" section of About This Machine.

Important

Indicates points to pay attention to when using the machine, and explanations of likely causes of paper misfeeds, damage to originals, or loss of data. Be sure to read these explanations.

🔗 Note

Indicates supplementary explanations of the machine's functions, and instructions on resolving user errors.

₽ Reference

This symbol is located at the end of sections. It indicates where you can find further relevant information.

[]

Indicates the names of keys that appear on the machine's display panel.

Indicates the names of keys on the machine's control panel.

Setting Up the Machine on a Network

This section describes the network settings you can change with User Tools (System Settings). Make settings according to functions you want to use and the interface to be connected.

∰Important

□ These settings should be made by the systems administrator, or after consulting with the systems administrator.

Initial Settings Overview

✤ Interface Settings

Menu	Description
Machine IPv4 Address	Specifies the machine IPv4 address and sub- net mask in the network environment.
IPv4 Gateway Address	Configure the gateway address for the rout- er or host computer used as a gateway.
Machine IPv6 Address	Specifies the machine IPv6 address and sub- net mask in the network environment.
IPv6 Gateway Address	Configure the gateway address for the router or host computer used as a gateway.
IPv6 Gateway Address	Specifies the automatic configuration of the IPv6 Stateless Address.
DNS Configuration	Make settings for the DNS server.
DDNS Configuration	Specifies the DDNS settings.
Domain Name	Specifies the domain name.
WINS Configuration	Specifies the WINS server settings.
Effective Protocol	Select the protocol to use in the network.
NCP Delivery Protocol	Select the protocol for NCP delivery:
NW Frame Type	Select the frame type when you use NetWare.
LAN Type	Select interface, IEEE 802.11b (wireless LAN) or Ethernet when you have installed the op- tional IEEE 802.11b interface unit.
Ethernet Speed	Set the access speed for networks.
Ping Command	Check the network connection with ping command using given IP address.
SMB Computer Name	Specifies the SMB computer name.
SMB Work Group	Specifies the SMB work group.
Permit SNMPv3 Communication	Set the encrypted communication of SNMP v3.
Permit SSL / TLS Communication	Set the encrypted communication of SSL/TLS.
Host Name	Specify the host name.

Machine Name	Specify the machine name.
IPv4 over 1394	Specifies when you use the function of the IEEE 1394 interface to connect the machine to the network, or you print from computer with the IP over 1394 driver.
SCSI print (SBP-2)	Specifies when you print using the SCSI print client function supported by Windows 2000/XP, or Windows Server 2003.
Bidirectional SCSI print	Specifies the printer's response mode etc. for status requests when using the IEEE 1394 interface.
Communication Mode	Specifies the communication mode of the wireless LAN.
SSID Setting	Specifies SSID to distinguish the access point in infrastructure mode or 802.11 ad hoc mode.
Channel	Specifies a channel when you select 802.11b ad hoc mode or ad hoc mode.
WEP (Encryption) Key	Specifies the encryption of the IEEE 802.11b (wirelessLAN).
Transmission Speed	Specifies the communication speed of the IEEE 802.11b (wirelessLAN).
Restore Factory Defaults	Return the IEEE 802.11b (wireless LAN) set- tings to their defaults.

✤ File Transfer Settings

Menu	Description
SMTP Server	Specifies the SMTP server name.
SMTP Authentication	Configures SMTP authentication (PLAIN, LOGIN, CRAM-MD5, DIGEST-MD5
POP before SMTP	Configures POP authentication (POP before SMTP).
Reception Protocol	Specifies Reception Protocol for receiving Internet faxes.
POP3 / IMAP4 Settings	Specify the POP3 or IMAP4 server name for receiving Internet faxes.
Administrator's E-mail Address	This appears as the sender's address on e- mailed scanned documents, if the sender is not specified .
E-mail Communication Port	Specifies the [POP3] , [IMAP4] , and [SMTP] port numbers for receiving Internet faxes.
E-mail Reception Interval	Specify, in minutes, the time limit for receiv- ing Internet faxes via POP3 or IMAP4 server.
Max. Reception E-mail Size	Specifies the [Max. Reception E-mail Size] for receiving Internet faxes.
E-mail Storage in Server	Specifies whether or not to store received Inter- net fax e-mails on the POP3 or IMAP4 server.
Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message	Specify the user name and password re- quired when sending scan file directly to a shared folder on a computer running Win- dows, or to an FTP server.
Default User Name / Password (Send)	Specifies the user name and password re- quired when sending scan file directly to a shared folder on a computer running Win- dows, or to an FTP server.
Program / Change / Delete Subject	Program, change, or delete the subject used when sending an Internet fax or scan file as an attachment.
Fax E-mail Account	Specify [E-mail Address],[User Name] , and [Password] for receiving Internet faxes.
Scanner Resend Interval Time	Specifies the interval the machine waits be- fore resending scan file, if they cannot be sent to the delivery server or mail server.
Number of Scanner Resends	Sets a maximum number of times scan file is resent to the delivery server or mail server

Initial Settings

Interface		Settings
Ethernet	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
	Network	IPv4 address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		Machine IPv6 Address
		IPv6 Gateway Address
		IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfig- uration
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		NW Frame Type
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		SMB Computer Name
		SMB Work Group
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
		Machine Name
IEEE 1394	Interface Settings/	IPv4 address
(IPv4 over 1394)	IEEE 1394	DDNS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/ Network	WINS Configuration
		IPv4 over 1394
		SCSI print (SBP-2)
		Bidirectional SCSI print
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol

✤ Printer/LAN-Fax (IPv6 cannnot be used on LAN-Fax.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
(wireless LAN)	Network	IPv4 address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		Machine IPv6 Address
		IPv6 Gateway Address
		IPv6 Stateless Address Autoconfig- uration
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		NW Frame Type
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		SMB Computer Name
		SMB Work Group
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
		Machine Name
	Interface Settings/	Communication Mode
	IEEE 802.11b	SSID Setting
		Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Security Method
		Wireless LAN Signal
		Transmission Speed

Interface		Settings
Ethernet	et Interface Settings/ Network	Machine IPv4 Address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	File Transfer	Delivery Option
		SMTP Server
		SMTP Authentication
		POP before SMTP
		Reception Protocol
		POP3 / IMAP4 Settings
		Administrator's E-mail Address
		E-mail Communication Port
		E-mail Reception Interval
		Max. Reception E-mail Size
		E-mail Storage in Server
		Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message
		Default User Name / Password (Send)
		Program / Change / Delete Subject
		Fax E-mail Account
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Internet Fax (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 1394 (IPv4 over 1394)	Interface Settings/ IEEE 1394	IPv4 address
		IPv4 over 1394
		DDNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/	IPv4 Gateway Address
	Network	DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
	File Transfer	SMTP Server
		SMTP Authentication
		POP before SMTP
		Reception Protocol
		POP3 / IMAP4 Settings
		Administrator's E-mail Address
		E-mail Communication Port
		E-mail Reception Interval
		Max. Reception E-mail Size
		E-mail Storage in Server
		Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message
		Program / Change / Delete Subject
		Fax E-mail Account
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
(wireless LAN)	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	Interface Settings/	Communication Mode
	IEEE 802.11b	SSID Setting
		Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Transmission Speed
	File Transfer	SMTP Server
		SMTP Authentication
		POP before SMTP
		Reception Protocol
		POP3 / IMAP4 Settings
		Administrator's E-mail Address
		E-mail Communication Port
		E-mail Reception Interval
		Max. Reception E-mail Size
		E-mail Storage in Server
		Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message
		Program / Change / Delete Subject
		Fax E-mail Account

Interface		Settings
Ethernet	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
IEEE 1394	Interface Settings/ IEEE 1394	IPv4 address
(IPv4 over 1394)		IPv4 over 1394
		DDNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/ Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol

✤ IP-Fax (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
(wireless LAN)	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	Interface Settings/	Communication Mode
	IEEE 802.11b	SSID Setting
		Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Transmission Speed

Interface		Settings	
Ethernet	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address	
	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address	
		DNS Configuration	
		DDNS Configuration	
		Domain Name	
		WINS Configuration	
		LAN Type	
		Ethernet Speed	
		Effective Protocol	
		NCP Delivery Protocol	
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication	
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication	
		Host Name	
	File Transfer	SMTP Server	
		SMTP Authentication	
		POP before SMTP	
		Reception Protocol	
		POP3 / IMAP4 Settings	
		Administrator's E-mail Address	
		E-mail Communication Port	
		Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message	
		Program / Change / Delete Subject	
		Scanner Resend Interval Time	
		Number of Scanner Resends	

✤ E-mail (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 1394	Interface Settings/	IPv4 address
(IPv4 over 1394)	IEEE 1394	IPv4 over 1394
		DDNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/	IPv4 Gateway Address
	Network	DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
	File Transfer	SMTP Server
		SMTP Authentication
		POP before SMTP
		Reception Protocol
		POP3 / IMAP4 Settings
		Administrator's E-mail Address
		Reception Protocol
		Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message
		Program / Change / Delete Subject
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
(wireless LAN)	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	Interface Settings/	Communication Mode
	IEEE 802.11b	SSID Setting
	File Transfer	Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Transmission Speed
		SMTP Server
		SMTP Authentication
		POP before SMTP
		Reception Protocol
		Administrator's E-mail Address
		E-mail Communication Port
		Program / Change / Delete E-mail Message
		Program / Change / Delete Subject
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Interface		Settings
Ethernet	Interface Settings/ Network	Machine IPv4 Address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Host Name
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
	File Transfer	Default User Name / Password (Send)
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends
IEEE 1394	Interface Settings/ IEEE 1394	IPv4 address
(IPv4 over 1394)		IPv4 over 1394
		DDNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/	IPv4 Gateway Address
	Network	DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
	File Transfer	Default User Name / Password (Send)
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Scan to Folder (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
(wireless LAN)	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	Interface Settings/ IEEE 802.11b	Communication Mode
		SSID Setting
		Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Transmission Speed
	File Transfer	Default User Name / Password (Send)
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Interface		Settings
Ethernet	Interface Settings/ Network	Machine IPv4 Address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	File Transfer	Delivery Option
		Fax RX File Transmission
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends
IEEE 1394 (IPv4 over 1394)	Interface Settings/ IEEE 1394	IPv4 address
		IPv4 over 1394
		DDNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/	IPv4 Gateway Address
	Network	DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
	File Transfer	Delivery Option
		Fax RX File Transmission
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

✤ Network Delivery Scanner (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
(wireless LAN)	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	Interface Settings/ IEEE 802.11b	Communication Mode
		SSID Setting
		Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Transmission Speed
	File Transfer	Delivery Option
		Fax RX File Transmission
		Scanner Resend Interval Time
		Number of Scanner Resends

Interface		Settings
Ethernet	Interface Settings/	Machine IPv4 Address
	Network	IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
IEEE 1394	Interface Settings/ IEEE 1394	IPv4 address
(IPv4 over 1394)		IPv4 over 1394
		DDNS Configuration
		WINS Configuration
		Host Name
		Domain Name
	Interface Settings/	IPv4 Gateway Address
	Network	DNS Configuration
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol

✤ Network TWAIN Scanner (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface		Settings
IEEE 802.11b (wireless LAN)	Interface Settings/ Network	Machine IPv4 Address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name
	Interface Settings/ IEEE 802.11b	Communication Mode
		SSID Setting
		Channel
		WEP (Encryption) Key
		Transmission Speed

Document Server (IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.)

Interface	Settings	
Ethernet	Interface Settings/ Network	Machine IPv4 Address
		IPv4 Gateway Address
		DNS Configuration
		DDNS Configuration
		Domain Name
		WINS Configuration
		LAN Type
		Ethernet Speed
		Effective Protocol
		NCP Delivery Protocol
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication
		Host Name

Interface	Settings		
IEEE 1394 (IPv4 over 1394)	Interface Settings/	IPv4 address	
	IEEE 1394	IPv4 over 1394	
		DDNS Configuration	
		WINS Configuration	
		Host Name	
		Domain Name	
	Interface Settings/ Network	IPv4 Gateway Address	
		DNS Configuration	
		Effective Protocol	
		NCP Delivery Protocol	
IEEE 802.11b (wireless LAN)	Interface Settings/ Network	Machine IPv4 Address	
		IPv4 Gateway Address	
		DNS Configuration	
		DDNS Configuration	
		Domain Name	
		WINS Configuration	
		LAN Type	
		Ethernet Speed	
		Effective Protocol	
		NCP Delivery Protocol	
		Permit SNMPv3 Communication	
		Permit SSL / TLS Communication	
		Host Name	
	Interface Settings/ IEEE 802.11b	Communication Mode	
		SSID Setting	
		Channel	
		WEP (Encryption) Key	
		Transmission Speed	

🔗 Note

- Depending on which optional units you have installed or the printer language you have selected, some options are not displayed.
- Depending on the security settings, you might not be able to set certain options.

Reference

For details, see "System Settings", General Settings Guide.

For details about copier features and system settings, see Copy Reference and General Settings Guide.

1. Using a Printer Server

Preparing Printer Server

This section explains how to configure the machine as a Windows network printer. The machine is configured to enabling network clients to use it. When the network printer is connected via SmartDevice-Monitor for Client, you can set the printing notification function to notify clients of the results of their print jobs.

∰Important

Under Windows 2000, Windows XP Professional, or Windows Server 2003, to change printer properties in the [Printer] folder, you need Printer Management access authentication; under Windows NT 4.0, Full Control access authentication. Log on to the file server as an Administrator or member of the PowerUsers group.

Open the [Printers] window from the [Start] menu.

The [Printers] window appears.

Under Windows XP or Windows Server 2003, **[Printer and Fax]** window appears.

2 Click the icon of the machine you want to use. On the [File] menu, click [Properties]. The printer properties appear.

On the [Sharing] tab, click [Shared As:].

To share the machine with users using a different version of Windows, click [Additional Drivers...].

If you have installed an alternative driver by selecting **[Share As:]** during the printer driver installation, this step can be ignored.

5 Click [OK], and then close the printer properties.

Printing notification via SmartDeviceMonitor for Client

Follow the procedure below to configure the machine to use the printing notification function of SmartDevice-Monitor for Client.

Setting the print server

∰Important

Under Windows 2000, Windows XP Professional, or Windows Server 2003, to change printer properties in the [Printer] folder, you need Printer Management access authentication; under Windows NT 4.0, Full Control access authentication. Log on to the file server as an Administrator or member of the PowerUsers group.

On the [Start] menu, point to [Programs], [DeskTopBinder], [SmartDeviceMonitor for Client], and then click [Print Server Setting].

The print server setting dialog box appears.

Select the [Notify client PCs of printout/data-transmission] check box, and then click [OK].

After print server setting is made, a dialog box appears. Confirm the dialog box content, and click **[OK]**.

Click **[Cancel]** to interrupt the procedure.

A dialog box appears for client setting.

Click [OK].

The print server setting is completed. Each client must be set to receive print notification.

🖉 Note

- Current printing jobs restart from the beginning after the spooler pauses briefly.
- When the expansion function is not used, the function is automatically set as available.
- If you log on using an account that does not have Administrator privileges, the client may not be notified.

Setting a Client

On the [Start] menu, point to [Program], [DeskTopBinder], [SmartDeviceMonitor for Client], and then click [Extended Features Settings].

A dialog box for setting the expansion function appears.

Select the [Notify of printout/datatransmission when using print server] check box.

Click [OK].

The client setting is completed.

🔗 Note

Set the printing notification function on the printer driver as well as on SmartDeviceMonitor for Client.

Using NetWare

This section describes the setting procedure for network printers in the NetWare environment. In the Net-Ware environment, you can connect the machine as a "print server" or "remote printer".

∰Important

□ IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.

Setting procedure

- When using the machine as a print server
 - Installing SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin
 - Setting the network interface board.
 - ③ Turning the machine off and then back on.
- When using the machine as a remote printer
 - Installing SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.
 - Setting the network interface board.
 - ③ Setting NetWare.
 - ④ Starting the print server.

🖉 Note

- This procedure assumes an environment is already prepared for normal NetWare running the printing service setting.
- □ The procedure is explained with the following example settings:
 - File server's name ... CAREE
 - Print server's name ... PSERV
 - Printer's name ...R-PRN
 - Queue nameR-QUEUE

Using SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin To use the machine in a NetWare environment, use SmartDevice-Monitor for Admin to set the Net-Ware printing environment.

🖉 Note

- The NetWare Client provided by Novell is required to set the printing environment using SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin under the following environments:
 - NDS mode in Windows 95/ 98/Me
 - NDS or Bindery mode in Windows 2000/XP, Windows NT 4.0

p.43 "Installing SmartDevice-Monitor for Admin"

Printers listed by SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin

SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin lists printers connected to the network. If you cannot identify the machine you want to configure, print configuration page, and then check the machine name.

Setting Up as a Print Server (NetWare 3.x)

Follow the procedure below to connect the machine as a print server using NetWare 3.x.

- Log on to the file server as a supervisor or supervisor equivalent.
- **Z** Start NIB Setup Tool from the [Start] menu.
- Click [Wizard], and then click [OK].

Select the printer you want to configure, and then click [Next].

A dialog box prompting you to perform the remaining configuration tasks in the Web browser appears. Click **[OK]**, and then wait until Web Image Monitor starts automatically.

5 Cick [Login].

A dialog box for entering the login user name and password appears.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Click [Configuration] in the left area, and then click [NetWare].

- Print Server Name: Enter the NetWare print server name. To use the interface board as a print server, enter the name of a print server that is not active on the file server. Use up to 47 characters.
- Logon Mode: Specify whether to designate a file server or NDS tree when logging on to Net-Ware.

- File Server Name: When a file server name is entered here, only the specified file server is searched for. This item is mandatory. Use up to 47 characters.
- NDS Tree: To enable NDS mode, enter the name of the NDS tree you want to log on to. Use up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
- NDS Context Name: To enable NDS mode, enter the print server context. Use up to 127 characters.
- Operation Mode: Specify whether to use the interface board as a print server or a remote printer.
- Remote Printer No.: This item is effective when the interface board is specified as a remote printer. Enter the same number as the number of the printer to be created on the print server (0 to 254 characters).
- Job Timeout: When the interface board is used as a NetWare remote printer, the printer cannot detect when a print job ends. Therefore, the printer terminates printing when a certain period of time has elapsed since it last received print data (i.e., when it has not received print data for a certain period of time). Specify here this period of time (3 to 255 seconds). The initial value is 15 (seconds).
- Frame Type: Select the frame type from the drop-down menu.
- Print Server Protocol: Select the protocol for NetWare from the drop-down menu.
- NCP Delivery Protocol: Select the protocol for NCP delivery.

Confirm the settings, and then click [OK].

Configuration is now complete. Wait several before restarting Web Image Monitor.

Click [Logout].

🖉 Note

□ To check the configuration is correct, enter the following from the command prompt:

F:> USERLIST

- □ If the printer works as configured, the name of the print server appears as a connected user.
- If you cannot identify the printer you want to configure, check the printer name against the configuration page printed from the printer. For details about printing a configuration page, see **Printer Reference**.
- If no printer names appear in the list, match the frame types of IPX/SPXs for the computer and printer. Use the [Network] dialog box of Windows to change the frame type of the computer.

Setting Up as a Print Server (NetWare 4.x, 5 / 5.1, 6 / 6.5)

Follow the procedure below to connect the machine as a print server using NetWare 4.x, NetWare 5 / 5.1, or NetWare 6 / 6.5.

Important

- When using the printer as a print server in NetWare 4.x, NetWare 5 / 5.1, or NetWare 6 / 6.5, set it to the NDS mode.
- □ When using NetWare 5 / 5.1 or NetWare 6 / 6.5, set the printer as a print server.
- Log on to the file server as an administrator or administrator equivalent.
- 2 Start NIB Setup Tool from the [Start] menu.
- Click [Wizard], and then click [OK].
- Select the printer you want to configure, and then click [Next].

A dialog box prompting you to perform the remaining configuration tasks in the Web browser appears. Click **[OK]**, and then wait until Web Image Monitor starts automatically.

5 Click [Login].

A dialog box for entering the login user name and password appears.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Click [Configuration] in the left area, and then click [NetWare].

Confirm the settings, and then click [OK].

Configuration is now complete. Wait several minutes before restarting Web Image Monitor.

Click [Logout].

Reference

p.26 "Setting Up as a Print Server (NetWare 3.x)"

Using Pure IP in the NetWare 5 / 5.1 or 6 / 6.5 Environment

Follow the procedure below to connect the machine as a print server in a pure IP environment of NetWare 5 / 5.1 or NetWare 6 / 6.5.

∰Important

- When creating a queued print server in a pure IP environment of Net-Ware 5 / 5.1 or NetWare 6 / 6.5, create a print queue on the file server using NetWare Administrator.
- This printer is not available as a remote printer for use in a pure IP environment.
- □ To use the printer in a pure IP environment, set it to IPv4.

Setting up using NWadmin

- **1** From Windows, start NWadmin. For details about NWadmin, see the NetWare manuals.
- 2 Select the object in which the print queue is located in the directory tree, and then click [Create] on the [Object] menu.
- In the [Class of new object] box, click [Print Queue], and then click [OK].
- In the [Print Queue Name] box, enter the name of the print queue.
- In the [Print Queue Volume] box, click [Browse].
- **1** In the [Available objects] box, click the volume in which the print queue is created, and then click [OK].
- Check the settings, and then click [Create].

- Select the object in which the printer is located, and then click [Create] on the [Object] menu.
- In the [Class of new object] box, click [Printer], and then click [OK]. For NetWare 5, click [Printer (Non NDPS)].
- In the [Printer name] box, enter the printer name.
- Select the [Define additional properties] check box, and then click [Create].
- Click [Assignments], and then click [Add] in the [Assignments] area.
- In the [Available objects] box, click the queue you created, and then click [OK].
- Click [Configuration], click [Parallel] in the [Printer type] list, and then click [Communication].
- Click [Manual load] in the [Communication type] area, and then click [OK].
- Check the settings, and then click [OK].
- Select a context specified using NIB Setup Tool, and then click [Create] on the [Object] menu.
- L In the [Class of new object] box, click [Print Server], and then click [OK]. For NetWare 5, click [Print Sever (Non NDPS)].
- In the [Print Server Name] box, enter the print server name.

Use the same print server name specified using NIB Setup Tool.

Select the [Define additional properties] check box, and then click [Create].

- Click [Assignments], and then click [Add] in the [Assignments] area.
- In the [Available objects] box, click the queue you created, and then click [OK].
- Check the settings, and then click [OK].

Setting up using NIB Setup Tool

- Log on to the file server as an administrator or administrator equivalent.
- 2 Start NIB Setup Tool from the [Start] menu.
- Click [Property Sheet], and then click [OK].
- Select the printer you want to configure, and then click [Next].

A dialog box prompting you to perform the remaining configuration tasks in the Web browser appears. Click **[OK]**, and then wait until Web Image Monitor starts automatically.

5 Click [Login].

A dialog box for entering the **[Login User Name]** and **[Login Password]** appears.

6 Enter the user login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login name and password, consult your network administrator.

Click [Configuration] in the left area, and then click [NetWare].

Confirm the settings, and then click [OK].

Configuration is now complete. Wait several minutes before restarting Web Image Monitor.

Click [Logout].

Reference

p.26 "Setting Up as a Print Server (NetWare 3.x)"

Setting Up as a Remote Printer (NetWare 3.x)

Follow the procedure below to use the machine as a remote printer under NetWare 3.x.

Setting up using PCONSOLE

1 Enter "PCONSOLE" from the command prompt.

F:> PCONSOLE

2 Create a print queue.

When using the existing print queue, go to the procedure for creating a printer.

- From the [Available Options] menu, select [Print Queue Information], and then press the [Enter] key.
- **4** Press [Insert] key, and then enter a print queue name.
- Deress [Esc] key to return to the [Available Options] menu.

6 Set up the network connection to a printer.

2 On the [Available Options] menu, click [Print Server Information], and then press the [Enter] key.

To create a new print server, press the [Insert] key, and then enter a print server name.

For a currently defined print server, select a print server in the **[Print Server]** list.

Use the same printer name specified using NIB Setup Tool.

From the [Print Server Information] menu, select [Print Server Configuration].

From the [Print Server Configuration] menu, select [Printer Configuration].

Select the printer indicated as [Not Installed].

Use the same printer number specified as the remote printer number using NIB Setup Tool.

U To change the printer name, enter a new name.

A name "printer x" is assigned to the printer. The "x" stands for the number of the selected printer.

As type, select [Remote Parallel, LPT1].

The IRQ, Buffer size, Starting form, and Queue service mode are automatically configured.

Press the [Esc] key, and then click [Yes] on the confirmation message.

Press the [Esc] key to return to [Print Server Configuration Menu].

- L Assign print queues to the created printer.
- From [Print Server Configuration Menu], select [Queues Serviced By Printer].
- **U** Select the printer created.

Press the [Insert] key to select a queue serviced by the printer.

You can select several queues.

Follow the instructions on the screen to make other necessary settings.

Following these steps, check that the queues are assigned.

Press the [Esc] key until "Exit?" appears, and then select [Yes] to exit PCONSOLE.

Start the print server by entering the following from the console of the NetWare server.

If the print server is in operation, quit and restart it.

✤ To quit

CAREE: unload pserver

To start

CAREE: load pserver print_server_name

- 🖉 Note
- If the printer works as configured, the message "Waiting for job" appears.

Setting up using NIB Setup Tool

- **1** Log on to the file server as a supervisor or supervisor equivalent.
- 2 Start NIB Setup Tool from the [Start] menu.
- Click [Property Sheet], and then click [OK].
- Select the printer you want to configure, and then click [Next].

A dialog box prompting you to perform the remaining configuration tasks in the Web browser appears. Click **[OK]**, and then wait until Web Image Monitor starts automatically.

5 Click [Login].

A dialog box for entering the **[Login User Name]** and **[Login Password]** appears.

6 Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Click [Configuration] in the left area, and then click [NetWare].

Confirm the settings, and then click [OK].

Configuration is now complete. Wait several minutes before restarting Web Image Monitor.

Click [Logout].

PReference

p.26 "Setting Up as a Print Server (NetWare 3.x)"

Setting Up as a Remote Printer (NetWare 4.x, 5 / 5.1, 6 / 6.5)

Follow the procedure below to use the printer as a remote printer under NetWare 4.x, 5 / 5.1 and 6 / 6.5.

∰Important

- To use the printer as a remote printer under NetWare 4.x, 5 / 5.1, 6 / 6.5, set it to NDS mode.
- Do not use the printer as a remote printer when Pure IP is used.

Setting up using NWadmin

1 From Windows, start NWadmin.

For details about NWadmin, see the NetWare manuals.

- 2 Set up the network connection to a print queue. Select the object in which the print queue is located in the directory tree, and then click [Create] on the [Object] menu.
- E In the [Class of new object] box, click [Print Queue], and then click [OK].

In the [Print Queue Name] box, enter the name of the print queue.

In the [Print Queue Volume] box, click [Browse].

- **1** In the [Available objects] box, click the volume in which the print queue is created, and then click [OK].
- Check the settings, and then click [Create].

- Set up the network connection to a printer. Select the object in which the printer is located, and then click [Create] on the [Object] menu.
- In the [Class of new object] box, click [Printer], and then click [OK]. For NetWare 5, click [Printer (Non NDPS)].
- In the [Printer name] box, enter the printer name
- Select the [Define additional properties] check box, and then click [Create].
- Assign print queues to the created printer. Click [Assignments], and then click [Add] in the [Assignments] area.
- Let In the [Available objects] box, click the queue you created, and then click [OK].
- Click [Configuration], click [Parallel] in the [Printer type] list, and then click [Communication].
- Click [Manual load] in the [Communication type] area, and then click [OK]. Check the settings, and then click [OK].
- U Set up the network connection to a print server. Select a context specified using NIB Setup Tool, and then click [Create] on the [Object] menu.
- In the [Class of new object] box, click [Print Server], and then click [OK]. For NetWare 5, click [Print Sever (Non NDPS)].
- L In the [Print Server Name:] box, enter the print server name.

Use the same print server name specified using NIB Setup Tool.

- Select the [Define additional properties] check box, and then click [Create].
- Assign the printer to the created print server. Click [Assignments], and then click [Add] in the [Assignments] area.
- In the [Available objects] box, click the queue you created, and then click [OK].
- In the [Printers] area, click the printer you assigned, and then click [Printer Number]
- Enter the printer number, and then click [OK]. Check the settings, and then click [OK].

Use the same printer number specified as the remote printer number using NIB Setup Tool.

Start the print server by entering the following from the console of the NetWare server.

If the print server is in operation, quit and restart it.

To exit

CAREE: unload pserver

To start

CAREE: load pserver print_server_name

- Enter the printer server name as the context name, and then press the [Enter] key.
- Select the printer name on the context menu, and then press the [Enter] key.

Setting up using NIB Setup Tool

- Log on to the file server as an administrator or administrator equivalent.
- **2** Start NIB Setup Tool from the [Start] menu.
- Click [Property Sheet], and then click [OK].
- Select the printer you want to configure, and then click [Next].

A dialog box prompting you to perform the remaining configuration tasks in the Web browser appears. Click **[OK]**, and then wait until Web Image Monitor starts automatically.

Click [Login].

A dialog box for entering the **[Login User Name]** and **[Login Password]** appears.

Enter the user login name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Click [Configuration] in the left area, and then click [NetWare].

Confirm the settings, and then click [OK].

Configuration is now complete. Wait several minutes before restarting Web Image Monitor.

Click [Logout].

Reference

p.26 "Setting Up as a Print Server (NetWare 3.x)"

2. Monitoring and Configuring the Printer

Using Web Image Monitor

Using Web Image Monitor, you can check the machine status and change settings.

* Available operations

The following operations can be remotely performed using Web Image Monitor from a client computer.

- Displaying machine status or settings
- Checking the print job status or history
- Checking, modifying, printing, or deleting print jobs stored in the Document Server
- Interrupting currently printing jobs
- Resetting the printer
- Managing the Address Book
- Making machine settings
- Making network protocol settings
- Making security settings

Configuring the machine

To perform the operations from Web Image Monitor, TCP/IP is required. After the machine is configured to use TCP/IP, operations from Web Image Monitor become available.

Recommended Web browser

- Windows: Internet Explorer 5.5 SP1 or higher Netscape Navigator 6.2 or higher
- Mac OS: Netscape Navigator 6.2 or higher Safari 1.0 or higher

Note

- □ To use Netscape Navigator with Secured Sockets Layer (SSL: an encryption protocol), use Netscape Navigator 7.0 or higher.
- □ Use Netscape Navigator 7.0 or higher with IPv6.
- □ Safari cannot be used on Mac OS X 10.4.1.
- □ If the previous versions of the Web browser above are used or JavaScript and cookies are not enabled with the Web browser used, display and operation problems may occur.
- □ If you are using a proxy server, change the Web browser settings. Contact your network administrator for information about the settings.
- □ The previous page may not appear even after the back button of a Web browser is clicked. If this happens, click the refresh button of a Web browser.
- □ Updating the machine information is not automatically performed. Click **[Refresh]** in the display area to update the machine information.
- **D** We recommend using Web Image Monitor in the same network.
- □ You cannot access to the machine from outside the firewall.
- □ When using the machine under DHCP, the IP address may be automatically changed by the DHCP server settings. Enable DDNS setting on the machine, and then connect using the machine's host name. Alternatively, set a static IP address to the DHCP server.
- □ If the HTTP port is disabled, connection to the machine using the machine's URL cannot be established. SSL setting must be enabled on this machine. For details, consult your network administrator.
- □ When using the SSL encryption protocol, enter "https://(printer's address)/". Internet Explorer must be installed on your computer. Use the most recent available version. We recommend Internet Explorer 6.0 or later.

Displaying Top Page

This section explains the Top Page and how to display Web Image Monitor.



1 Start your Web browser.

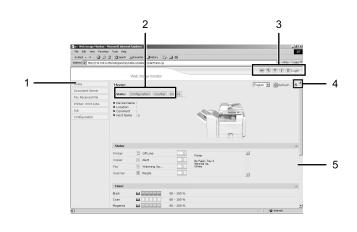
2 Enter "http://(machine's address)/" in the address bar of a Web browser.

Top Page of Web Image Monitor appears.

If the machine's host name has been registered on the DNS or WINS server, you can enter it.

When setting SSL, a protocol for encrypted communication, under environment which server authentication is issued , enter "https://(machine's address)/".

Every Web Image Monitor page is divided into the following areas:



1. Menu area

If you select menu, it's content will be shown on the work area, or the sub area.

2. Tab area

Details about each menu appears.

3. Header area

The dialog box for switching to the user mode and administrator mode appears, and each mode's menu will be displayed.

The link to help and dialog box for keyword search appears.

4. Display area

Displays the contents of the item selected in the menu area.

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Machine information in the display area is not automatically updated. Click [Refresh] at the upper right in the display area to update the machine information. Click the Web browser's [Refresh] button to refresh the entire browser screen.

5. Help

Use Help to view or download Help file contents.

🖉 Note

When using a host name under Windows Server 2003 with IPv6 protocol, perform host name resolution using an exrernal DNS server. The host file cannot be used.

When user authentication is set

Login (using Web Image Monitor)

Follow the procedure below to log on when user authentication is set.

Click [Login].

2 Enter a login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

🖉 Note

- □ For user code authentication, enter a user code in **[User Name]**, and then click **[OK]**.
- The procedure may differ depending on the Web browser used.

Log Off (using Web Image Monitor)

Click [Logout] to log off.

🖉 Note

□ When you log on and made the setting, always click **[Logout]**.

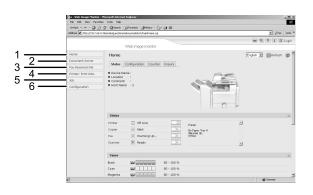
About Menu and Mode

There are two modes available with Web Image Monitor: user mode and administrator mode.

Displayed Items may differ depending on the machine type.

About User Mode

In the user mode, machine status, settings, and print job status can be viewed, but the machine settings cannot be changed.



1. Home

The **[Status]**, **[Configuration]**, **[Counter]**, and **[Inquiry]** tab are displayed. Details of the tab menu are displayed on the work area.

2. Document Server

Display files stored in the Document Server.

3. Fax Received File

Display received fax files.

4. Printer: Print Jobs

Allows you to display list of Sample Print, Locked Print, Hold Print, and Stored Print jobs.

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5. Job

Display all print files.

6. Configuration

Display current machine and network settings.

Administrator Mode

In the administrator mode, you can configure various machine settings.



1. Home

The **[Status]**, **[Configuration]**, **[Counter]**, and **[Inquiry]** tab are displayed. Details of the tab menu are displayed on the work area.

2. Document Server

Display files stored in the Document Server.

3. Printer: Print Jobs

Allows you to display list of Locked Print, Sample Print, Hold Print, and Stored Print jobs.

4. Job

Display all print files.

5. Address Book

User information can be registered, displayed, changed, and deleted.

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6. Configuration

Make system settings for the machine, interface settings, and security.

7. Reset Device

Click to reset the printer. If a print job is being processed, the printer will be reset after the print job is completed. This button is located on Top Page.

8. Reset Printer Job

Click to reset current print jobs and print jobs in queue. This button is located on Top Page.

Access in the Administrator Mode

Follow the procedure below to access Web Image Monitor in the administrator mode.

On Top Page, click [Login].

The window for entering the login user name and password appears.

2 Enter your login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Displaying Web Image Monitor Help

When using Help for the first time, clicking either **[Help]** in the header area or the icon marked "?" in the display area makes the following screen appear, in which you can view Help in two different ways, as shown below:

Viewing Help on our Web site

Downloading Help to your computer

Downloading and Checking Help

You can download Help to your computer. As the Help URL, you can specify the path to the local file to view the Help without connecting to the Internet.

🖉 Note

- □ By clicking **[Help]** in the header area, the contents of Help appear.
- By clicking "?", the Help icon in the display area, Help for the setting items in the display area appears.

Downloading Help

- In the [OS] list, select the operating system.
- **2** In the [Language] list, select the language.
- Click [Download].

- **4** Download Help by following the instructions on the screen.
- Store the downloaded compressed file in a location, and then decompress the file.

To view the downloaded Web Image Monitor Help, set the path to the location of the decompressed file.

Linking the URL of the Help File to the [Help] Button.

You can link the URL of the help file on a computer or Web server to the [Help] button.

1 Log on to Web Image Monitor in the administrator mode.

- 2 In the menu area, click [Configuration].
- Click [Webpage].

In the [Set Help URL Target] box, enter the URL of the help file.

If you saved the help file to "C:\HELP\EN", enter "file://C:/HELP/". For example, if you saved the file to a Web server, and the URL of the index file is "ht-tp:// a.b.c.d/HELP/EN/index.html", enter "http://a.b.c.d/HELP/".

Click [OK].

Using SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin

Using SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin, you can monitor the network printers. Also, you can change the configuration of the network interface board using TCP/IP or IPX/SPX.

∰Important

□ IPv6 cannnot be used on this function.

- Protocol stack provided with Operating System
 - Windows 95/98/Me TCP/IP IPX/SPX NetWare
 NetWare Client32 for Windows 95 IntraNetWare Client for Windows 95
 Novell Client for Windows 95/98/Me
 - Windows 2000 TCP/IP IPX/SPX NetWare Novell Client for Windows NT/2000/XP
 - Windows Server 2003 TCP/IP IPX/SPX
 - Windows XP TCP/IP IPX/SPX Novell Client for Windows NT/2000/XP
 - Windows NT 4.0 TCP/IP IPX/SPX Client Service for NetWare NetWare Client32 for Windows NT IntraNetWare Client for Windows NT Novell Client for Windows NT/2000/XP

Available operations

The following functions are available:

- Limits settings done from the control panel, and disables changes made to certain items.
- Enables selection of paper type loaded in the machine.
- Switches to, and comes out of Energy Saver mode.
- Checks information about printing, paper quantity, etc.
- Simultaneously monitors multiple printers. When there are many printers, you can create groups and classify printers to facilitate management.
- Checks the machine's network settings and detailed device information.
- Enables you to change the machine's network settings.
- You can check details of print jobs sent from a computer.
- Allows you to check job histories of printed, faxed (LAN-Fax), scanned, and photocopied documents identified by user codes.
- Allows selection of functions such as printing and scanning for each user code.
- Fax numbers and e-mail addresses stored in the machine can be changed and saved by computer.
- You can check each fax job history entry.
- You can make settings for and display the status changes of group devices.

- Using Address Management Tool, you can manage LAN-Fax numbers, user names for Scan to Folder, and addresses for sending and receiving Internet faxes.
- The e-mail sender's name and folder can be protected.

Installing SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin

Follow the procedure below to install SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin

1 Quit all applications currently running.

2 Insert the CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive.

The installer starts.

Select an interface language, and then click [OK].

The following languages are available: Czech, Danish, German, English, Spanish, French, Italian, Hungarian, Dutch, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Finnish, Swedish, Chinese Simple and Chinese Traditional.

Click [SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin].

5 Click [Next >].

The software license agreement appears in the **[License Agreement]** dialog box.

After reading through its contents, click [Next >].

1 Follow the instructions on the screen.

A message appears when the installation is completed.

Click [OK].

A message about restarting the computer may appear. Restart the computer to complete installation.

🖉 Note

- Auto Run may not work under certain operating system settings. In this case, launch "Setup.exe" located on the CD-ROM root directory.
- If you are required to restart the computer after installing Smart-DeviceMonitor for Admin, restart the computer and continue the configuration.

Changing the Network Interface Board Configuration

Follow the procedure below to change the network interface board configuration using SmartDevice-Monitor for Admin.

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

In the list, select a machine whose configuration you want to change.

On the [Tools] menu, click [NIB Setup Tool].

A Web browser opens and the window for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

NIB Setup Tool starts when the network interface board is default. Click **[Web Browser]**, and then click **[OK]**.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Configure settings using Web Image Monitor.

U Quit Web Image Monitor.

B Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

Reference

p.35 "Using Web Image Monitor"

Locking the Menus on the Machine's Control Panel

Follow the procedure below to lock the menus on the machine's control panel.

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

3 Select a machine.

4 On the [Tools] menu, point to [Device Settings], and then click [Lock Operation Panel Menu].

A Web browser opens and the window for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

5 Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the user name and password, consult your network administrator.

The **[System]** page of Web Image Monitor appears. Enter required setting items.

6 Quit Web Image Monitor.

2 Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

🔗 Note

For details about setting items, see Help in the [General Settings] on [Configuration] page.

Changing the Paper Type

Follow the procedure below to change the paper type.

Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

U In the list, select a machine whose configuration you want to change.

On the [Tools] menu, point to [Device Settings], and then click [Select Paper Type].

A Web browser opens and the window for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

5 Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

The **[Paper]** page appears.

Select a paper type in the [Paper Type] list for each tray.Enter required setting items.

G Quit Web Image Monitor.

2 Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

Note 🖉

□ For details about setting items, see Help in the [General Settings] on [Configuration] page.

Managing User Information

Follow the procedure below to manage the user's information using SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

Prints jobs can be managed and functions restricted by user codes.

Starting User Management Tool

Follow the procedure below to start User Management Tool.

Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

1 In the list, select a machine you want to manage.

On the [Tools] menu, click [User Management Tool].

The dialog box for entering the login user name and password appears.

Enter the user name and password, and then click [OK].

For details about the user name and password, consult your network administrator.

User Management Tool starts.

🖉 Note

□ For details about User Management Tool, see SmartDevice-Monitor for Admin Help.

2

Displaying the Number of Sheets Printed

Follow the procedure below to display the number of sheets printed under each user code.

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin User Management Tool.

2 Click the [User Counter Information] tab of User Management Tool.

The number of pages printed under each user code appears.

Click [Exit] on the [Files] menu to quit User Management Tool.

Exporting the information about the number of pages printed

Follow the procedure below to export the information of the number of pages printed under each user code as a .csv file.

Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin User Management Tool.

2 Click the [User Counter Information] tab of User Management Tool.

On the [Files] menu, click [Export User Statistics List].

4 Specify the save location and file name, and then click [Save].

Click [Exit] on the [Files] menu to quit User Management Tool.

Resetting the number of pages printed to 0.

Follow the procedure below to reset the number of pages printed under each user code to 0.

- **1** Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin User Information Management Tool.
- **2** Click the [User Counter Information] tab of User Management Tool.
- **U** Click the user whose information you want to reset.
- 4 On the [Edit] menu, click [Reset User Counters].
- Select the check box of the items you want to reset, and then click [OK].

A confirmation message appears.

Click [OK].

The number of pages printed is reset to 0.

7 On the [Edit] menu, click [Apply Settings].

Changes are applied to information on the **[User Counter Information]** tab.

Click [Exit] on the [Files] menu to quit User Management Tool.

Restricting Functions

Follow the procedure below to restrict use of individual functions. Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin User Management Tool. **2** Click the [User Counter Information] tab of User Management Tool. E Click the user whose functions vou want to restrict. On the [Edit] menu of User Management Tool, click [Restrict Access To Device]. **D** Select the check box of the functions you want to restrict. Click [OK]. A confirmation message appears. Click [Yes]. The settings are applied.

Setting Applicable Functions to New Users

Follow the procedure below to add new users and set functions applicable to them.

- Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin User Management Tool.
- Click the [Access Control List:] tab of User Management Tool.
- On the [Edit] menu, click [Adds New User1.

Enter the user code and user name.

b Select the check box of the functions applicable to the new user.

If the check boxes are unavailable, there is no restriction to use that function.

Click [OK].

The new user is added.

On the [Edit] menu, click [Apply Settings].

The settings are applied.

Click [Exit] on the [Files] menu to quit User Management Tool.

Note 🖉

□ For details about setting restrictions, see SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin Help.

2

Configuring the Energy Saver Mode

Follow the procedure below to configure Energy Saver mode.

Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Yes], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

Select the machine whose settings you want to make.

To make settings for all machines in the selected group, select no machine.

On the [Group:] menu, point to [Energy Saver Mode], point to [Set Individually] to make the settings for only the selected machine or point to [Set By Group] to make the settings for all machines in the selected group, and then click [On] or [Off].

5 Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

🖉 Note

For details about the setting for Energy Saver mode, see Smart-DeviceMonitor for Admin Help.

Setting a Password

Follow the procedure below to set a password.

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

E In the list, select a machine whose configuration you want to change.

On the [Tools] menu, click [NIB Setup Tool].

A Web browser opens and the dialog box for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

NIB Setup Tool starts when the network interface board is default. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the user name and password, consult your network administrator.

- Click [Configuration].
- **2** Click [Program / Change Administrator] on the [Device Settings] area, and then change the settings.
- **U**Quit Web Image Monitor.

Duit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

Checking the Machine Status

Follow the procedure below to check machine status.

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

• To obtain status details, select the machine in the list, and then click [Open] on the [Device] menu.

The machine status appears in the dialog box.

Click [System] or [Printer].

The machine status appears in the dialog box.

5 Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

🔗 Note

For details about items in the dialog box, see SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin Help.

Changing Names and Comments

Follow the procedure below to change the names and comments of the machine.

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

Select a machine in the list, and then click [NIB Setup Tool] on the [Tools] menu.

A Web browser opens and the window for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

NIB Setup Tool starts when the network interface board is default. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Click [Configuration].

Click [System] on the [Device Settings] area., and then change the settings.

2 Quit Web Image Monitor.

8 Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

🖉 Note

- In the [Device Name] box, enter a device name on the machine using up to 31 characters.
- □ In the **[Comment]** box, enter a comment on the machine using up to 31 characters.

Load Fax Journal

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

Select a machine in the list, and then click [Load Fax Journal] on the [Tools] menu.

A Web browser opens and the window for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

4 Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Load Fax Journal area appears in the Web Image Monitor.

D Quit Web Image Monitor.

6 Quit SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

🖉 Note

□ For details, see Help in **[Load Fax Journal]** area.

Viewing and Deleting Spool **Print Jobs**

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click [TCP/IP], [IPX/SPX] or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

3 Select a machine in the list, and then click [Spool Printing Job List(Printer)] on the [Tools] menu.

A Web browser opens and the dialog box for entering the login user name and password for the Web Image Monitor administrator appears.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [Login].

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

Spool Printing Job List appears in the Web Image Monitor.

To delete the Spool Printing Job, select the document you want to delete and then click [Delete].

Note 🖉

- □ To display Spool Printing Job List, spool must be set to [Ena**ble]** on Web Image Monitor in advance.
- □ For details, see Help in theSpool Printing Job List area.

Managing Address Information

1 Start SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin.

2 On the [Group:] menu, point to [Search Device], and then click IPX/SPX or [TCP/IP SNMPv3].

A list of machines using the selected protocol appears.

Select the protocol of the machine whose configuration you want to change.

If you are using TCP/IP SNMP v3, enter the user authentication.

3 Select a machine in the list, and then click [Address Management Tool]on the [Tools] menu.

The dialog box for entering the login user name and password appears.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click [OK].

Address Management Tool starts.

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

🔗 Note

□ For details, see Address Management Tool Help.

Using SmartDeviceMonitor for Client

To view the status of machines using SmartDeviceMonitor for Client, configure SmartDeviceMonitor for Client beforehand.

Monitoring Printers

Follow the procedure below to monitor the machine using SmartDevice-Monitor for Client.

Right-click the SmartDeviceMonitor for Client icon, point to [Properties], and then click [Option...].

The **[SmartDeviceMonitor for Client - Options]** dialog box appears.

Select the machine you want to monitor, and then select the [To Be Monitored] check box in the Monitoring Information Settings area.

To display the machine status in the task tray using the SmartDeviceMonitor for Client icon, select the **[Displayed on Task Bar]** check box.

Click [OK].

The dialog box closes and the configured machine is monitored.

🔗 Note

For details about status icons, see SmartDeviceMonitor for Client Help.

Checking the Machine Status

Follow the procedure below to check machine status using SmartDevice-Monitor for Client.

1 For status details, right-click the SmartDeviceMonitor for Client icon, and then click the machine.

The machine status appears in the dialog box.

Solution Note

For details about items in the dialog box, see SmartDeviceMonitor for Client Help.

When Using IPP with SmartDeviceMonitor for Client

When using IPP with SmartDevice-Monitor for Client, note the following:

- The network printer can only receive one print job from SmartDeviceMonitor for Client at a time. While the network printer is printing, another user cannot access it until the job is finished. In this case, SmartDeviceMonitor for Client tries to access the network printer until the retry interval expires.
- If SmartDeviceMonitor for Client cannot access the network printer and times out, it will stop sending the print job. In this case, you should cancel the paused status from the print queue window. SmartDeviceMonitor for Client will resume access to the network printer. You can delete the print job from the print queue window, but canceling a print job printed by the network printer might cause the next job sent from another user to be incorrectly printed.
- If a print job sent from SmartDeviceMonitor for Client is interrupted and the network printer cancels the job because something went wrong, send the print job again.
- Print jobs sent from another computer do not appear in the print queue window, regardless of protocol.
- If various users send print jobs using SmartDeviceMonitor for Client to network printers, the printing order might not be the same as that in which the jobs were sent.

- An IP address cannot be used for the IPP port name because the IP address is used for the SmartDeviceMonitor for Client port name.
- When setting SSL, a protocol for encrypted communication, under environment which server authentication is issued, enter "https://(machine's address)/". Internet Explorer must be installed on your computer. Use the highest version. Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher is recommended.
- If the **[Security Alert]** dialog box appears when accessing the machine using IPP to create or configure an IPP port, or when printing, install the certificate. To select the certificate store location when using Certificate Import Wizard, click **[Place all certificates in the following store]**, and then click **[Local Computer]** under **[Trusted Root Certification Authorities]**.

🖉 Note

For details about SSL settings, consult your network administrator. 2

Printer Status Notification by E-Mail

Whenever a paper tray becomes empty or paper is jammed, an e-mail alert is issued to the registered addresses to notify the printer status.

For this notification, you can make the e-mail notification settings.

Notification timing and e-mail content can be set.

You can be notified of the following events:

- Service call.
- Toner cartridge is empty.
- Toner cartridge is nearly empty.
- Waste toner bottle (waste toner ink tank) is full.
- Waste toner bottle (waste toner ink tank) is nearly full.
- Stapler has no staples.
- Punch dust is full
- Paper has jammed.
- Open door is detected.
- The paper tray is empty.
- The paper tray is nearly empty.
- A paper tray error occurred.
- Output paper tray is full.
- Unit connection error.
- Duplex unit error.
- Hard disk drive is full.

🖉 Note

- □ When the service call is set, follwing call results can be sent.
 - Failure automatic call success
 - Failure automatic call out of time
 - Failure automatic call failure
 - Consumable automatic call success
 - Consumable automatic call success
 - Remote machine check failure
 - Firmware update confirmed
- Other call results can be displayed, depending on the machine type.
- □ For details about the service call, contact your service or sales representative.
- On the [Administrator Tools] menu, set [Notify Machine Status] to [On] using the control panel.

The default is [On].

2 Open a Web browser, and then enter "http://(machine's address)/" in the address bar.

Top Page of Web Image Monitor appears.

When setting SSL, a protocol for encrypted communication, under environment which server authentication is issued , enter "https://(machine's address)/".

Click [Login] on Top Page of Web Image Monitor.

The window for entering the login user name and password appears.

Enter the login user name and password, and then click Login.

For details about the login user name and password, consult your network administrator.

In the menu area, click [Configuration].

Click [E-mail] on the [Device Settings] area.

2 Make the following settings:

- Items in the Reception column: Make the necessary settings for sending and receiving e-mail.
- Items in the SMTP column: Configure the SMTP server. Check your mailing environment, and then specify the necessary items. You can also perform mail authentication for the SMTP server.
- Items in the POP before SMTP column: Configure the POP server. Check your mailing environment, and then specify the necessary items. You can also perform mail authentication for the POP server.
- Items in the POP3/IMAP4 column: Configure the POP3 or IMAP4 server. Check your mailing environment, and then specify the necessary items.
- Items in the E-mail Reception Port column: Configure the port to be used for access to the mail server.
- Items in the E-mail Notification column: Items in the E-Mail Notification Account column: Specify these items if you want to use on-demand e-mail notification.

Auto E-mail Notification

Click [Configuration] in the menu area, and then click [Auto E-mail Notification] on the [Device Settings] area.

The dialog box for making notification settings appears.

2 Make the following settings:

- Items in Notification Message column: You can set this according to your needs, for example, the machine's location, service representative contact information.
- Items in the Groups to Notify column: E-mail notification addresses can be grouped as required.
- Items in the Select Groups/Items to Notify column: Select groups for each notification type, such as machine status and error. To make detailed settings for these items, click [Edit] next to [Detailed Settings of Each Item].
- Click [OK].
- 4 Click [Logout].
- **5** Quit Web Image Monitor.

Click [OK].

55

2

On-demand E-mail Notification

Click [Configuration] in the menu area, and then click [On-demand Email Notification] on the [Device Settings] area.

The dialog box for making notification settings appears.

2 Make the following settings:

- Notification Subject: Enter a text string to be added to the subject line of return e-mails.
- Items in Notification Message column: You can set this according to your needs, for example, the machine's location, service representative contact information.
- Items in the Access Restriction to Information column: Select whether to restrict accesses based on a specific category of information.
- Items in the Receivable E-mail Address/Domain Name Settings column: Enter an e-mail address or domain name to use for requesting information by email and to receive its return email.

Click [OK].

- Click [Logout].
- **D** Quit Web Image Monitor.

Mail authentication

You can configure mail authentication to prevent illegal use of the mail server.

SMTP Authentication

Specify SMTP authentication. When mail is sent to the SMTP server, authentication is performed using the SMTP AUTH protocol by prompting the mail originator to enter the user name and password.This prevents illegal use of the SMTP server.

- ① In the menu area, click [E-mail]
- ② Make the following settings:
 - SMTP Authentication: Enable or disable SMTP authentication.
 - SMTP Auth. E-mail Address: Enter the e-mail address.
 - SMTP Auth. User Name: Enter the SMTP account name.
 - SMTP Auth. Password: To set or change the password for SMTP AUTH.
 - SMTP Auth. Encryption: Select whether to encrypt the password or not.

[Encryption]-[Auto Select]: If the authentication method is PLAIN, LOGIN, CRAM-MD5, or DIGEST-MD5. [Encryption]-[Enable]: If the authentication method is CRAM-MD5 or DIGEST-MD5.

[Encryption]-[Disable]: If the authentication method is PLAIN or LOGIN.

- ③ Click [OK]
- ④ Click [Logout].
- Quit Web Image Monitor.

POP before SMTP Authentication

Select whether to log on to the POP3 server before sending email.

- ① In the menu area, click [E-mail].
- ② Make the following settings:
 - POP before SMTP: Enable or disable POP before SMTP.
 - POP E-mail Address: Enter the e-mail address.
 - POP User Name: Enter the POP account name.
 - POP Password: To set or change the POP password.
 - Timeout setting after POP Auth.: Enter the time available before connecting to the SMTP server after logging on to the POP server.
- 3 Click **[OK]**.
- ④ Click [Logout].
- ⑤ Quit Web Image Monitor.

On-demand E-mail Notification

To use on-demand e-mail notification, perform the following configuration tasks in Web Image Monitor.

- ① In the menu area, click **[E-mail]**.
- ② Make the following settings:
 - E-mail Notification E-mail Address: Enter the address using alphanumeric characters.
 - Receive E-mail Notification: Specify whether to use on-demand e-mail notification.
 - E-mail Notification User Name: Enter the administrator's user name as the mail originator name.
 - E-mail Notification Password: Enter the password of the mail notification user.
- 3 Click **[OK]**.
- ④ Click [Logout].
- ⑤ Quit Web Image Monitor.
- Format of on-demand e-mail messages To use mail notification, you need to send an on-demand e-mail message to this machine.

Using your mail software, enter the following:

Item	Description
Subject (Referred to as Subject)	Enter a request re- garding the de- vice.For details, see thetable below.
From (Referred to as From)	Specify a valid mail address. Th- edevice informa- tion willbe sent to the address speci- fied here.

🖉 Note

- □ A mail message must be within 1 MB in size.
- E-mail may be incomplete if sent immediately after power on.

Subject field

Format: devicestatus?parametername=parameter[&=parameter][&=parameter]...

🖉 Note

- □ The Subject field is case-insensitive.
- Parameter names can be written in any order.

Coding example	Action
devicestatus?re- quest=syscon- fig&format=text&l ang=en	The device's sys- tem configuration- information will be sentin an English text format.
devicestatus?re- quest=sysconfig	The device's sys- tem configuration- information will be sentin a preset for- mat and language.

Subject field coding examples

Parameters

Parameter	Meaning	Default
request	Informa- tion to be obtained	Mandatory
format	Mail format	Mail will be sent in the format pre- setfor each mail ad- dress.
lang	Language for mail body	Mail will be sent in the languagep- reset for each mail address.

Parameters specifying the information to be obtained

Information to be obtained	Parameter
System configura- tion information	sysconfig
Network configu- ration information	netconfig
Printer configura- tion information	prtconfig
Supplies informa- tion	supply
Device status in- formation	status

Parameters specifying the mail format

Mail format	Parameter
Text	text
HTML	html
XML	xml

🖉 Note

HTML and XML can be seleceted for subject field, but output is text only.

Parameters that specify the language for mail bodies

Language	Parameter
Japanese	ja
English	en

Remote Maintenance by telnet

∰Important

- Remote Maintenance should be password-protected so that access is allowed to administrators only.
- The password is the same as the one of Web Image Monitor administrator. When the password is changed using "mshell", other passwords change also.
- □ Some command cannot be set depending on the model type.

Using telnet

Follow the procedure below to use telnet.

∰Important

Only one user at a time can log on to perform remote maintenance.

1 Use the IP address or the host name of the machine to start telnet.

% telnet IP_address

2 Enter your user name and password.

For details about the user name and password, consult your network administrator.

For user authentication, enter a login user name and password.

For user code authentication, enter a user code in User Name.

Enter a command.

- 4 Quit telnet.
 - msh> logout

The configuration message about saving the changes appears.

Enter "yes" to save the changes, and then press the [Enter] key.

If you do not want to save the changes, enter "no", and then press the **[Enter]** key. To make further changes, enter "return" at the command line, and then press the **[Enter]** key.

🖉 Note

- If the message "Can not write NVRAM information" appears, the changes are not saved. Repeat the procedure above.
- □ When the changes are saved, the network interface board is reset automatically with that changes.
- When the network interface board resets, the print job in print process will be printed. However, print jobs in queue will be canceled.

access

Use the "access" command to view and configure access control. You can also specify two or more access ranges.

View settings

msh> access

IPv4 Configuration

msh> access ☆ range "start-address end-address″

• The star mark represents a target number between 1 and 5. (Up to five access ranges can be registered and selected.)

Example: to specify accessible IPv4 addresses between 192.168.0.10 and 192.168.0.20:

msh> access 1 range 192.168.
0.10 192.168.0.20

IPv6 Configuration

msh> access ☆ range6 "start-address end-address″

• The star mark represents a target number between 1 and 5. (Up to five access ranges can be registered and selected.)

Example: to specify accessible IPv6 addresses between 2001:DB8::100 and 2001:DB8::200.

msh> access 1 range6 2001:DB8::100 2001:DB8::200

IPv6 access mask Configuration

msh> access ☆ mask6 »baseaddress prefixlen″

• The star mark represents a target number between 1 and 5. (Up to five access ranges can be registered and selected.)

Example: to specify accessible IPv6 addresses to 2001:DB8::/32

msh> access 1 mask6 2001: DB8:: 32

Access control initialization

msh> access flush

• Use the "flush" command to restore the default settings so that all access ranges become "0.0.0.0" for IPv4, and "::" for IPv6.

🖉 Note

- The access range restricts computers from use of the machine by IP address. If you do not need to restrict printing, make the setting "0.0.0.0" for IPv4, and "::" for IPv6.
- Valid ranges must be from lower (start address) to higher (end address).
- □ If you are running IPv4 or IPv6, up to five access ranges can be registered and selected.
- □ IPv6 can register and select the range and the mask for each access ranges.
- □ IPv6 mask ranges between 1 128 can be selected.
- □ Up to five access ranges can be specified. The entry is invalid if the target number is omitted.
- You cannot send print jobs, or access Web Image Monitor and diprint from a restricted IP address.

2

appletalk

Use the "appletalk" command to view and configure Appletalk parameters.

View settings

msh> appletalk

- [2] means "active" and [0] means "inactive".
- The default is [2].
- Changing PAP timeout configuration

msh> appletalk ptimeout value > 0

• Timeout value becomes effective.

msh> appletalk ptimeout value = 0

• Timeout value becomes ineffective.

authfree

Use the "msh> set bonjour" command to display and configure authentication exclusion control settings.

View Settings

msh> authfree

If print job authentication exclusion is not set, authentication exclusion control cannot be displayed.

IPv4 address settings

msh> authfree "ID" range_ addr1 range_addr2

IPv6 address settings

```
msh> authfree "ID" range6_
addr1 range6_addr2
```

IPv6 address mask settings

msh> authfree "ID" mask6_ addr1 masklen

Parallel/USB settings

msh> authfree [parallel|
usb] [on|off]
To enable authfree, set to "on". To
disable authfree, set to "off".
Always specify the interface.

 Authentication exclusion control initialization

msh> authfree flush

🖉 Note

□ For IPv4 and IPv6, up to five access ranges can be registered and selected.

autonet

Use the "autonet" command to configure AutoNet parameters.

View settings

The following command displays the current AutoNet settings:

msh> autonet

Configuration

You can configure AutoNet settings.

msh> autonet {on|off}

- {on} means "active" and {off} means "inactive".
- Current interface priority configuration display

msh> autonet priority

Interface priority configuration

msh> autonet priority "interface_name"

- You can give interface's AutoNet parameter priority.
- Priority settings are available when multiple interfaces are installed.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

🖉 Note

- □ If an interface is not selected, the current interface connection settings remain in effect.
- □ For details about AutoNet, refer to autonet parameters.

bonjour(rendezvous)

Use the "bonjour(rendezvous)" command to display bonjour(rendezvous)-related settings.

✤ View settings

Bonjour settings are displayed.

msh> bonjour

Bonjour service name setting

You can specify the bonjour service name.

msh> bonjour cname "computer name"

• The computer name can be entered using up to 63 alphanumeric characters.

Bonjour Installation location information setting

You can enter information about the location where the printer is installed.

msh> bonjour location "location"

• Information about location can be entered using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.

Setting order of priority for each protocol

• diprint

msh> bonjour diprint [0-99]

• lpr

msh> bonjour lpr [0-99]

• ipp

msh> bonjour ipp [0–99] You can specify the order of priority for "diprint", "lpr", and "ipp". Smaller numbers indicate higher priority.

2

✤ IP TTL setting

msh> bonjour ip ttl {1-255} You can specify the IP TTL (the number of routers a packet can pass through).

🖉 Note

□ The default is 255.

Resetting the computer name and location information

You can reset the computer name and location information.

msh> bonjour clear {cname | location}

• cname

Reset the computer name. The default computer name will be displayed when the computer is restarted.

 location Reset the location information. The previous location information will be deleted.

✤ Interface configuration

msh> bonjour linklocal "interface_name"

- If many types of interface are installed, configure the interface that communicates with linklocal address.
- If you do not specify an interface, the Ethernet interface is automatically selected.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

btconfig

Use the "btconfig" command to make Bluetooth settings.

View settings

Bluetooth settings are displayed.

msh> btconfig

Mode settings

You can set the Bluetooth operation mode to {private} or {public}.

msh> btconfig {private | public}

• The default is {public}.

devicename

Use the "devicename" command to display and change the printer name.

View settings

msh> devicename

Printer name configuration

msh> devicename name
"string"

- Enter a printer name using up to 31 alphanumeric characters.
- Set single names for each printer.

Printer name initialization

msh> devicename clear name

• Reset the printer name to its default.

dhcp

Use the "dhcp" command to configure DHCP settings.

View settings

The following command displays the current DHCP settings.

msh> dhcp

Configuration

You can configure DHCP.

msh> dhcp "interface_name" {on|off}

- Click {on} to enable dhcp. Click {off} to disable DHCP.
- If the DNS server address and domain name are obtained from DHCP, be sure to click {on}.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11 interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11 inter- face

 Current interface priority configuration display

msh> dhcp priority

Interface priority configuration

msh> dhcp priority "interface _name"

- You can select which interface has DHCP parameter priority.
- Priority settings are available when multiple interfaces are installed.

DNS server address selection

msh> dhcp dnsaddr {dhcp | static}

- Specify whether to obtain the DNS server address from the DHCP server or use the address set by a user.
- To obtain the DNS server address from the DHCP server, specify "dhcp". To use the address set by a user, specify "static".

Domain name selection

msh> dhcp domainname {dhcp | static}

- Specify whether to obtain the domain name from the DNS server or use the domain name set by a user.
- To obtain the domain name from the DHCP server, specify "dhcp". To use the domain name set by a user, specify "static".

p.119 "Using DHCP" p.65 "dns" p.67 "domainname"

diprint

The direct printing port enables direct printing from a network-connected computer.

Use the "diprint" command to change direct printing port settings.

View settings

The following command displays the current direct printing port settings:

msh> diprint

Example output:

port 9100 timeout=300(sec) bidirect on con multi apl async

- The "port" specifies the port number of the direct printing port.
- The "bidirect" setting indicates whether the direct printing port is bidirectional or not.

Setting timeout

msh> diprint timeout [30~ 65535]

- You can specify the timeout interval to use when the printer is expecting data from the network.
- The default is 300 seconds.
- Specifying the number of concurrent connections

msh> diprint con {multi | single}

- The above command specifies the number of concurrent diprint connections. Specify "multi" for multiple connections or "single" for a single connection.
- The default is "multi".

dns

Use the "dns" command to configure or display DNS (Domain Name System) settings.

View settings

The following command displays current DNS settings:

msh> dns

IPv4 DNS server configuration

The following command enables or disables the IPv4 DNS server address:

msh> dns "number" server "server address"

The following command displays a configuration using the IP address 192.168.15.16 on a DNS 1 server:

msh> dns 1 server 192.168. 15.16

- You can register IPv4 DNS Server address.
- You can register up to three IPv4 DNS server numbers.
- You cannot use "255.255.255.255" as the DNS server address.

IPv6 DNS server configuration

The following command enables or disables the IPv4 DNS server address:

msh> dns "number" server6 "server address"

- You can register IPv6 DNS Server address.
- You can register up to three IPv6 DNS server numbers.

Dynamic DNS function setting

msh> dns ``interface_name" ddns {on|off}

- You can set the dynamic DNS function "active" or "inactive".
- {on} means "active" and {off} means "inactive".
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

Specifying the record overlap operation msh> dns overlap {update|add}

- You can specify operations performed when records overlap.
- update To delete old records and register new records.
- add To add new records and store the old records.
- When CNAME overlaps, it is always changed, irrespective of settings.

CNAME registration

msh> dns cname {on|off}

- You can specify whether to register CNAME.
- {on} means "active" and {off} means "inactive".
- The CNAME registered is the default name beginning with rnp. CNAME cannot be changed.

* A records registration

msh> dns arecord {dhcp|own}

- {dhcp} You can specify the method of registering an A record when the dynamic DNS function is enabled and DHCP is used.
- {own}

To register an A record using the printer as the DNS client. The DNS server address and the domain name already designated are used for the registration.

Record updating interval settings

msh> dns interval "time"

- You can specify the interval after which records are updated when using the dynamic DNS function.
- The updating interval is specified hourly. It can be entered between 1 and 255 hours.
- The default is 24 hours.

domainname

Use the "domainname" command to display or configure the domain name settings.

You can configure the Ethernet interface, IEEE 1394 interface, or IEEE 802.11b interface.

View settings

The following command displays the current domain name:

msh> domainname

Interface domain configuration

msh> domainname
 "interface_name"

Setting the Domain Name

msh> domainname ``interface _name" name ``domain name"

- A domain name can be entered using up to 63 alphanumeric characters.
- The Ethernet interface and IEEE 802.11b interface will have the same domain name.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface	Interface set
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

Deleting the Domain Name

msh> domainname ``interface _name" clear name

help

Use the "help" command to display the available command list and the procedures for using those commands.

Command list display

msh> help

 Display of procedure for using commands

msh> help "command_name"

hostname

Use the "hostname" command to change the printer name.

View settings

msh> hostname

IPv4 Configuration

msh> hostname "interface
_name " "printer_name"

- Enter the printer name using up to 63 alphanumeric characters.
- You cannot use a printer name beginning "RNP" (in either upper or lower case).
- The Ethernet interface and IEEE 802.11b interface will have the same printer name.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.

• wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

Initializing the printer name for each interface

msh>hostname "interface
_name" clear name

ifconfig

Use the "ifconfig" command to view and configure TCP/IP (IP address, subnet mask, broadcast address, default gateway address) for the printer.

✤ View settings

msh> ifconfig

IPv4 Configuration

msh> ifconfig ``interface
_name" ``parameter" ``address"

- If you did not enter an interface name, it is automatically set to the Ethernet interface.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.

• wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet Interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 Inter- face
wlan	IEEE 802.11b Inter- face

The following explains how to configure an IPv4 address 192.168.15.16 on Ethernet interface.

msh> ifconfig ether 192.168.
15.16

IPv6 Configuration

msh> ifconfig ether inet6
interface_name " "printer
_name"

The following explains how to configure a IPv6 address to 2001:DB8::100 with prefix length 64 on the Ethernet interface.

msh> ifconfig ether inet6
2001:DB8::100 64

Netmask configuration

msh> ifconfig "interface _**name" netmask "address"** The following explains how to configure a subnet mask 255.255.255.0 on Ethernet interface.

msh> ifconfig ether netmask 255.255.255.0

Broadcast address configuration

msh> ifconfig "interface
_name" broadcast "address"

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Changing the Interface

msh> ifconfig "interface" up

• You can specify either the Ethernet interface or IEEE 802.11b interface when using the optional IEEE 802.11b interface unit.

You cannot specify the IEEE 1394 interface.

🖉 Note

- □ To get the above addresses, contact your network administrator.
- □ Use the default configuration if you cannot obtain setting addresses.
- □ The IP address, subnet mask and broadcast address are the same as that for the ethernet interface and IEEE 802.11b interface.
- When installing the optional 1394 Interface board, set the IP address and subnet mask so that it does not overlap with the ethernet interface or the IEEE 1394 interface.
- TCP/IP configuration is the same for both Ethernet and IEEE 802.11 interface. If interfaces are changed, the new interface inherits the configuration.
- □ Use "0x" as the initial two letters of a hexadecimal address.

info

Use the "info" command to display printer information such as paper tray, output tray, and printer language.

Printer information display

msh> info

Reference

p.86 "Getting Printer Information over the Network"

ipp

Use the "ipp" command to view and configure IPP settings.

Viewing settings

The following command displays the current IPP settings:

msh> ipp

IPP timeout configuration

Specify how many seconds the computer waits before canceling an interrupted print job. The time can be entered between 30 to 65535 seconds.

msh> ipp timeout [30 - 65535]

IPP user authorization configuration Use IPP user authorization to re-

strict users to print with IPP. The default is "off".

msh> ipp auth {basic|digest|off}

- User authorization settings are "basic" and "digest".
- If user authorization is specified, register a user name. You can register up to 10 users.

IPP user configuration

Configure IPP users according to the following messages:

msh> ipp user

The following message appears:

msh> Input user number (1 to 10):

Enter the number, user name, and password.

msh> IPP user name:user1 msh> IPP password:***** After configuring the settings, the following message appears:

User configuration changed.

ipv6

Use the "ipv6" command to display and configure IPv6 settings.

View Setting

msh> ipv6

IPv6 stateless address

msh> ipv6 stateless {on off}

lpr

Use the "lpr" command to view and configure LPR settings.

View Setting

msh> lpr

 Checking host name when deleting the job

msh> lpr chkhost {on off}

netware

Use the "netware" command to view and configure the NetWare settings such as the print server name or file server name.

Netware Printer Server Names

msh> netware pname character string

 Enter the NetWare print server name using up to 47 characters.

Netware File Server Names

msh> netware fname character string

• Enter the NetWare file server name using up to 47 characters.

Encap type

msh> netware encap {802.3|
802.2|snap|ethernet2|auto}

- ✤ Remote Printer Number msh> netware rnum {0-254}
- Timeout msh> netware timeout {3-255}
- Printer server mode

msh> netware mode pserver
msh> netware mode ps

Remote printer mode

msh> netware mode rprinter
msh> netware mode rp

- NDS context name msh> netware context char-
- acter string
 SAP interval

msh> netware "sap_interval"

- Setting login mode for file server
 msh> netware login server
- Setting login mode for NDS tree msh> netware login tree
- Setting login mode for NDS tree name msh> netware tree "NDS name"
- File transfer protocol

msh> netware trans {ipv4pri|
ipxpri|ipv4|ipx}

• If you do not specify the protocol, the current setting is displayed.

Protocol	Set Protocol
ipv4pri	IPv4+IPX(IPv4)
ipxpri	IPv4+IPX(IPX)
ipv4	IPv4
ipx	IPX

passwd

Use the "passwd" command to change the remote maintenance password.

Changing the Password

msh> passwd

- Enter the current password.
- Enter the new password.
- Renter the new password to confirm it.
- Changing the Password of the administrators using the Supervisor

msh> passwd {Administrator ID}

- Enter the new password.
- Renter the new password to confirm it.

🖉 Note

- □ Be sure not to forget or lose the password.
- The password can be entered using up to 32 alphanumeric characters. Passwords are case-sensitive. For example, "R" is not the same as "r".

prnlog

Use the "prnlog" command to obtain printer log information.

Print logs display

msh> prnlog

- Display previous print jobs.
- msh> prnlog "ID Number"
- Specify the ID number of the displayed print log information to display additional details about a print job.

Reference

p.86 "Getting Printer Information over the Network".

route

Use the "route" command to view and control the routing table.

Specified route information display

msh> route get "destination"

- Specify the IPv4 address to destination.
 "0.0.0.0" cannot be specified as destination address.
- Enabling/disabling specified IPv4 destination

msh> route active {host|net} "destination" {on | off}

• You can turn the specified destination on or off. Host becomes the default setting.

Adding IPv4 Routing Table

msh> route add {host|net} "destination" "gateway"

- Adds a host or network route to "destination", and a gateway address to "gateway" in the table.
- Specify the IPv4 address to destination and gateway.
- Host becomes the default setting.

Setting the Default IPv4 Gateway

msh> route add default "gateway"

 Deleting specified IPv4 destination from Routing Table

msh> route delete {host|net}
 "destination"

- Host becomes the default setting.
- IPv4 address of destination can be specified.

Setting IPv6 Default Gateway

msh> route add6 default gateway

 Adding a specified IPv6 destination to Routing Table

msh> route add6 {destination} prefixlen gateway

- Specify the IPv6 address to destination and gateway.
- Deleting a specified IPv6 destination from Routing Table

msh> route delete6 {destination} prefixlen

- Specify the IPv6 address to destination and gateway.
- Display information about a specified IPv6 route information

msh> route get6 {destination}

- Specify the IPv6 address to destination and gateway.
- Enabling/disabling a specified IPv6 destination

msh> route active6 {destination} prefixlen {on | off}

Route initialization

msh> route flush

🔗 Note

- □ The maximum number of IPv4 routing tables is 16.
- □ The maximum number of IPv6 routing tables is 2.
- Set a gateway address when communicating with devices on an external network.
- □ The same gateway address is shared by all interfaces.
- "Prefixlen" is a number between 1 and 128.

set

Use the "set" command to set the protocol information display "active" or "inactive".

View settings

The following command displays protocol information (active/inac-tive).

- msh> set ipv4
 msh> set ipv6
 msh> set appletalk
 msh> set netware
 msh> set smb
 msh> set scsiprint
- scsiprint is available when the optional IEEE 1394 interface board is installed.

msh> set ip1394

• ip1394 is available when the optional IEEE 1394 interface board is installed.

msh> set protocol

 When protocol is specified, information about TCP/IP, AppleTalk, Netware, SCSI print, IPv4 over 1394, PictBridge and SMB appears.

msh>	set	lpr
msh>	set	lpr6
msh>	set	ftp
msh>	set	ftp6
msh>	set	rsh
msh>	set	rsh6
msh>	set	diprint
msh>	set	diprint6
msh>	set	web
msh>	set	snmp
msh>	set	ssl
msh>	set	ssl6

msh> set nrs
msh> set rfu
msh> set rfu6
msh> set ipp
msh> set ipp6
msh> set http
msh> set http6
msh> set bonjour
msh> set nbt
msh> set ssdp
msh> set ssh
msh> set sftp

Configuration

• Enter "up"to enable protocol, and enter "down" to disable protocol.

You can set the protocol to "active" or "inactive".

msh> set ipv4 {up | down}

- If you disable IPv4, you cannot use remote access after logging off. If you did this by mistake, you can use the control panel to enable remote access via IPv4.
- Disabling IPv4 also disables ip1394, lpr, ftp, rsh, diprint, web, snmp, ssl, ipp, http, bonjour, and sftp

msh> set ipv6 {up | down}

- If you disable IPv6, you cannot use remote access after logging off. If you did this by mistake, you can use the control panel to enable remote access via IPv6.
- Disabling IPv6 also disables lpr6, ftp6, rsh6, diprint6, ssl6, ipp6, http6, and sftp6.

msh> set appletalk {up | down}
msh> set netware {up | down}
msh> set smb {up | down}

msh> set lpr {up down}
<pre>msh> set lpr6 {up down}</pre>
msh> set ftp {up down}
<pre>msh> set ftp6 {up down}</pre>
msh> set rsh {up down}
<pre>msh> set rsh6 {up down}</pre>
msh> set diprint {up down}
<pre>msh> set diprint6 {up down}</pre>
<pre>msh> set web {up down}</pre>
<pre>msh> set snmp {up down}</pre>
<pre>msh> set ssl {up down}</pre>
<pre>msh> set ssl6 {up down}</pre>

• If Secured Sockets Layer (SSL, an encryption protocol) function is not available for the printer, you cannot use the function by enabling it.

msh> set nrs {up | down}
msh> set rfu {up | down}
msh> set rfu6 {up | down}
msh> set ipp {up | down}
msh> set ipp6 {up | down}
msh> set http {up | down}
msh> set http6 {up | down}
msh> set set bonjour {up |
down}
msh> set ssh {up | down}
msh> set ssh {up | down}
msh> set ssdp {up | down}
msh> set sftp {up | down}
msh> set sftp {up | down}

show

Use the "show" command to display network interface board configuration settings.

View settings

msh> show

• If "-p" is added, you can view settings one by one.

Reference

p.98 "Configuring the Network Interface Board"

slp

Use "slp" command to view and configure SLP settings.

msh> slp ttl "ttl_val"

- You can search the NetWare server using SLP in the PureIP environment of NetWare 5/5.1. Using the "slp" command, you can configure the value of TTL which can be used by SLP multicast packet.
- The default value of TTL is 1. A search is executed only within a local segment. If the router does not support multicast, the settings are not available even if the TTL value is increased.
- The acceptable TTL value is between 1 and 255.

smb

Use the "smb" command to configure or delete the computer or workgroup name for SMB.

Computer Name settings

msh> smb comp "computer
name"

• Set computer name using up to 15 characters. Names beginning with "RNP" or "rnp" cannot be entered.

Working Group Name settings

msh> smb group "work group
name"

• Set workgroup name using up to 15 characters

Comment settings

- msh> smb comment "comment"
- Set comment using up to 31 characters.

Notify print job completion

msh> smb notif {on | off}

• To notify print job completion, specify "on". Otherwise, specify "off"

Deleting Computer Name

msh> smb clear comp

- Deleting Group Name
 msh> smb clear group
- Deleting Comment msh> smb clear comment
- View Protocol msh> smb protocol

snmp

Use the "snmp" command to display and edit SNMP configuration settings such as the community name.

View settings

msh> snmp

- Default access settings 1 is as follows: Community name:public IPv4 address:0.0.0.0 IPv6 address::: IPX address:00000000:0000000000 Access type:read-only Effective Protocol:IPv4/IPv6/IPX
- Default access settings 2 is as follows: Community name:admin IPv4 address:0.0.0.0 IPv6 address::: IPX address:00000000:0000000000 Access type:read-write Effective Protocol:IPv4/IPv6/IPX
- If "-p" is added, you can view settings one by one.
- To display the current community, specify its registration number.

Display

msh> snmp ?

Community name configuration

msh> snmp "number" name "community_name"

- You can configure ten SNMP access settings numbered 1-10.
- The printer cannot be accessed from SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin or SmartDeviceMonitor for Client if "public" is not registered in numbers 1-10. When changing the community name, use SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin and SNMP Setup Tool to correspond with printer settings.
- The community name can be entered using up to 15 characters.

Deleting community name

msh> snmp "number" clear name

Access type configuration

msh> snmp "number" type
"access_type"

Access type	Type of access per- mission
no	not accessible
read	read only
write	read and write
trap	user is notified of trapmessages

Protocol configuration

msh> snmp {ipv4|ipv6|ipx} {on|off}

- Use the following command to set protocols "active" or "inactive": If you set a protocol "inactive", all access settings for that protocol are disabled.
- Specify "ipv4" for IPv4, "ipv6" for IPv6, or "ipx" for IPX/SPX.
- {on} means "active" and {off} means "inactive".
- Only IPv4 supports the IEEE 1394 interface.
- All protocols cannot be turned off concurrently.
- Configuration of protocol for each registration number

msh> snmp "number" active {ipv4|ipv6|ipx} {on|off}

• To change the protocol of access settings, use the following command. However, if you have disabled a protocol with the above command, activating it here has no effect.

Access configuration

msh> snmp "number" {ipv4| ipv6|ipx} "address"

- You can configure a host address according to the protocol used.
- The network interface board accepts requests only from hosts that have IPv4, IPv6, and IPX addresses with access types of "read-only" or "read-write". Enter "0" to have network interface board accept requests from any host without requiring a specific type of access.
- Enter a host address to deliver "trap" access type information to.

- To specify IPv4 or IPv6, enter "ipv4" or "ipv6" followed by a space, and then the IPv4 or IPv6 address.
- To specify IPX/SPX, enter "ipx" followed by a space, the IPX address followed by a decimal, and then the MAC address of the network interface board.
- sysLocation configuration

msh> snmp location

- Deleting sysLocation msh> snmp clear location
- sysContact setting msh> snmp contact
- Deleting sysContact msh> snmp clear contact
- SNMP v1v2 function configuration msh> snmp v1v2 {on|off}
 - Specify "on" to enable, and "off" to disable.

SNMP v3 function configuration

msh> snmp v3 {on|off}

• Specify "on" to enable, and "off" to disable.

SNMP TRAP configuration

msh> snmp trap {v1|v2|v3}
{on|off}

• Specify "on" to enable, and "off" to disable.

Remote Configuration Authorization configuration

msh> snmp remote {on|off}

• Specify "on" to enable, and "off" to disable the SNMP v1v2 setting.

2

SNMP v3 TRAP configuration display

msh> snmp v3trap

msh> snmp v3trap {1-5}

- If a number from 1-5 is entered, settings are displayed for that number only.
- Configuring a sending address for SNMP v3 TRAP

msh> snmp v3trap {1-5}
{ipv4|ipv6|ipx} "address"

Configuring a sending protocol for SNMP v3 TRAP

```
msh> snmp v3trap {1-5} ac-
tive {ipv4|ipv6|ipx}
{on|off}
```

 Configuring a user account for SNMP v3 TRAP

msh> snmp v3trap {1-5} account "account_name"

- Enter an account name using up to 32 alphanumeric characters.
- Deleting an SNMP v3 TRAP user account

msh> snmp v3trap {1-5}
clear account

Configuring an SNMP v3 encryption algorithm

```
msh> snmp v3auth {md5|sha1}
```

- Configuring SNMP v3 encryption msh> snmp v3priv {auto|on}
 - Set "auto" for automatic encryption configuration
 - Set "on" for mandatory encryption configuration.

sntp

The printer clock can be synchronized with a NTP server clock using Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP). Use the "sntp" command to change SNTP settings.

```
View settings
```

msh> sntp

NTP server address configuration You can specify the IP address of the NTP server.

msh> sntp server "IP_address"

Interval configuration

msh> sntp interval "polling
_time"

- You can specify the interval at which the printer synchronizes with the operator-specified NTP server. The default is 60 minutes.
- The interval can be entered from 0, or between 16 and 10,080 minutes.
- If you set 0, the printer synchronizes with the NTP server only when you turn the printer on. After that, the printer does not synchronize with the NTP server.

Time-zone configuration

msh> sntp timezone "+/hour_time"

• You can specify the time difference between the printer clock and NTP server clock. The values are between -12:00 and +13:00.

spoolsw

Use the "spoolsw" command to view and configure Job Spool settings.

You can only specify diprint, trap, lpr, ipp, ftp, sftp, and smb(TCP/IP) protocol.

• The "spoolsw" command for configuring Job Spool settings is available only when the optional hard disk is installed.

View settings

The Job Spool setting appears.

msh> spoolsw

Job Spool setting

msh> spoolsw spool {on|off}

🖉 Note

Specify "on" to enable Job Spool, or "off" to disable it.

Resetting Job spool setting

msh> spoolsw clear job {on|off}

• When the printer power is cut during job spooling, this determines whether to reprint the spooled job.

Protocol configuration

```
msh> spoolsw diprint
{on|off}
msh> spoolsw lpr {on|off}
msh> spoolsw ipp {on|off}
msh> spoolsw smb {on|off}
msh> spoolsw ftp {on|off}
msh> spoolsw ftp {on|off}
```

• You can specify the settings for diprint, lpr, ipp, ftp, sftp, and smb.

sprint

Use the "sprint" command to view and configure IEEE 1394 (SCSI print) settings.

View settings

IEEE 1394 (SCSI print) settings are displayed.

msh> sprint

 Bidirectional configuration for IEEE 1394 (SCSI print)

Use this setting to set IEEE 1394 (SCSI print) bidirectional. The default is "on".

msh> sprint bidi {on | off}

ssdp

Use the "ssdp" command to view and configure SSDP settings.

View settings

msh> ssdp

Setting effective time

msh> ssdp profile {1801-86400} The default is 10800 seconds.

Advertise packet TTL settings

msh> ssdp ttl {1-255}
The default is 4.

ssh

Use the "ssh" command to view and configure SSH settings.

View settings

msh> ssh

 Data compression communication settings

msh> ssh compression
{on|off}
The default is "on".

✤ SSH/SFTP communication port setting

msh> ssh port {22, 1024-65535} The default is 22.

 SSH/SFTP communication timeout setting

msh> ssh timeout {0-65535} The default is 300.

 SSH/SFTP communication login timeout setting

msh> ssh logintimeout {0-65535} The default is 300.

✤ Setting an open key for SSH/SFTP

msh> ssh genkey {512 | 768 | 1024} "character string" Create an open key for SSH/SFTP communication. Usable characters are ASCII 0x20-0x7e (32 bytes) other than "0". The default key length is 1024, and the character string is blank.

 Deleting open key for ssh/sftp communication

msh> ssh delkey

🖉 Note

If you do not specify a character string, current setting is displayed.

status

Use the "status" command to display the printer status.

view messages

msh> status

PReference p.86 "Current Printer Status"

syslog

Use the "syslog" command to display the information stored in the printer's system log.

✤ View message

msh> syslog

p.105 "System Log Information"

upnp

Use the "upnp" command to display and configure the universal plug and play.

Public URL display

msh> upnp url

- Public URL configuration
 - msh> upnp url "string"
 - Enter the URL string in the character string.
- Deleting Public URL

msh> upnp clear url

web

Use the "web" command to display and configure parameters on Web Image Monitor.

View Settings

msh> web

URL Configuration

You can set URLs linked by clicking **[URL]** on Web Image Monitor. Specify "1" or "2" for x as the number corresponding to the URL. Up to two URLs can be registered and specified.

msh> web url http://"The URL or IP address you want to register"/

 Resetting URLs registered as link destinations

msh> web x clear url Specify "1" or "2" for x as the corresponding number to the URL.

Link name configuration

You can enter the name for URL that appears on Web Image Monitor.

Specify "1" or "2" for x as the corresponding number to the link name.

msh> web name "Name you
want to display"

 Resetting URL names registered as link destinations

msh> web x clear name Specify "1" or "2" for x as the number corresponding to the link name.

Help URL Configuration

You can set URLs linked by clicking **[Help]** or **[?]** on Web Image Monitor.

msh> web help http://"Help URL or IP address"/help/

Resetting Help URL

msh> web clear help

wiconfig

Use the "wiconfig" command to make settings for IEEE 802.11b.

✤ View settings

msh> wiconfig

View IEEE 802.11b settings

msh> wiconfig cardinfo

• If IEEE 802.11b is not working correctly, its information is not displayed.

Configuration

msh> wiconfig "parameter"

Parameter	Value configured
mode [ap ad- hoc 802.11adhoc]	You can set the in- frastructure mode(ap), the 802.11 Adhoc mode (802.11adhoc), or the ad hoc mode (adhoc). The default is ad hoc mode.
ssid " IDvalue "	You can make set- tings for the SSID in the infrastruc- ture mode. Usable characters are ASCII 0x20- 0x7e (32 bytes). An SSID value is set automatically to the nearest ac- cess point if no set- ting is made. If no setting is made for the 802.11 ad hoc mode, the same- value as for the in- frastructure mode or an ASSID value is automatically set. The default is blank.

Parameter	Value configured
channel frequency "channelno."	You can enable or disable the WEP function. To enable the WEP function, specify [on]; to dis- able it, specify [off].
	To start the WEP function, enter the correct WEP key. The default is "11".
key ["key value "] val [1 2 3 4]	You can specify the WEP key when entering in hexa- decimal. With a 64-bit WEP, you can use 10 digit hexadecimals. With a 128-bit WEP, you can use 26 digit hexadeci- mals. Up to four WEP keys can be regis- tered. Specify the number to be reg- istered with "val". When a WEP is specified by key, the WEP specified by key phrase is overwritten. To use this func- tion, set the same key number and WEP key for all ports that transmit data to each other. Put "0x" on the front of WEP key. You can omit the numbers with "val". The key number is set to 1 when making these omissions. The default is blank.

Parameter	Value configured		Parameter	Value configured
keyphrase ["phrase "]val [1 2 3 4]	You can specify the WEP key when entering in ASCII.	rate [auto 11m 5.5m 2m 1m]	You can set the IEEE 802.11b trans mitting speed.	
	With a 64-bit WEP, you can use 10 digit hexadecimals. With a 128-bit			The speed you specify here is the speed at which data is sent. You
	WEP, you can use 26 digit hexadeci-			can receive data a any speed.
	mals. Up to four WEP			auto: automatical ly set (default)
	keys can be regis- tered. Specify the			11m: 11 Mbps fixed
	number to be reg- istered with "val". When a WEP is			5.5m: 5.5 Mbps fixed
	specified by key phrase, the WEP			2m:2 Mbps fixed 1m: 1 Mbps fixed
	specified by key is overwritten. To use this func- tion, set the same		security {none wep wpa}	You can specify the security mode
tion, set the same key number and WEP key for all ports that transmi data to each other You can omit the numbers with "val". The key number is set to1 when making these omissions. The default is				none: No encryp- tion(default)S
	WEP key for all			wep: WEP encryp tion
	data to each other.			wpa: WPA encryp tion
	numbers with "val". The key number is set to1		wpaenc {tkip ccmp}	You can specify WPA encryption key when using WPA encryption.
				tkip: TKIP (de- fault)
encval [1 2 3 4] You can specify which of the four WEP keys is used for packet encod- ing. "1" is set if a number is not specified.	You can specify			ccmp: CCMP (AES)
		wpaauth {wpapsk wpa}	You can specify the WPA authentic cation mode when using WPA en- cryption. wpapsk: WPA-	
[open shared] th w TI ar m op au sh	You can set an au- thorization mode when using WEP. The specified value and authorized			PSK authentica- tion(default) wpa: WPA(802.1X authentication
	mode are as follows: open: open system		L	I
	authorized (default)			
	shared: shared key authorized rate			

Parameter	Value configured
psk "character string"	You can specify the Pre-Shared key. Usable characters: ASCII 0x20-0x7e (8 to 63 bytes). The default is blank.
eap {tls ttls leap pea p}{chap msc- hap mschapv2 p ap md5 tls}	You can specify the EAP authenti- cation type. tls: EAP-TLS (de- fault) ttls: EAP-TLS leap: LEAP peap: PEAP chap, mschap, mschapv2, pap, md5, or tls are set- tings forthe phase 2 method, and must be set when using EAP-TTLS orPEAP. Do not make these settings when us- ing other EAP au- thentication types. If you select EAP- TTLS, you can se- lect chap, mschap, mschapv2, pap, or md5. If you select PEAP, you can select mschapv2 or tls.
username "charac- ter string"	You can specify the login user name for the Radi- us server. Usable characters: ASCII 0x20- 0x7e(31 bytes) oth- er than"@". The de- fault is blank.

Parameter	Value configured
username2 "char- acter string"	You can specify the phase 2 user- name for EAP- TTLS/PEAP phase 2 authentication. Usable characters: ASCII 0x20-0x7e (31 bytes) other than"@". The de- fault is blank.
domain "character string"	You can specify the login domain name for the Radi- us server. Usable characters: ASCII0x20-0x7e (31 bytes) other than"@". The de- fault is blank.
password "charac- ter string"	You can specify the login password for the Radius server. Usable characters: ASCII 0x20- 0x7e(128 bytes). The default is blank.
srvcert {on off}	You can set the server certifi- cate.The default is "off".
imca {on off}	You can enable or disable the certifi- cate when the in- termediate certificate authori- ty is present. The default is "off".
srvid "character string"	You can set the server ID and sub- domain of the cer- tificate server.

wins

Use the "wins" command to configure WINS server settings.

Viewing settings

msh> wins

• If the IPv4 address obtained from DHCP differs from the WINS IPv4 address, the DHCP address is the valid address.

Configuration

msh> wins "interface_name" {on | off}

- {on} means "active" and {off} means "inactive".
- Be sure to specify the interface.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

Address configuration

Use the following command to configure a WINS server IP address:

msh> wins ``interface_name'' {primary|secondary} ``IP address''

- Use the "primary" command to configure a primary WINS server IP address.
- Use the "secondary" command to configure a secondary WINS server IP address.

- Do not use "255.255.255.255" as the IP address.
- NBT (NetBIOS over TCP/IP) Scope ID Selection

You can specify the NBT scope ID.

msh> wins "interface_name" scope "scope ID"

- The scope ID can be entered using up to 31 alphanumeric characters.
- Be sure to specify the interface.
- ip1394 can be specified only when the IEEE 1394 interface is installed.
- wlan can be specified only when the IEEE 802.11b interface is installed.

Interface name	Interface config- ured
ether	Ethernet interface
ip1394	IEEE 1394 interface
wlan	IEEE 802.11b inter- face

SNMP

The SNMP agent operating on UDP and IPX is incorporated into the builtin Ethernet board and optional IEEE 802.11b interface unit of this printer. Also, the SNMP agent operating on UDP is incorporated in the optional IEEE 1394 interface board.

Using the SNMP manager, you can get information about the printer.

∰Important

If you changed the machine's community name, change the configuration of the connected computer accordingly, using SNMP Setup Tool. For details, see SNMP Setup Tool Help.

The default community names are **[public]** and **[admin]**. You can get MIB information using these community names.

Start SNMP Setup Tool

- Windows 95/98/Me, Windows 2000, Windows NT 4.0: Click the [Start] button. Point to [SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin] on the [Programs] menu. Click [SNMP Setup Tool].
- Windows XP: Click the [Start] button. Point to [SmartDeviceMonitor for Admin] on the [All Programs] menu. Click [SNMP Setup Tool].

Supported MIBs(SNMPv1/v2)

- MIB-II
- PrinterMIB
- HostResourceMIB
- RicohPrivateMIB

Supported MIBs(SNMPv3)

- MIB-II
- PrinterMIB
- HostResourceMIB
- RicohPrivateMIB
- SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
- SNMP-TARGET-MIB
- SNMP-NOTIFICATION-MIB
- SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB
- SNMP-VIEW-BASED-ACM-MIB

Getting Printer Information over the Network

This section explains details of each item displayed in the printer status and information.

This manual covers all models, and therefore contains functions and settings that may not be available for your model.

Current Printer Status

The printer status can be checked using the following commands:

- UNIX: Use the "lpq" command and "rsh", "rcp", "ftp", and "sftp" parameters.
- mshell: Use the "status" command.

Messages	Description
1-Sheet Bypass Error: No Select	The one sheet bypass tray is open but printing from another tray was selected.
1-Sheet Bypass Error: Not Open	The one sheet bypass tray is closed but printing from the one sheet bypass tray was selected.
1-Sheet Output Error: No Select	The one sheet bypass tray is open but printing from another tray was selected.
1-Sheet Output Error: Not Open	The one sheet bypass tray is closed but printing from the one sheet bypass tray was selected.
Access Restricted	The job was canceled because user have no authority.
Add staples (Booklet: Back)	The staple of booklet finisher (back) is exhausted.
Add staples (Booklet: Both)	The staple of booklet finisher is exhausted.
Add staples (Booklet: Front)	The staple of booklet finisher (front) is exhausted.
Adjusting	The machine is initializing or calibrating.
Alert at Printer: Yellow LED	An error has occurred.
Call Service Center	There is a malfunction in the machine.
Canceled	The job is reset.
Canceling Job	The job is being reset.
Card/Counter not inserted	The machine is waiting for prepaid card or key.
Coin or amount not inserted	The machine is waiting for coin to be inserted.
Coin/Key Counter not inserted	The machine is waiting for coin or key counter.
Configuring	Setting is being changed.
Cooling Down Fusing Unit	The fusing unit is cooling down.
Сору Тгау	Internal tray is full.
Cover Open: ADF	The document feeder is open.
Cover Open: Bridge Unit Left	The cover of the left bridge unit is open.
Cover Open: Bridge Unit Center	The cover of the middle bridge unit is open.

Messages	Description
Cover Open: Duplex Unit Left	The cover of the left duplex unit is open.
Cover Open: Duplex Unit Right	The cover of the right duplex unit is open.
Cover Open: Fin. Front Left	A front left cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Fin. Front Right	A front right cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Bridge Unit Right	The cover of the right bridge unit is open.
Cover Open: Duplex Unit	The cover of the duplex unit is open.
Cover Open: Finisher	The cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Finisher Cover	The cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Finisher Front	The front cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Finisher Rear	The cover of the rear finisher is open.
Cover Open: Finisher Upper	The upper cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Finisher Upper-L	A upper left cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Finisher Upper-R	A upper right cover of Finisher is open.
Cover Open: Front Cover	The front cover is open.
Cover Open: Fusing Unit Cover	The cover of the fusing unit is open.
Cover Open: Interposer Tray Low	The lower cover of the interposer unit is open.
Cover Open: Interposer Tray Up	The upper cover of the interposer unit is open.
Cover Open: LCT Front Cover	The front cover of the Large Capacity tray is open.
Cover Open: Lower Left Cover	The lower left cover is open.
Cover Open: Lower Right Cover	The lower right cover is open.
Cover Open: Mailbox	A cover of Mailbox is open.
Cover Open: Mid-Covers	Covers for anti jamming are open.
Cover Open: Z-folding Upper	An upper cover of Z fold unit is open.
Cover Open: Right Cover	The right cover is open.
Cover Open: Shift Tray Cover	The shift tray cover is open.
Cover Open: Upper Cover	The upper cover is open.
Cover Open: Upper Left Cover	The upper left cover is open
Cover Open: Upper Right Cover	The upper right cover is open.
Data Size Error	The data size error occurred.
Empty: Black Toner	The black toner cartridge is almost empty.
Empty: Cyan Toner	The cyan toner cartridge is almost empty.
Empty: Magenta Toner	The magenta toner cartridge is almost empty.
Empty: One of Toner Bottles	One of the toner bottles is empty.
Empty: Toner	The toner cartridge is almost empty.
Empty: Yellow Toner	The yellow toner cartridge is almost empty.

Messages	Description
Energy Saver Mode	The machine is in Energy Saver Mode.
Envelope Setting Error: None	Printing paper type other than envelope is instructed when B2 lever is down.
Envelope Setting Error: Others	Printing envelope is instructed when B2 lever is down.
Error	An error has occurred.
Error at Printer: Red LED	An error has occurred.
Error in Printer	An error has occurred.
Error: Address Book	An error has occurred in the data of the address book.
Error: Command Transmission	An error has occurred in the machine.
Error: DIMM Value	A memory error occurred.
Error: Ethernet Board	An Ethernet board error has occurred.
Error: HDD Board	A hard disk drive board error has occurred.
Error: IEEE1394 Board	An IEEE 1394 interface board error has occurred.
Error: Media Link Board	An error has occurred on the media link board.
Error: Memory Switch	A memory switch error has occurred.
Error: Optional Font	An error has occurred in the font file of the machine.
Error: Optional RAM	An error has occurred in the optional memory unit.
Error: Parallel I/F Board	An error has occurred in the parallel interface.
Error: PDL	An error has occurred in the page description language.
Error: Rem. Certificate Renewal	An error has occurred in the remote sever renewal.
Error: USB Board	An error has occurred in theUSB interface board.
Error: USB Interface	An error has occurred in the USB interface.
Error: Wireless Card	Wireless card is not inserted during start up, or the IEEE 802.11b interface unit or the wireless card is taken out after start up .
Error: Wireless Card or Board	An error has occurred in the IEEE 802.11b interface unit.
Exceed Booklet Stapling Limit	The printing has exceeded the stapling limit of the booklet finisher.
Full: 1-Sheet Output	The one sheet output tray is full.
Full: Copy Tray	The output paper tray is full.
Full: Finisher	Finisher tray is full.
Full: Finisher Booklet Tray	Booklet tray of Finisher is full.
Full: Finisher Shift Tray	Shift tray of Finisher is full.
Full: Finisher Shift Tray 1, 2	The shift tray 1 and 2 of Finisher are full.
Full: Finisher Tray	Finisher Tray is full.
Full: Finisher Upper Tray	Finisher's upper tray is full.
Full: Front Collector Bottle	Front waste toner bottle is full.

Messages	Description
Full: Hole Punch Receptacle	Punch Chip receptacle for hole punch is full.
Full: Internal Shift Tray	The internal shift tray is full.
Full: Internal Tray 1	Internal tray 1 is full.
Full: Internal Tray 2	Internal tray 2 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 1	Mailbox Tray 1 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 2	Mailbox Tray 2 is full. Full:
Full: Mailbox Tray 3	Mailbox Tray 3 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 4	Mailbox Tray 4 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 5	Mailbox Tray 5 is full.
Full: Mailbox 6	Mailbox Tray 6 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 7	Mailbox Tray 7 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 8	Mailbox Tray 8 is full.
Full: Mailbox Tray 9	Mailbox Tray 9 is full.
Full: Waste Staples	Waste Staples.
Full: Waste Toner	Waste toner is full.
Full: Waste Toner Bottle	Waste toner bottle is full.
Hex Dump Mode	It is a hex dump mode.
Immed. Trans. not connected	It did not connect directly with the other party of the transmission.
Immediate Transmission Failed	An error has occurred while transmitting directly.
In Use: Copier	The copier is being used.
In Use: Fax	The fax is being used.
In Use: Finisher	Other functions is using Finisher.
In Use: Input Tray	Other functions is using the input tray.
In Use: Staple Unit	Other functions is using the staple unit.
Independent-supplier Toner	Toner that is not recommended is set.
Key Card not inserted	The machine is waiting for key card to be inserted.
Key Card/Counter not inserted	The machine is waiting for key card or key counter to be inserted.
Key Counter not inserted	The machine is waiting for key counter to be left in it.
Loading Toner	Toner is being supplied.
Low: Black Toner	The black toner cartridge is not set correctly, or toner is almost running out.
Low: Cyan Toner	The cyan toner cartridge is not set correctly, or toner is almost running out.
Low: Magenta Toner	The magenta toner cartridge is not set correctly, or toner is almost running out.

Messages	Description
Low: Toner	The toner cartridge is not set correctly,or toner is al- most running out.
Low: Yellow Toner	The yellow toner cartridge is not set correctly, or toner is almost running out.
Malfunction: Booklet Stapler	There is a problem with booklet finisher.
Malfunction: Booklet Processor	There is a problem with booklet finisher.
Malfunction: Duplex Unit	There is a problem with the duplex unit.
Malfunction: Ext. Charge Unit	There is a problem with the external charge unit.
Malfunction: Finisher	There is a problem with the finisher.
Malfunction: Interposer	There is a problem with the interposer.
Malfunction: LCT	There is a problem with the large capacity tray.
Malfunction: Multi-hole Punch GPC	There is a problem with the multi hole punching unit.
Malfunction: Output Tray	There is a problem with the output tray.
Malfunction: Staple Unit	There is a problem with the staple unit.
Malfunction: Tray 1	There is a problem with tray 1.
Malfunction: Tray 2	There is a problem with tray 2.
Malfunction: Tray 3	There is a problem with tray 3.
Malfunction: Tray 3 (LCT)	There is a problem with tray 3 (LCT).
Malfunction: Tray 4	There is a problem with tray 4.
Malfunction: Tray 5	There is a problem with tray 5.
Malfunction: Tray 6	There is a problem with tray 6.
Malfunction: Tray 7	There is a problem with tray 7.
Memory Low: Copy	Memory shortage has occurred while the copy was operating.
Memory Low: Data Storage	Memory shortage has occurred while the document was being accumulated.
Memory Low: Fax Scanning	Memory shortage has occurred while transmitting the fax.
Memory Low: Scanning	Memory shortage has occurred while the scanner was working.
Miscellaneous Error	Other error has occurred.
Mismatch: Paper Size	Indicated paper tray does not contain paper of selected size.
Mismatch: Paper Size and Type	Indicated paper tray does not contain paper of selected size and type.
Mismatch: Paper Type	Indicated paper tray does not contain paper of selected type.
Near Replacing: Black PCU	Prepare the new black photoconductor unit.
Near Replacing: Cleaning Unit	Prepare the new cleaning unit.
Near Replacing: Color Dev. Unit	Prepare the new color development unit.
Near Replacing: Color PCU	Prepare the new color photoconductor unit.

Messages	Description
Near Replacing: Develop. Unit C	Prepare the new development unit (cyan).
Near Replacing: Develop. Unit K	Prepare the new development unit (black).
Near Replacing: Develop. Unit M	Prepare the new development unit (magenta).
Near Replacing: Develop. Unit Y	Prepare the new development unit (yellow).
Near Replacing: Fusing Unit	Prepare the new fusing unit.
Near Replacing: Maintenance Kit	Prepare the new maintenance kit.
Near Replacing: Transfer Unit	Prepare the new transfer unit.
Nearly Full: Collector Bottle	Waste toner bottle is nearly full.
Nearly Full: Waste Toner	Waste toner bottle is nearly full.
Nearly Full:Front CollectBottle	Front collector bottle is nearly full.
Nearly Full:Sucked Toner Bottle	Waste toner bottle is nearly full.
Need more Booklet Staples	Stapler has almost run out of staples.
No Paper: 1-Sheet Bypass	There is no paper in 1-sheet bypass tray.
No Paper: Interposer Tray	There is no paper in interposer unit.
No Paper: Selected Tray	There is no paper in specified tray.
No Paper: Tray 1	There is no paper in tray 1.
No Paper: Tray 1 (LCT)	There is no paper in the large capacity tray (tray 1).
No Paper: Tray 2	There is no paper in tray 2.
No Paper: Tray 3	There is no paper in tray 3.
No Paper: Tray 3 (LCT)	There is no paper in tray 3 (Large Capacity tray).
No Paper: Tray 4	There is no paper in tray 4.
No Paper: Tray 5	There is no paper in tray 5.
No Paper: Tray 6	There is no paper in tray 6.
No Paper: Tray 7	There is no paper in tray 7.
Not Detected: B2 Lever	B2 lever is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Black Toner	Black toner is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Charger	Charger is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Cleaning Unit	The cleaning unit is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Cyan Toner	Cyan toner is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Develop. Unit (C)	The development unit (cyan) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Develop. Unit (K)	The development unit (black) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Develop. Unit (M)	The development unit (magenta) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Develop. Unit (Y)	The development unit (yellow) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Duplex Feed Unit	The duplex unit is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Duplex Unit	The duplex feed unit is not correctly set.

Messages	Description
Not Detected: Finisher	Finisher is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Fusing Unit	The fusing unit is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Input Tray	The paper feed tray is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Interposer	Interposer unit is not correctly set.
Not Detected: LCT	A large amount of paper feed tray is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Magenta Toner	Magenta toner is not correctly set.
Not Detected: PCU	The photoconductor unit is not correctly set.
Not Detected: PCU (C)	The photoconductor unit (cyan) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: PCU (K)	The photoconductor unit (black) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: PCU (M)	The photoconductor unit (magenta) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: PCU (Y)	The photoconductor unit (yellow) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Transfer Roller	The transfer roller is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Transfer Unit	The transfer unit is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 1	Tray 1 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 1 (LCT)	The large capacity tray (tray 1) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 2	Tray 2 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 3	Tray 3 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 3 (LCT)	The large capacity tray (tray 3) is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 4	Tray 4 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 5	Tray 5 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 6	Tray 6 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Tray 7	Tray 7 is not correctly set.
Not Detected: WasteToner Bottle	Waste toner bottle is not correctly set.
Not Detected: Yellow Toner	Yellow toner is not correctly set.
Not Reached, Data Deleted	Unreached job is deleted.
Offline	Printer is offline.
Original on Exposure Glass	The original remains on the exposure glass.
Operating Thermo-range Error	The machine is operating outside the permissible temperature range.
Panel Off Mode	The machine is in Panel-Off mode.
Panel Off Mode>>Printing ava.	The machine is in Control Panel-Off mode.
Paper in Duplex Unit	The paper remains in the duplex unit.
Paper in Finisher	The paper remains in Finisher.
Paper Misfeed: ADF	The paper has jammed in Document Feeder.
Paper Misfeed: BookletProcessor	The paper has jammed in booklet finisher.
Paper Misfeed: Duplex Unit	The paper has jammed in the duplex unit.

Messages	Description
Paper Misfeed: Finisher	The paper has jammed in Finisher.
Paper Misfeed: Input Tray	The paper has jammed in the input tray.
Paper Misfeed: Internal Path	The paper has jammed inside the machine.
Paper Misfeed: Internal/Output	The paper has jammed inside the machine.
Paper Misfeed: Interposer	The paper has jammed in interposer unit.
Paper Misfeed: Mailbox	The paper has jammed in the mailbox.
Paper Misfeed: Z-folding unit	The paper has jammed in Z fold unit.
Paper Misfeed:Booklet Processor	The paper has jammed in booklet finisher.
Paper on Finisher Shift Tray 2	The paper remains in Finisher Shift Tray 2.
Paper on FinisherShiftTray1, 2	The paper remains in Finisher Shift Tray 1 and 2.
Paper on Paper Bypass	The paper remains in the bypass tray.
Prepaid Card not inserted	The machine is waiting for prepaid card to be inserted.
Print Complete	The print was completed.
Printing	Printing is in progress.
Processing	Data is being processed.
Proxy Address / Port Incorrect	The proxy address and port setting is incorrect.
Proxy User / Password Incorrect	The proxy user name and password setting is incorrect.
RC Gate Connection Error	Failed connection with RC Gate.
Ready	The machine is ready to print.
Remove seal strip on: Black	The seal strip on the new development unit (black) is still attached.
Remove seal strip on: Cyan	The seal strip on new development unit (cyan) is still attached.
Remove seal strip on: Magenta	The seal strip on new development unit (magenta) is still attached.
Remove seal strip on: Yellow	The seal strip on new development unit (yellow) is still attached.
Renewing Remote Certificate	The remote certificate is being renewed.
Replace Charger Unit	It is time to replace the charger unit.
Replace Black PCU	It is time to replace the black photoconductor unit.
Replace Charger Kit	It is time to replace the charger kit.
Replace Cleaning Web	It is time to replace the Cleaning Web.
Replace Color PCU	It is time to replace the photoconductor unit (color).
Replace Develop. Unit	It is time to replace the development unit.
Replace Develop. Unit (Black)	It is time to replace the development unit (black).
Replace Develop. Unit (Color)	It is time to replace the development unit (color).
Replace Develop. Unit (Cyan)	It is time to replace the development unit (cyan).

Messages	Description
Replace Develop. Unit (Magenta)	It is time to replace the development unit (magenta).
Replace Develop. Unit (Yellow)	It is exchange time of the development unit (yellow).
Replace Feed Belt	It is time to replace the feed belt.
Replace Feed Roller	It is time to replace the transfer roller.
Replace Fuser Oil Unit	It is time to replace the fuser oil unit.
Replace Fusing Unit	It is time to replace the fusing unit.
Replace PCU	It is time to replace the photoconductor unit.
Replace PCU(Color)	It is time to replace the photoconductor unit(Color).
Replace Sustainer Unit	It is time to replace the sustainer unit.
Replace Toner Suction Motor	It is time to replace the toner suction motor.
Replace Transfer Belt	It is time to replace the transfer belt.
Replace Transfer Cleaning Unit	It is time to replace the transfer cleaning unit.
Retarding	Printing has stopped momentarily to allow printed sheets to dry.
SD Card Authentication failed	SD card authentication failed.
Setting Remotely	The RDS setting is being processed.
Shift Tray	Internal output tray is full.
Skipped due to Error	Skipped the error.
Storage Complete	The storage is complete.
Storage Failed	The storage has failed.
Supplies Order Call failed	The supply order call has failed.
Suspend / Resume Key Error	Finisher stop button was pressed.
Transmission Aborted	The transmission was interrupted.
Transmission Complete	The transmission completion was completed.
Transmission Failed	The transmission has failed.
Tray Error: Chaptering	The paper feed tray specification error has occurred because chaptering as well as the normal paper use the same tray for printing.
Tray Error: Duplex Printing	Selected paper tray cannot be used for duplex printing.
Unit Left Open: ADF	Document feeder is opened.
Waiting for Job Suspension	The machine is waiting for Job Suspension.

🖉 Note

- □ For details about UNIX commands, see UNIX Supplement.
- □ Check the error contents that may be printed in the configuration page. For details about printing a configuration page, see Printer Reference.

Printer configuration

You can check the printer configuration using telnet.

This section explains the checking procedure for input/output tray and printer language.

- UNIX: Use the "info" command and "rsh", "rcp", "ftp", and "sftp" parameters.
- mshell: Use the "info" command.

Input Tray

Item	Description
No.	ID number of the paper tray
Name	Name of the paper tray
PaperSize	Size of paper loaded in the paper tray
Status	Current status of the paper trayNormal: NormalNoInputTray: No trayPaperEnd: No paper

♦ Output Tray

Item	Description
No.	ID number of the output tray
Name	Name of the output tray
Status	 Current status of the output tray Normal: Normal PaperExist: Paper exist OverFlow: Paper is full Error: Other errors

Printer Language

Item	Description
No.	ID number of the printer language used by the printer
Name	Name of the printer language used in the printer
Version	Version of the printer language

🖉 Note

□ For details about UNIX commands and parameters, see UNIX Supplement.

Understanding the Displayed Information

This section explains how to read status information returned by the network interface board.

Print Job Information

Use the following command to display print job information:

- UNIX: Use the "info" command and "rsh", "rcp", "ftp", and "sftp" parameters.
- mshell: Use the "info" command.

Item	Description
Rank	Print job status.
	Active Printing or preparing for printing.
	 Waiting Waiting to be transferred to the printer.
Owner	Print request user name.
Job	Print request number.
Files	The name of the document.
Total Size	The size of the data (spooled). The default is 0 bytes.

Note

□ For details about UNIX commands and parameters, see UNIX Supplement.

Print Log Information

This is a record of the most recent jobs printed.

Use the following command to display print log information:

- UNIX: Use the "prnlog" command and "rsh", "rcp", "ftp", and "sftp" parameters.
- telnet : Use the "prnlog" comman

Item	Description
ID	Print request ID.
User	Print request user name.
Page	Number of pages printed
Result	Print Request Result
	 Communication Result OK Print was completed normally. However, the print resultmay not be as required due to printer problems. NG Printing was not completed normally. Canceled An "rcp", "rsh", or "lpr" command print request was can- celed, possibly due to the printing application. Not applicable to the "ftp" or "rprinter"command.
Time	Time the print requested was received. Time of print request reception
User ID	Printer driver-configured User ID. Appears when the print request ID is specified.
JobName	Name of the document for printing Appears when the print request ID is specified.

🖉 Note

□ For details about UNIX commands and parameters, see UNIX Supplement.

Configuring the Network Interface Board

Use the following command to display network interface board settings:

• telnet : Use the "show" command.

Item	Description
Common	
Mode	
Protocol Up/Down	Protocol Settings
AppleTalk	
IPv4	
IPv6	
TCP/IP	
Netware	
SMB	
IPv4 over1394	
SCSI print	
PictBridge	
Device Up/Down	Device Settings
Parallel	
USB	
Bluetooth	
Ethernet interface	
Syslog priority	
NVRAM version	
Device name	
Comment	
Location	
Contact	
Soft switch	
AppleTalk	AppleTalk settings
Mode	
Net	
Object	
Туре	
Zone	

Item	Description
TCP/IP	TCP/IP settings
Mode(IPv4)	
Mode(IPv6)	
ftp	
lpr	
rsh	
telnet	
diprint	
web	
http	
ftpc	
snmp	
ipp	
autonet	
bonjour	
ssl	
nrs	
rfu	
nbt	
ssdp	
ssh	
sftp	
IPv4	
DHCP	
Address	
Netmask	
Broadcast	
Gateway	
IPv6	
Stateless	
Manual	
Gateway	
ЕпсарТуре	
Host name	
DNS Domain	

Item	Description
Access Control	Access Control settings
IPv4	X can be set between 1 and 5.
Access Entry[X]	
IPv6	
Access Entry[X]	X can be set between 1 and 5.
Time server	Time settings
Time Zone	
Time server polling time	
SYSLOG server	Websys settings
Home page URL1	
Home page linkname1	
Home page URL2	
Home page linkname2	
Help page URL	
Netware	
EncapType	
RPRINTER number	
Print server name	
File server name	
Context name	
Switch	
Mode	
NDS/Bindery	
Packet negotiation	
Login Mode	
Print job timeout	
Protocol	
SAP interval time	
NDS Tree Name	
Transfer Protocol	

Item	Description
SMB	SMB settings
Switch	
Mode	
Direct print	
Notification	
Workgroup name	
Computer name	
Comment	
Share name [1]	
Protocol	
IPv4 over 1394	IPv4 over 1394 settings
Host name	
DHCP	
Address	
Netmask	
Broadcast	
DNS Domain	
SCSI print	
Bidi	
IEEE 802.11b	IEEE 802.11b settings
Host Name	
Communication mode	
SSID	
Channel range	
Channel	
TX Rate	
Security	
WEP Authentication	
WEP Encryption key number	
WEP encryption	
WEP Encryption keys [X]	X can be set between 1 and 5.
WPA Encryption	
WPA Authentication	
Pre-Shared Key	
User name	

Item	Description
Domain name	
ЕАР Туре	
Password	
Phase 2 username	
Phase 2 Method TTLS	
Phase 2 Method PEAP	
Server cert	
Intermediate CA	
Server ID	
DNS	DNS settings
IPv4	
Server[X]	X can be set between 1 and 3.
Selected IPv4 DNS Server	
IPv6	
Server[X]	X can be set between 1 and 3.
Domain Name	
ether	
wlan	
ip1394	
DDNS	
ether	
wlan	
ip1394	
WINS	WINS settings
ether	
Primary WINS	
Secondary WINS	
wlan	
Primary WINS	
Secondary WINS	
ip1394	
Primary WINS	
Secondary WINS	
Bluetooth	Bluetooth settings
Bluetooth mode	Bluetooth connection mode

Item	Description
SSDP	SSDP settings
UUID	
Profile	
TTL	
UPnP	UPnP settings
URL	
Bonjour	Bonjour (Redezvous) settings
Computer Name (cname)	
Local Hostname <ether></ether>	
Local Hostname <ip1394></ip1394>	
Local Hostname <wlan></wlan>	
Location	
Priority <diprint></diprint>	
Priority <lpr></lpr>	
Priority <ipp></ipp>	
IP TTL	
LinkLocal Route for MultiI/F	
SNMP	SNMP settings
SNMPv1v2	
SNMPv3	
protocol	
v1Trap	
v2Trap	
v3Trap	
SNMPv1v2 Remote Setting	
SNMPv3 Privacy	
ssh	ssh settings
Compression	
Port	
TimeOut	
Login TimeOut	

Item	Description
AuthFree	Authfree settings
IPv4	
AuthFreeEntry[X]	X can be set between 1 and 5.
IPv6	
AuthFreeEntry[X]	X can be set between 1 and 5
Parallel	
USB	
LPR	
lprm check host	
Certificate	
Verification	
Shell mode	Remote maintenance tool mode

Message List

This is a list of messages that appear in the machine's system log. The system log can be viewed using the "syslog" command.

System Log Information

Use the following command to display the system log information:

- UNIX: Use the "syslog" command and "rsh", "rcp", "ftp", and "sftp" parameters.
- telnet : Use the "syslog" command.

Message	Problem and solutions
Access to NetWare server <file name="" server=""> denied. Either there is no account for this print server on the NetWare server or the password was incorrect.</file>	(In the print server mode) Login to the file server failed.Make sure that the print server is registered on the file server. If a password is specified for the print server, delete it.
account is unavailable: Same account name be used.	User account is disabled. This could be be- cause it use the same account name as the ad- ministrator account.
account is unavailable: The authentication password is not set up.	User account is disabled. This could be be- cause the authentication password is not set, and only the encryption account is set.
account is unavailable: encryption is impossible.	Encryption is not possible and account is disabled. This could be because:Security option is not installed.Encryption password has not been specified.
add_sess_IPv4: bad trap <ipv4 address="">com- munity <community name=""></community></ipv4>	The IPv4 address (0.0.0.0.) is unavailable when the community access type is TRAP. Specify the host IPv4 address for the TRAP destination.
add_sess_IPv6: bad trap <ipv6 address="">com- munity <community name=""></community></ipv6>	The IPv6 address [::] is unavailable when the community access type is TRAP. Specify the host IPv6 address for the TRAP destination.
add_sess_IPv4: community <community name> already defined.</community 	The same community name already exists. Use another community name.
add_sess_IPv6: community <community name> already defined.</community 	The same community name already exists. Use another community name.
add_sess_IPX: bad trap <ipx address="">commu- nity <community name=""></community></ipx>	The IPX address (00:00:00:00:00:00) is unavail- able when the community access type is TRAP. Specify the host IPX address for the TRAP destination.
add_sess_ipx: community <community- name> already defined.</community- 	The same community name already exists. Use another community name.
Attach FileServer= <file servername=""></file>	Connection to the file server as the nearest server has been established.

Message	Problem and solutions
Attach to print queue <print name="" queue=""></print>	(In the print server mode) Attached to the print queue.
Authentication mode mismatch< SSID >	Authentication mode is different to the AP. The required SSID is the SSID of the access point connected to when in infrastructure mode.
btd is disabled.	Communication via Bluetooth is unavailable because btd is disabled in the security mode. Enable the btd in the security mode.
centrod is disabled.	Communication via parallel connection is un- available because centrod is disabled in the se- curity mode. Enable centrod in the security mode.
Cannot create service connection	(In the remote printer mode) Connection to the file server has not been established. The number of file server users may have exceeded the maximum capacity of the file server.
Cannot find rprinter (<print server<br="">name>/<printer number="">)</printer></print>	The printer with the number displayed on the print server does not exist. Make sure that the printer number is registered on the print server.
Change IP address from DHCP Server.	The IP address changes when DHCP lease is re- newed. To always assign the same IP address, set a static IP address to the DHCP server.
child process exec error! (process name)	The network service failed to start. Turn the printer off and then on. If this does not work, contact your service or sales representative.
Client password rejected	The client's password was rejected. Check the client password.
Client tls certificate rejected	The client's TLS certificate was rejected. Check the certificate.
Connected DHCP Server(<dhcp serverad-<br="">dress>).</dhcp>	The IP address was successfully received from the DHCPserver.
Could not attach to FileServer <error number=""></error>	(In the remote printer mode) Connection to the file server has not been established. The file server has refused the connection. Check the file server configuration.
Could not attach to PServer <print server=""></print>	(In the remote printer mode) Connection to the print server has not been established. The print server has refused the connection. Check the print server configuration.
Current Interface Speed:xxxMbps	Speed of the network (10Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1Gbps).
Current IP address <currentip address=""></currentip>	Current IPv4 address.
Current IPX address <ipx address=""></ipx>	Current IPX address

Message	Problem and solutions
DHCP lease time expired.	DHCP lease time has expired. The printer tries to discover the DHCP server again. The IP ad- dress until now becomes invalid.
DHCP server not found.	The DHCP server was not found. Make sure that the DHCP is on the network.
dhcpcd start.	The DHCPCD service (dhcp client service) has started.
dpsd is disabled.	Communication via PictBridge is unavailable because PictBridge is disabled in the security mode. Enable PictBridge in the security mode.
Duplicate IP= <ip address="">(from<mac ad-<br="">dress>).</mac></ip>	The same IP address (IPv, or IPv6 address) was used. Each IP address (IPv, or IPv6 address) must be unique. Check the address of the de- vice indicated in [MAC address].
Established SPX Connection with PServ- er,(RPSocket= <socketnumber>, con- nID=<connectionid>)</connectionid></socketnumber>	(In the remote printer mode) Connection to the print server has been established.
exiting	The lpd service has ended and the system is exiting the process.
Exit pserver	(In the print server mode) The print server function is disabled because the necessary print server settings have not been made.
Frametype = <frame typename=""/>	The frame type name is configured to be used on NetWare.
httpd start.	The httpd service has started.
IEEE 802.11b <communication mode=""> mode</communication>	Displays IEEE 802.11b communication mode.
inetd start.	The inetd service has started.
Interface (interface name): Duplicate IP Ad- dress (IP address).	The same IP (IPv4 or IPv6) address was used. Each IP address must be unique. Check the ad- dress of the device indicated in [IP address].
< Interface > started with IP: < IP address >	IP address (IPv4, or IPv4 address) has been set for the interface and is operating
< Interface >: Subnet overlap.	The same IP address (IPv, orIPv6 address) and the subnet mask is used with other device.
IPP cancel-job: permission denied.	The printer could not authenticate the name of the user attempting to cancel a job.
ipp disable.	Printing with ipp is disabled.
ipp enable.	Printing with ipp is enabled.
IPP job canceled. jobid=%d.	The spooled job was canceled due to error or user request.
LeaseTime= <lease time="">(sec), Renew- Time=<renewtime>(sec).</renewtime></lease>	The resource lease time received from the DHCP server is displayed in [lease time] in seconds. The renewal time is displayed in [re- newtime] in seconds.

Message	Problem and solutions
Login to fileserver <file name="" server=""> (<ipx ipv4="" ipv6="" ="">,<nds bind-<br="" ="">ERY NDS BINDERY>)</nds></ipx></file>	(In the print server mode) Login to the file server is in the NDS or BINDERY mode.
Memory allocate error.	Data cannot be obtained.
	Disconnect the USB cable, and then connect it.
Name registration success. WINS Serv- er= <wins address="" server=""> NetBIOS Name=<netbiosname></netbiosname></wins>	Name registration of <netbios name=""> to <wins serveraddress=""> was successful.</wins></netbios>
Name registration success in Broadcast name= <netbios name=""></netbios>	Name registration by Broadcast name of <net- BIOS Name>was successful.</net-
Name registration failed. name= <netbios name=""></netbios>	Name registration of <netbiosname> failed. Change to different NetBIOS name.</netbiosname>
nbtd start.	The nbtd service has started.
nprinter start (Netware)	(In the remote printer mode) The NetWare service has started.
nwstart start. (NetWare)	The service for NetWare protocol stack setting has started.
Open log file <file name=""></file>	(In the print server mode)The specified log file has been opened.
phy release file open failed.	Replacing the network interface board is required. Contact your sales or service representative.
Print queue <print name="" queue=""> cannot be serviced by printer 0, <print servername=""></print></print>	(In the print server mode) The print queue cannot be established. Make sure that print queue exists on the specified file server.
Print server <print servername="">has no printer.</print>	(In the print server mode) The printer is not as- signed to the print server. Using NWadmin, assign the printer, and then restart it.
print session full	No more print jobs can be accepted.
Printer <printer name=""> has no queue</printer>	(In the print server mode) The print queue is not assigned to the printer. Using NWadmin, assign the print queue to the printer, and then restart it.
pserver start. (NetWare)	(In the print server mode) The NetWare serv- ice has started.
Required file server (<file servername="">) not found</file>	The required file server is not found.
received EAP Failure	EAP reception failed.
restarted.	The lpd service has started.
sap enable, saptype= <sap type="">, sap- name=<sap name=""></sap></sap>	The SAP function has started. The SAP packet is issued to advertise the service on the SAP ta- ble on the NetWare server.
server identity invalid	The server ID is disabled. Check the server au- thentication.

Message	Problem and solutions
session IPv4 <community name=""> not defined.</community>	The requested community name is not de- fined.
session IPv6 <community name=""> not defined.</community>	The requested community name is not de- fined.
session <community name=""> already defined.</community>	The requested community name is not de- fined.
session_ipx <community name=""> not defined.</community>	The requested community name is not de- fined.
Set context to <nds contextname=""></nds>	An NDS context name has been set.
smbd start. (NETBIOS)	The smbd service has started.
SMTPC: failed to get smtp server ip-address.	The SMTP server IP address could not be ob- tained. This could be because:
	• The specified DNS server could not be found.
	• No connection to the network has been es- tablished.
	• The specified DNS server could not be found.
	• An incorrect DNS server is specified.
	• The specified SMTP server IP address could not be found in the DNS server.
SMTPC: failed to connect smtp server. time- out.	Connection to the SMTP server failed due to timeout. This could be because the specified SMTP server name is incorrect, or no connec- tion to the network has been established, or the network configuration is incorrect, so there is no response from the SMTP server. Check the SMTP server name, or the network connection and configuration.
SMTPC: refused connect by smtp server.	Connection to the SMTP server is denied. This could be because server other than the SMTP server has been specified, or the specified SMTP server port number is incorrect. Check the SMTP server name, port number, or the SMTP server port number.
SMTPC: no smtp server. connection close.	Connection to the SMTP server failed due to no response from SMTP. This could be be- cause a server other than the SMTP server has been specified, or the specified SMTP server port number is incorrect. Check the SMTP server name, port number, or the SMTP server port number.

Message	Problem and solutions
SMTPC: failed to connect smtp server.	Connection to the SMTP server failed. This could be because no connection to the network has been established, or the network configu- ration is incorrect, so there is no response from the SMTP server, or the specified SMTP server name is incorrect, or the specified SMTP server IP address could not be found in the DNS serv- er, or a server other than the SMTP server has been specified, or the specified SMTP server port number is incorrect. Check the DNS Serv- er's IP address and SMTP server's IP address, or the SMTP servername and SMTP port number, or the network connection and con- figuration.
SMTPC: username or password wasn't correct. [response code] (information)	Connection to the SMTP server failed, because the specified SMTP user name is incorrect, or the specified SMTP password is incor- rect.Check the SMTP user name and password.
Snmp over IPv4 is ready	Communication over IPv4 with snmp is available.
Snmp over IPv6 is ready.	Communication over IPv6 with snmp is available.
Snmp over IPv4 over 1394 is ready.	Communication over IPv4 over 1394 with snmp is available.
Snmp over ipx is ready.	Communication over IPX with snmp is available.
snmpd start.	The snmpd service has started.
started.	The direct print service has started.
Started.	The bonjour (rendezvous) function is enabled.
terminated.	The bonjour (rendezvous) function is disabled.
The print server received error <error number> during attempt to log in to the net- work. Access to the network was denied. Ver- ify that the print server name and password are correct.</error 	Login to the file server failed.The print server is not registered or a password is specified. Register the print server without specifying a password.
too many pictures.	PictBridge printing failed because too many image are sent during one print transacation. Reduce images at one print transaction.
trap account is unavailable.	v3Trap cannot be sent. This could be because the Trap destination account is different from the account specified by the printer.
usbd is disable.	Plug and Play function and printing is disabled because usbd is disabled in the security mode. Enable usbd in the security mode.
WINS name registration: No response to serv- er <wins address="" server=""></wins>	There was no response from the WINS server. Check the correct WINS server address is en- tered. Alternatively,check the WINS server is functioning properly.

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Message	Problem and solutions
WINS wrong scopeID= <scope id=""></scope>	An invalid scope ID was used.Use a valid scope ID.
wpa authentication Failed	WPA authentication failed. Check the WPA configuration.
wpa authentication started	WPA authentication has started.
wpa IEEE802.1X started	WPA authentication has started.
wpa connecting to authenticator	WPA is connecting to authenticator.
wpa link up	WPA key exchange has finished, and commu- nication has been terminated.
wpa probe response doesn't have IE.	WPA probe response does not have IE.
wpa success authenticated	WPA authentication was successful.
wpa success key received	WPA key reception was successful.
wpa waiting for key	Waiting for WPA key.
wpasupd start	wpasupd has started.
wpasupd stop	wpasupd has ended.

🖉 Note

□ For details about UNIX commands and parameters, see UNIX Supplement.

3. Special Operations under Windows

Printing Files Directly from Windows

You can print files directly using Windows commands. For example, you can print PostScript files for Post-Script 3.

✤ Windows 95/98/Me

You can print files directly using ftp or sftp command.

Windows 2000/XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows NT 4.0

You can print files directly using lpr, rcp ftp or sftp command.

Setup

Follow the procedure below to make network environment settings.

Enable TCP/IP with the control panel, and then set up the printer's network environment about TCP/IP including IP addresses.

TCP/IP of the printer is set as default.

2 Install a TCP/IP in Windows to set up the network environment.

Consult the network administrator for the local setting information.

U To print under Windows 2000/XP, Windows Server 2003, install "Printing service for UNIX" as the network application. To print under Windows NT 4.0, install "Microsoft TCP/IP printing" as the network application.

Reference p.119 "Using DHCP"

Using a Host Name Instead of an IPv4 Address

When a host name is defined, you can specify a printer by host name instead of IP address. The host names vary depending on the network environment.

When using DNS

Use the host name set to the data file on the DNS server.

When setting the IPv4 address of a printer using DHCP

Use the printer name on the configuration page as the host name.

🖉 Note

For details about printing a configuration page, see General Setting Guide.

In other cases

Add the IP address and host name of the network printer to the hosts file on the computer used for printing. Methods of addition vary depending on operating systems.

Windows 95/98/Me

2 Open the "\WINDOWS\HOSTS" file created using memo pad files, for instance.

Add an IP address and host name to the hosts file using the following format:

192.168.15.16 host # NP

"192.168.15.16" is the IP address, "host" is the printer's host name, and "#NP" is replaced by comments. Insert a space or tab between "192.168.15.16" and "host", between "host" and "#NP" respectively, using one line for this format.

4 Save the file.

Windows 2000/XP, Windows Server 2003, Windows NT 4.0

Open the hosts file using memo pad files, for instance.

The hosts file is in the following folder:

\WINNT\SYSTEM32\DRIV-ERS\ETC\HOSTS

"\WINNT" is the directory of the installation destination for Windows 2000/XP, Windows Server 2003, and Windows NT 4.0.

2 Add an IPv4 or IPv6address and host name to the hosts file using the following format:

192.168.15.16 host # NP

"192.168.15.16" is the IPv4 address, "host" is the printer's host name, and "#NP" is replaced by comments. Insert a space or tab between "192.168.15.16" and "host", between "host" and "#NP" respectively, using one line for this format.

2001:DB::100 host # NP

"2001:DB::100" is the IPv6 address, "host" is the printer's host name, and "#NP" is replaced by comments. Insert a space or tab between "2001:DB::100" and "host", between "host" and "#NP" respectively, using one line for this format.

3 Save the file.

🖉 Note

When using a host name under Windows Server 2003 with IPv6 protocol, perform host name resolution using an exrernal DNS server. The host file cannot be used.

Printing Commands

The following explains printing operations using the "lpr", "rcp", and "ftp" commands.

Enter commands using the command prompt window. The location of the command prompts varies depending on operating systems:

- Windows 95/98
 [Start] [Programs] [MS-DOS
 Prompt]
- Windows Me [Start] - [Programs] - [Accessories] -[MS-DOS Prompt]
- Windows 2000
 [Start] [Programs] [Accessories]
 [Command Prompt]
- Windows XP, Windows Server 2003 [Start] - [All Programs] - [Accessories] - [Command Prompt]
- Windows NT 4.0 [Start] - [Programs] - [Command Prompt]

🖉 Note

- Match the data format of the file to be printed with the emulation mode of the printer.
- If the message "print requests full" appears, no print jobs can be accepted. Try again when sessions end. For each command, the amount of possible sessions is indicated as follows:
 - lpr: 5(When the spool printing function is available: 10)
 - rcp, rsh: 5
 - ftp: 3
 - sftp: 3
- Enter the file name in a format including the path from the directory executing commands.

The "option" specified in a command is an intrinsic printer option and its syntax is similar to printing from UNIX. For details, see UNIX Supplement.

lpr

When specifying a printer by IP address

c:> lpr -Sprinter's IP address [-Poption] [-ol] \pass name\file name

 When using a host name instead of an IP address

c:> lpr -Sprinter's host name [-Poption] [-ol] \pass name\file name When printing a binary file, add

the "-ol" option (lowercase O, and lowercase L).

When using a printer with the host name "host" to print a PostScript file named "file 1" located in the "C:\PRINT" directory, the command line is as follows:

c:> lpr -Shost -Pfiletype=RPS -ol C:\PRINT\file1

rcp

First, register the printer's host name in the hosts file.

c:> rcp [-b] \pass name\file
name [pass name\file name...]
printer's host name:[option]

🖉 Note

- □ In file names, "*" and "?" can be used as wild cards.
- □ When printing a binary file, add the "-b" option.

When using a printer with the host name "host" to print a PostScript file named "file 1" or "file 2" located in the "C:\PRINT" directory, the command line is as follows:

c:> rcp -b C:\PRINT\file1 C:\PRINT\file2 host:filetype=RPS

Reference

p.113 "Using a Host Name Instead of an IPv4 Address"

ftp/sftp

Use the "put" or "mput" command according to the number of files to be printed.

When one file is printed

ftp> put \pass name\file
name [option]

When multiple files are printed

ftp> mput \pass name\file
name [\pass name\file
name...] [option]

Follow the procedure below to print using the "ftp" command.

Formulate the printer's IP address or the host name of the hosts file printer as an argument and use the "ftp" or "sftp" command.

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2 Enter the user name and password, and then press the [# Enter] key.

For details about the user name and password, consult your network administrator.

User: Password:

When user authentication is set, enter a login user name and password.

B When printing a binary file, set the file mode to binary.

ftp> bin

When printing a binary file in AS-CII mode, print may not come out correctly.

Specify files to be printed.

The following shows the examples of printing a PostScript file named "file 1" in the "C:\PRINT" directory and printing file 1 and file 2.

ftp> put C:\PRINT\file1
filetype=RPS
ftp> mput C:\PRINT\file1
C:\PRINT\file2

5 Quit ftp.

ftp> bye

Solution Note

- "=", ",", "_", and ";"cannot be used for filenames. File names will be read as option strings.
- □ For "mput" command, option can not be defined.
- □ For "mput" command, "*" and "?" can be used as wild cards in file names.
- When printing a binary file in ASCII mode, print may not come out correctly.

4. Appendix

When Using Windows Terminal Service / MetaFrame

The following explains how to use Windows Terminal Service and Maintenance.

Operating Environment

The following operating systems and MetaFrame versions are supported.

- Windows NT Server 4.0 Terminal Server Edition
 - MetaFrame 1.8 SP3 / FR1+SP3 / SP4
 - MetaFrame XP 1.0 SP1 / SP2 / FR1
- Windows 2000 Server / Advanced Server
 - MetaFrame 1.8 SP3 / FR1+SP3 / SP4
 - MetaFrame XP 1.0 SP1 / SP2 / SP3 / FR1 / FR2 / FR3
 - MetaFrame Presentation Server 3.0
 - Citrix Presentation Server 4.0

Windows 2003 Server

- MetaFrame XP 1.0 FR3
- MetaFrame Presentation Server 3.0
- Citrix Presentation Server 4.0

Supported Printer Drivers

- When Windows Terminal Service is operating
 - PCL drivers
 - PostScript 3
 - RPCS drivers

Note 🖉

□ Some RPCS printer driver functions do not work if Windows Terminal Service is installed.

Limitations

The following limitations apply to the Windows Terminal Service environment.

These limitations are built in Windows Terminal Service or Meta-Frame.

Windows Terminal Service

In the Windows Terminal Service environment, some of the printer driver's functions is unavailable. In an environment where Windows Terminal Service is installed, some of the printer driver's functions is unavailable, even if any function of Windows Terminal Service is not used. When you install SmartDeviceMonitor for Client in an environment where the Terminal Service is running on a Windows NT Server 4.0 Terminal Server Edition or the Windows 2000 Server family computer, be sure to install it using the install mode. The following are the two methods of installation using the install mode:

- Use [Add/Remove Programs] in [Control Panel] to install Smart-DeviceMonitor for Client.
- ② Enter the following command in the MS-DOS command prompt:

To quit the install mode, enter the following command in the MS-DOS command prompt.

MetaFrame's [Auto-creating client printers]

Using **[Auto-creating client printers]** can select a logical printer created by copying the client's local printer data to the MetaFrame server. We strongly recommend testing this function in your network environment before using it for your work.

• The settings for optional equipment will not be stored in the server after the equipment is disconnected. The settings for optional equipment will be restored to its defaults each time the client computer logs on to the server.

- When printing a large number of bitmap images or using the server in a WAN environment over dial-up lines such as ISDN, printing may not be possible or errors may occur, depending on data transfer rates.
- When using MetaFrame XP 1.0 or higher versions, we recommend making settings in [Client Printer bandwidth] under [Citrix Management Console] according to the environment.
- If a print error occurs on the server and the print job or a printer created in **[Auto-creating client printers]** cannot be deleted, we recommend the following:
 - MetaFrame 1.8 SP3, Meta-Frame XP 1.0 SP1/FR1 Make settings in **[Delete unfinished print jobs]** in the registry. For details, see the Readme file provided with MetaFrame.
 - MetaFrame XP 1.0 FR2 Make settings in [Delete pending print jobs at logout] under [Printer Properties Management] of Citrix Management Console.

MetaFrame's [Printer driver replication]

Using **[Printer driver replication]** can distribute printer drivers across all servers in a server farm. We strongly recommend testing this function in your network environment before using it for your work.

• If the printer drivers are not properly copied, install them directly onto each server.

Using DHCP

You can use the printer in a DHCP environment. You can also register the printer NetBIOS name on a WINS server when it is running.

If you connect an Ethernet interface and IEEE 1394 (IPv4 over 1394) interface simultaneously, pay attention to the following:

When a static IPv4 address is set for both interfaces

- IPv4 Address: If interface IPv4 addresses overlap, the Ethernet interface is selected.
- Subnet Mask: If interface subnet masks overlap, the Ethernet interface is selected.
- Gateway Address: The selected value is applied. Make the gateway address setting inside the subnet set in the interface. If a value is beyond the range of the subnet selected by the interface, the machine operates using "0.0.0.0".

When obtaining addresses from the DHCP server

- IP Address, Subnet Mask: you can configure addresses assigned by a DHCP server. If IP addresses overlap or the same subnet IP addresses are selected, the effective value is assigned only to the prioritized interface. Ethernet has default interface priority.
- AutoNet: A temporary IPv4 address starting with 169.254 and not used on the network, is assigned to the prioritized interface.

Default interface priority is IEEE 1394 (IPv4 over 1394).

• Gateway Address, DNS Server Address, and Domain Name: You can configure the addresses assigned by DHCP to the prioritized interface.

If the gateway address is beyond the range of the subnet selected for the interface, the machine operates using "0.0.0.0".

Ethernet has default interface priority.

When there are static IP addresses and addresses assigned by DHCP

- IPv4 Address and subnet mask: if a static IPv4 address is the same as an address assigned by DHCP, or the static subnet mask address and the subnet mask address assigned by DHCP overlap, the machine uses the static IPv4 address interface. The interface with the DHCP setting is set by default.
- Gateway Address: operates using the address entered manually. If a static address is not selected, or is set to 0.0.0.0, the interface using the address assigned by DHCP is used.

🖉 Note

- Printers that register the printer NetBIOS name on a WINS server must be configured for the WINS server.
- Supported DHCP servers are Microsoft DHCP Server included with Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, and Windows NT 4.0, and the DHCP server included with NetWare and UNIX.

- If you do not use the WINS server, reserve the printer's IP address in the DHCP server so the same IP address is assigned every time.
- □ To use the WINS server, change the WINS server setting to "active" using the control panel.
- Using the WINS server, you can configure the host name via the remote network printer port.
- DHCP relay-agent is not supported. If you use DHCP relay-agent on a network via ISDN, it will result in increased line charges. This is because your computer connects to the ISDN line whenever a packet is transferred from the printer.
- If there is more than one DHCP server, use the same setting for all servers. The machine operates using data from the DHCP server that responds first.

Using AutoNet

If the printer IPv4 address is not automatically assigned by the DHCP server, a temporary IP address starting with 169.254 and not used on the network can be automatically selected by the printer.

🖉 Note

- The IP address assigned by the DHCP server is given priority over that selected by AutoNet.
- You can confirm the current IPv4 address on the configuration page. For more information about the configuration page, see General Settings Guide.
- When AutoNet is running, the NetBIOS name is not registered on the WINS server.
- The machine cannot communicate with devices that do not have the AutoNet function. However, this machine can communicate with Macintosh computers running Mac OS X 10.2.3. or higher.

Precautions

Please pay attention to the following when using the network interface board. When configuration is necessary, follow the appropriate procedures below.

Connecting a Dial-Up Router to a Network

When using NetWare (file server)

If the NetWare file server and printer are on opposite sides of a router, packets are sent back and forth continuously, possibly incurring communications charges. Because packet transmission is a feature of NetWare, you need to change the configuration of the router. If the network you are using does not allow you to configure the router, configure the machine instead.

Configuring the router

Filter packets so they do not pass over the dial-up router.

🖉 Note

- The MAC address of the filtering printer is printed on the printer configuration page. For more information about printing a configuration page, see **Printer Reference**.
- □ For more information about configuring the printer if the router cannot be configured, see the following instructions.

Configuring the printer with NetWare

1 Following the setup method described earlier in this manual, configure the file server.

2 Set the frame type for NetWare environment.

✓ Reference

For more information about selecting a frame type, see the General Settings Guide.

Configuring the printer without NetWare

When not printing, the network interface board sends packets over the network. Set NetWare to "inactive".

PReference

For more information about selecting a protocol, see General Settings Guide.

When Using Network Utility

If the machine is connected to a network, observe the following points when setting up the machine or changing settings:

For more details, see the operating instructions and Help for ScanRouter V2 Professional and DeskTopBinder Lite/Professional.

When a dial-up router is connected in a network environment

The settings for the delivery server to be connected must be made appropriately for the machine with ScanRouter V2 Professional, Auto Document Link, or DeskTopBinder Lite/Professional. In addition, set up connected devices using the I/O settings of ScanRouter V2 Administration Utility.

If the network environment changes, make the necessary changes for the delivery server using the machine, the administration utility of client computers, Auto Document Link, and DeskTopBinder Lite/Professional. Also, set the correct information for the connected devices using the I/O settings of ScanRouter V2 Administration Utility.

Important

If the machine is set up to connect to the delivery server via a dial-up router, the router will dial and go online whenever a connection to the delivery server is made. Telephone charges may be incurred.

- When connected to a computer that uses dial-up access
 - Do not install ScanRouter V2 Professional on a computer which uses dial-up access.
 - When using ScanRouter V2 Professional, DeskTopBinder Lite/Professional, Auto Document Link, or a TWAIN driver on a computer with dial-up access, a dial-up connection may be performed when connecting to the delivery server and other equipment, depending on the setup. If the computer is set up to connect to the Internet automatically, the confirmation dialog box will not appear, and telephone charges may be incurred without your being aware of it. To prevent unnecessary connections, the computer should be set up so the confirmation dialog box always appears before establishing a connection. Do not make unnecessary connections when using the above listed software.

NetWare Printing

Form feed

You should not configure form feed on NetWare. Form feed is controlled by the printer driver on Windows. If NetWare form feed is configured, the printer might not work properly. If you want to change form feed settings, always configure them using Windows.

- Under Windows 95/98/Me, clear the **[Form feed]** check box on the **[Printer Settings]** tab in the printer properties dialog box.
- Under Windows 2000/XP and Windows Server 2003, clear the [Form feed] check box on the [Net-Ware Settings] tab in the printer properties dialog box.
- Under Windows NT 4.0, clear the [Form feed] check box on the [Net-Ware Settings] tab in the printer properties dialog box.

Banner page

You should not configure a banner page on NetWare. If you want to change the banner page setting, always configure it using Windows.

- Under Windows 95/98/Me, clear the **[Enable banner]** check box on the **[Printer Settings]** tab in the printer properties dialog box.
- Under Windows 2000/XP and Windows Server 2003, clear the [Enable banner] check box on the [NetWare Settings] tab in the printer properties dialog box.
- Under Windows NT 4.0, clear the [Enable banner] check box on the [NetWare Settings] tab in the printer properties dialog box.

Printing after resetting the machine

After resetting the remote printer, the connection from the print server will be cut off for about 30-40 seconds before re-connecting. Depending on the NetWare specification, print jobs may be accepted, but they will not be printed during this interval.

When using the machine as a remote printer, wait about two minutes after resetting before attempting to print.

When the optional IEEE 802.11b interface unit Is Installed

When using the wireless LAN interface on the network, note the following:

When moving the machine

Detach the antennas when relocating the machine locally. After moving the machine, reat-

tach the antennas, ensuring that:

- The antennas are positioned clear of obstacles.
- There is 40 to 60 mm between the antennas, so that they do not touch.
- The exposure glass cover and the Auto Document Feeder (ADF) do not knock the antennas.

If the network area provides poor radio environment

Where radio wave conditions are bad, the network may not function due to interrupted or failed connections. When checking the wireless LAN signal and the access point, follow the procedure below to improve the situation:

- Position the access point nearer to the machine.
- Clear the space between access point and machine of obstructions.
- Move radio wave generating appliances, such as micro-waves, away from the machine and access point.

🖉 Note

- □ For information about how to check radio wave status, see the General Settings Guide.
- For more information about access point radio wave conditions, refer to the access point manual.

Information about Installed Applications

RSA[®] BSAFE



- This product includes RSA[®] BSAFE cryptographic or security protocol software from RSA Security Inc.
- RSA is a registered trademark and BSAFE is a registered trademark of RSA Security Inc.in the United States and/or other countries.
- RSA Security Inc. All rights reserved.

Specifications

Interface	100BASE-TX, 10BASE-T, IEEE 1394 (IPv4 over 1394), IEEE 802.11b
Frame type	EthernetII, IEEE 802.2, IEEE 802.3, SNAP
Printer (LAN-Fax)	IPv4 LPR RSH RCP DIPRINT FTP IPP IPX/SPX (NetWare) AppleTalk SMB
Internet Fax	IPv4 SMTP POP3 IMAP4
Network Scanner	IPv4 RSH FTP SMTP POP3 SMB NCP
Document Server	IPv4 FTP HTTP
Management Function	IPv4 RSH RCP FTP SNMP HTTP TELNET (mshell) NBT DHCP DNS LDAP
SNMP v1/v2	MIB-II, PrinterMIB, HostResourceMIB, RicohPrivateMIB

SNMP v3	MIB-II, PrinterMIB, HostResourceMIB, RicohPrivateMIB, SNMP-
	FRAMEWORK-MIB, SNMP-TARGET-MIB, SNMP-NOTIFICA-
	TION-MIB, SNMP-USER-BASED-SM-MIB, SNMP-VIEW-
	BASED-ACM-MIB

The optional IEEE 1394 interface board supports only IPv4 over 1394.

To use IPP and SMB, use the SmartDeviceMonitor for Client port.

To use IPP under Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, use the Standard IPP port. To use IPP under Windows 98, Windows 2000, Windows NT, use Smart-DeviceMonitor for Client.

Appletalk can be used when the PostScript 3 module is installed.

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