# Model GW-C1/C1d Machine Code: B282/B283

# **SERVICE MANUAL**

Mar. 17th, 2006 Subject to change Read This First 17-Mar-06

# Read This First

# Safety Notices

#### ▲Important Safety Notices

#### Prevention of Physical Injury

- 1. Before disassembling or assembling parts of the copier and peripherals, make sure that the power cord is unplugged.
- 2. The wall outlet should be near the copier and easily accessible.
- 3. Note that some components of the copier and the paper tray unit are supplied with electrical voltage even if the main power switch is turned off.
- 4. If a job has started before the copier completes the warm-up or initializing period, keep hands away from the mechanical and electrical components because the starts making copies as soon as the warm-up period is completed.
- 5. The inside and the metal parts of the fusing unit become extremely hot while the copier is operating. Be careful to avoid touching those components with your bare hands.

#### **Health Safety Conditions**

Toner and developer are non-toxic, but if you get either of them in your eyes by accident, it may cause temporary eye discomfort. Try to remove with eye drops or flush with water as first aid. If unsuccessful, get medical attention.

#### Observance of Electrical Safety Standards

The copier and its peripherals must be installed and maintained by a customer service representative who has completed the training course on those models.

#### Safety and Ecological Notes for Disposal

- 6. Do not incinerate toner bottles or used toner. Toner dust may ignite suddenly when exposed to an open flame.
- 7. Dispose of used toner, developer, and organic photoconductors in accordance with local regulations. (These are non-toxic supplies.)
- 8. Dispose of replaced parts in accordance with local regulations.

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#### Laser Safety

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) prohibits the repair of laser-based optical units in the field. The optical housing unit can only be repaired in a factory or at a location with the requisite equipment. The laser subsystem is replaceable in the field by a qualified Customer Engineer. The laser chassis is not repairable in the field. Customer engineers are therefore directed to return all chassis and laser subsystems to the factory or service depot when replacement of the optical subsystem is required.



 Use of controls, or adjustment, or performance of procedures other than those specified in this manual may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

#### **AWARNING FOR LASER UNIT**

WARNING: Turn off the main switch before attempting any of the procedures in the Laser Unit section. Laser beams can seriously damage your eyes.

#### **CAUTION MARKING:**



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# Symbols and Abbreviations

This manual uses several symbols and abbreviations. The meaning of those symbols and abbreviations are as follows:

| •   | See or Refer to |  |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| ℴ   | Clip ring       |  |
| F   | Screw           |  |
|     | Connector       |  |
| SEF | Short Edge Feed |  |
| LEF | Long Edge Feed  |  |

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# Installation

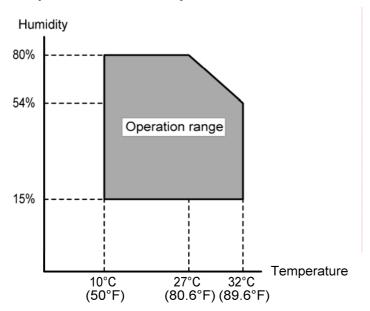
# Installation Requirements

# CAUTION

- Before installing options, please do the following:
  - If there is a printer option in the machine, print out all data in the printer buffer.
  - Turn off the main switch and disconnect the power cord, the telephone line, and the network cable.

#### Environment

#### -Temperature and Humidity Chart-



| •  | Temperature Range:    | 10°C to 32°C (50°F to 89.6°F)                          |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| •  | Humidity Range:       | 15% to 80% RH  |
| •  | Ambient Illumination: | Less than 1,500 lux (do not expose to direct sunlight) |
| •  | Ventilation:          | 3 times/hr/person or more                              |
| •  | Ambient Dust:         | Less than 0.075 mg/m³ (2.0 x 10-6 oz/yd³)              |
| Avoid areas exposed to sudden temperature changes: |                       |  |

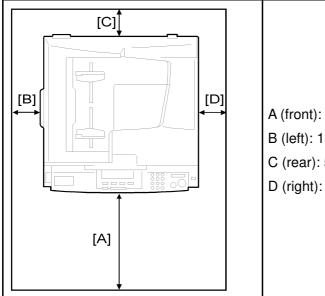
- 1) Areas directly exposed to cool air from an air conditioner.
- 2) Areas directly exposed to heat from a heater.
- Do not place the machine in areas where it can get exposed to corrosive gases.
- Do not install the machine at any location over 2,000 m (6,500 ft.) above sea level.
- Place the machine on a strong and level base. (Inclination on any side should be no more than 5 mm.)
- Do not place the machine where it is subjected to strong vibrations.

#### Machine Level

| Front to back: | Within 5 mm (0.2") of level |
|----------------|-----------------------------|
| Right to left: | Within 5 mm (0.2") of level |

#### Minimum Space Requirements

Place the copier near the power source, providing clearance as shown:



A (front): 750 mm (30")
B (left): 150 mm (6")
C (rear): 50 mm (2")
D (right): 250 mm (10")

The recommended 750 mm front space is sufficient to allow the paper tray to be pulled out. Additional front space is required to allow operators to stand at the front of the machine.

#### **Power Requirements**

# **ACAUTION**

Make sure that the wall outlet is near the machine and easily accessible. After.
 completing installation, make sure the plug fits firmly into the outlet.

- Avoid multi-wiring.
- Be sure to ground the machine

#### Input voltage:

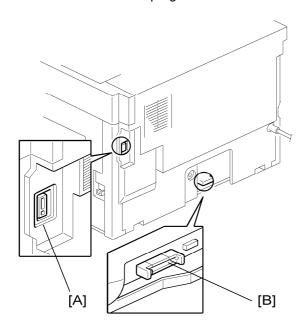
China: 220 - 240 V, 50/60 Hz, 7 A

# Copier Installation

#### Power Sockets for Peripherals

#### CAUTION

Make sure to plug the cables into the correct sockets.



[A]: Socket for ADF/ARDF (Rated voltage output max. DC24 V)

[B]: Socket for paper tray unit (Rated voltage output max. DC24 V)

#### **Accessory Check**

Check that you have the accessories in this list.

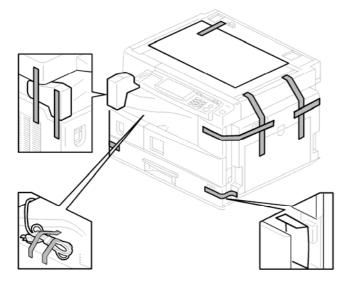
| No. | Description                                      | Q'ty |
|-----|--|------|
| 1   | NECR-English /Multi-language                     | 1    |
| 2   | Operating Instructions-System (book)             | 1    |
| 3   | Operating Instructions-Copy (book)               | 1    |
| 4   | Operating Instructions –Printer/Scanner (CD-ROM) | 1    |
| 5   | Name/Tel -Sheet                                  | 1    |
| 6   | Seal-Lifting Grip                                | 1    |

| No. | Description  | Q'ty |
|-----|--------------|------|
| 7   | Ferrite Core | 1    |
| 8   | Sheet-EULA   | 1    |
| 9   | Seal-Caution | 1    |
| 10  | Toner Bottle | 1    |
| 11  | Developer    | 1    |

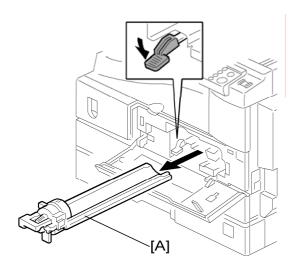
#### Installation Procedure

# **<b> ▲**CAUTION

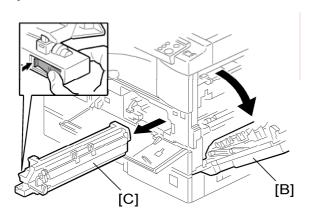
Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.



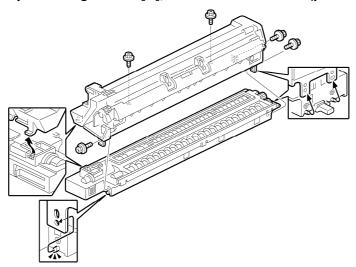
1. Remove filament tape and other padding.



1. Open the front door and remove the toner bottle holder [A]



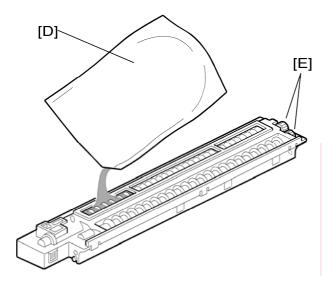
2. Open the right door [B], and remove the PCU (photoconductor unit) [C].



- 3. Separate the PCU into the upper part and the lower part ( $\mathcal{F} \times 5$ ).
- 4. Put a sheet of paper on a level surface and place the upper part on it.



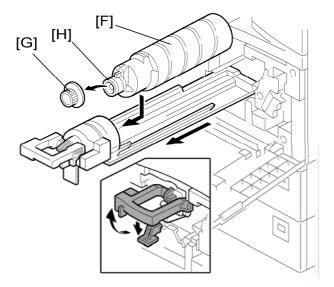
This prevents foreign material from getting on the sleeve rollers



5. Distribute a pack of developer [D] to all openings equally.

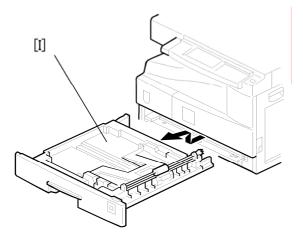


- Do not spill the developer on the gears [E]. If you have spilled it, remove the developer by using a magnet or magnetized screwdriver.
- Do not turn the gear [E] too much. The developer may spill.



- 6. Reassemble the PCU and reinstall it.
- 7. Shake the toner bottle [F] several times. (Do not remove the bottle cap [G] before you shake the bottle.)
- 8. Remove the bottle cap [G] and install the bottle on the holder. (Do not touch the inner cap [H].)

9. Set the holder (with the toner bottle) in the machine.



10. Pull out the paper tray [I] and turn the paper size dial to the appropriate size.

Adjust the positions of the end and side guides.



- To move the side guides, release the green lock on the rear side guide.
- 11. Install the optional ARDF, ADF, or platen cover.
- 12. Plug in the main power cord and turn on the main switch.
- 13. Activate the SP mode and execute "Devlpr Initialize" (SP 2214 1).
- 14. Wait until the message "Completed" shows (about 45 seconds).
- 15. Activate the User Tools and select the menu "Language."
- 16. Specify a language. This language is used for the operation panel.
- 17. Load the paper in the paper tray and make a full size copy, and make sure the side-to-side and leading edge registrations are correct.

# Platen Cover Installation

#### **Accessory Check**

Check that you have the accessories indicated below.

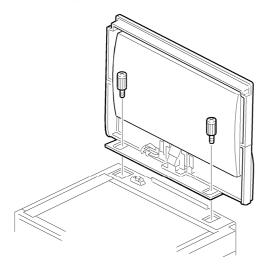
| No. | Description   | Q'ty |
|-----|---------------|------|
| 1   | Stepped Screw | 2    |

#### Installation Procedure



Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

Install the platen cover (F x 2).

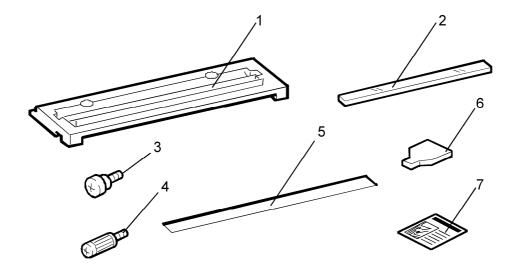


# ARDF Installation

# Accessory Check

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

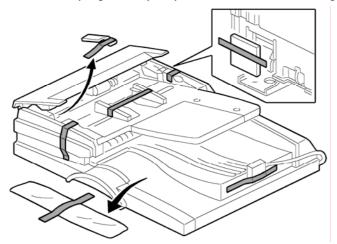
| No. | Description               | Q'ty |
|-----|---------------------------|------|
| 1   | Scale Guide               | 1    |
| 2   | DF Exposure Glass         | 1    |
| 3   | Stud Screw                | 2    |
| 4   | Knob Screw                | 2    |
| 5   | Original Size Decal       | 2    |
| 6   | Screwdriver Tool          | 1    |
| 7   | Attention Decal—Top Cover | 1    |
| 8   | Stamp Cartridge           | 1    |
| 9   | Installation Procedure    | 1    |



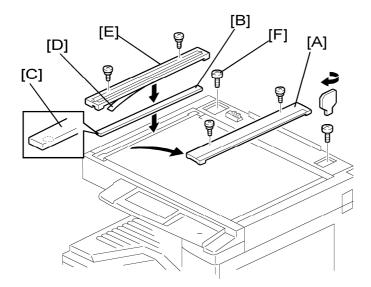
#### Installation Procedure

## **ACAUTION**

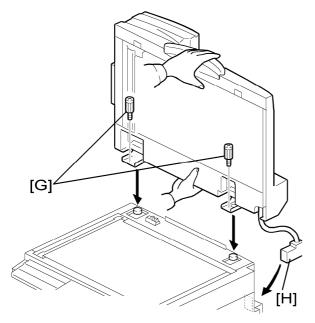
Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.



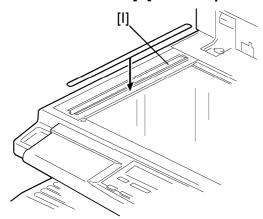
1. Remove the strips of tape.



- 2. Remove the left scale [A] ( x 2).
- 3. Place the DF exposure glass [B] on the glass holder. Make sure that the white mark [C] is on the bottom at the front end.
- 4. Peel off the backing [D] of the double-sided tape attached to the rear side of the scale guide [E], then install the scale guide ( x 2 [removed in step 2]).
- 5. Install the two stud screws [F].
- 6. Mount the ARDF on the copier, and then slide it to the front.



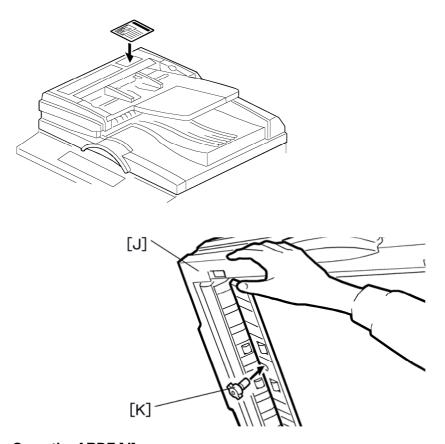
- 7. Secure the ARDF unit with the knob screws [G].
- 8. Connect the cable [H] to the copier.



- 9. Attach the appropriate original size decal [I] as shown.
- 10. Attach an attention decal to the top cover.



The attention decals in the package are written in different languages.



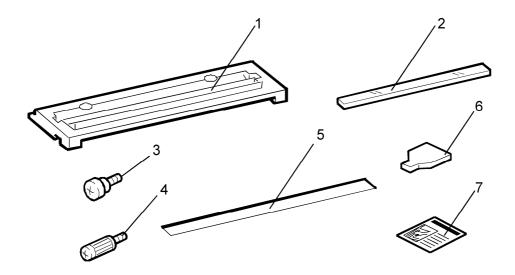
- 11. Open the ARDF [J].
- 12. Install the stamp cartridge [K] to the ARDF.
- 13. Make a full size copy, and check that the side-to-side and leading edge registrations are correct. If they are not, adjust the side-to-side and leading edge registrations. ( ARDF Image Adjustment)

# **ADF** Installation

# Accessory Check

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

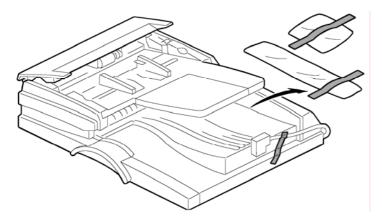
| No. | Description               | Q'ty |
|-----|---------------------------|------|
| 1   | Scale Guide               | 1    |
| 2   | DF Exposure Glass         | 1    |
| 3   | Stud Screw                | 2    |
| 4   | Fixing Screw              | 2    |
| 5   | Original Size Decal       | 2    |
| 6   | Screwdriver Tool          | 1    |
| 7   | Attention Decal—Top Cover | 1    |
| 8   | Stamp Cartridge           | 1    |
| 9   | Installation Procedure    | 1    |



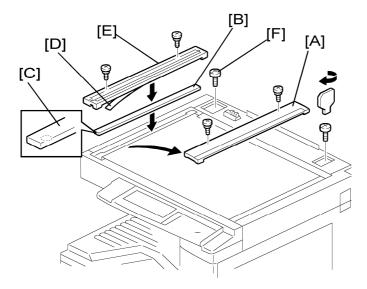
#### Installation Procedure

## CAUTION

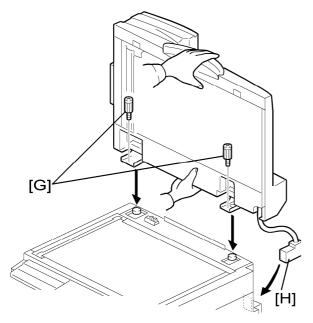
Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.



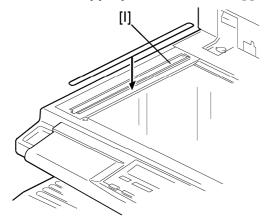
1. Remove the strips of tape.



- 2. Remove the left scale [A] ( x 2).
- 3. Place the DF exposure glass [B] on the glass holder. Make sure that the white mark [C] is on the bottom at the front end.
- 4. Peel off the backing [D] of the double-sided tape attached to the rear side of the scale guide [E], then install the scale guide ( x 2 [removed in step 2]).
- 5. Install the two stud screws [F].
- 6. Mount the ADF on the copier, and then slide it to the front.



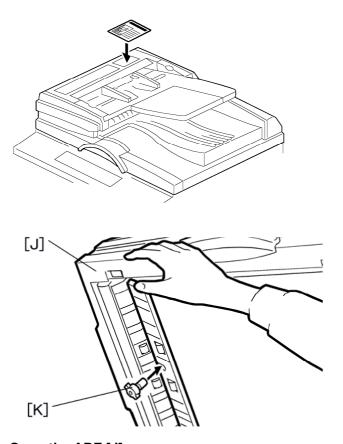
- 7. Secure the ADF unit with the fixing screws [G].
- 8. Connect the cable [H] to the copier.
- 9. Attach the appropriate scale decal [I] as shown.



10. Attach an attention decal to the top cover.



The attention decals in the package are written in different languages.



- 11. Open the ADF [J].
- 12. Install the stamp cartridge [K] to the ADF
- 13. Turn the main power switch on. Then check if the document feeder works properly.
- 14. Make a full size copy, and check that the side-to-side and leading edge registrations are correct. If they are not, adjust the side-to-side and leading edge registrations. ( ADF Image Adjustment)

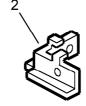
# Two-tray Paper Tray Unit Installation

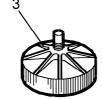
# Accessory Check

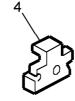
Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

| No. | Description   | Q'ty         |
|-----|---------------|--------------|
| 1   | Screw – M4x10 | 10           |
| 2   | Unit Holder   | 2 x 2 pieces |
| 3   | Adjuster      | 1            |
| 4   | Unit Holder   | 2            |





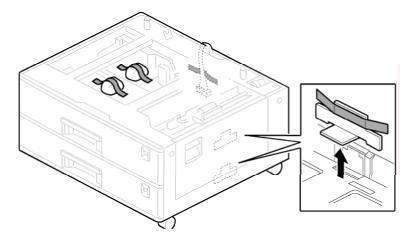




#### Installation Procedure

## **CAUTION**

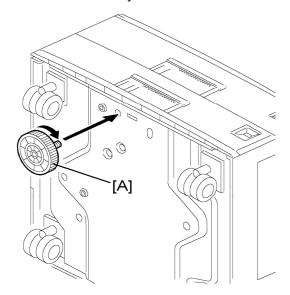
- If the optional printer unit is installed:
  - Print out all data in the printer buffer.
  - Disconnect the network cable.
  - Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.



1. Remove the strips of tape. Make sure that you have removed all the strips of tape and all the pieces of cardboard.



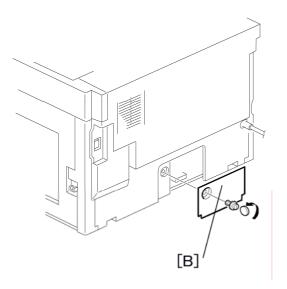
 After removing the tape that secures the peripheral components and cardboard to the paper tray, make sure that there is no tape and/or tape reside remaining on the tray.



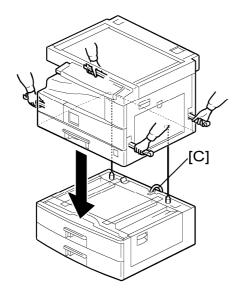
2. Attach the adjuster [A] to the base plate as shown.



This step is not necessary if a cabinet is installed.



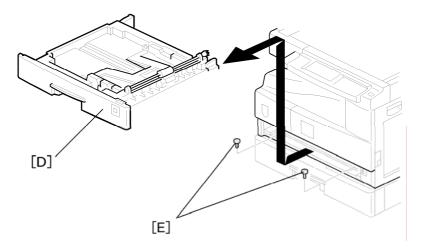
3. Remove the cover [B] (1 rivet).



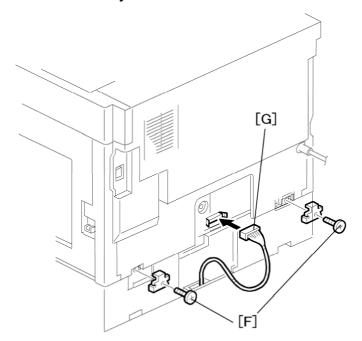
4. Set the copier on the paper tray unit.

# CAUTION

Before placing the copier on the paper tray unit, make sure that the harness [C] is safe. The paper tray unit does not function properly if the harness is damaged.



- 5. Remove the 1st tray cassette [D].
- 6. Install the two screws [E].
- 7. Reinstall the tray cassette.

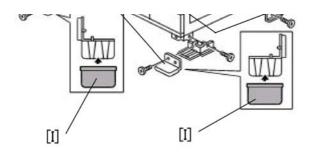


- 8. Install the two brackets [F] ( x 1 (each))
- 9. Connect the connecting harness [G] to the copier.



- There are cutouts for the plugs on both sides. The left side has one cutout, and the right side has two.
- 10. Reinstall the cover removed in step 3 (1 rivet).

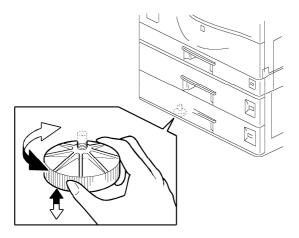




11. Install the four brackets with long supports [H] and covers [I] (2 screws each).



• These long supports prevent the unit from tipping over.



12. Rotate the adjuster (installed at step 2) to fix the machine in place.



- If a cabinet is installed, this step is unnecessary.
- 13. Load the paper in the paper trays and make full size copies from each tray. Check if the side-to-side and leading edge registrations are correct. If they are not, adjust the registrations (p.100)

# One-tray Paper Tray Unit Installation

#### **Accessory Check**

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

| No. | Description             | Q'ty |
|-----|-------------------------|------|
| 1   | Screw - M4 x 10         | 2    |
| 2   | Stepped Screw – M4 x 10 | 2    |
| 3   | Unit Holder             | 2    |



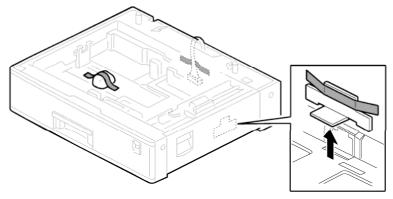




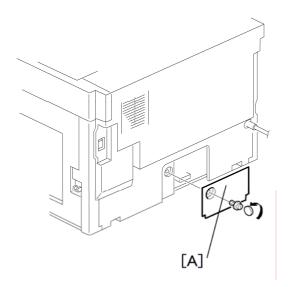
#### Installation Procedure

# **▲CAUTION**

- If the optional printer unit is installed:
  - Print out all data in the printer buffer.
  - Disconnect the network cable.
  - Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.



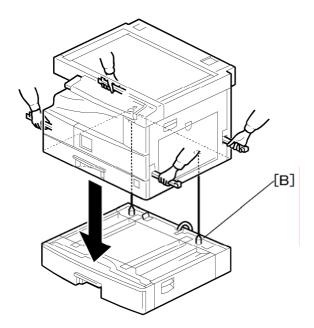
1. Remove the strips of tape. Make sure that you have removed all the strips of tape and all the pieces of cardboard.



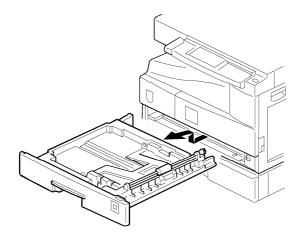
2. Remove the cover [A] (1 rivet).

# **ACAUTION**

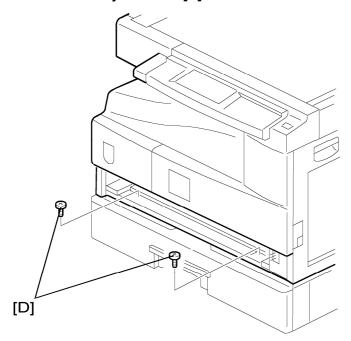
Before placing the copier on the paper tray unit, make sure that the harness [B] is safe. The paper tray unit does not function properly if the harness is damaged.



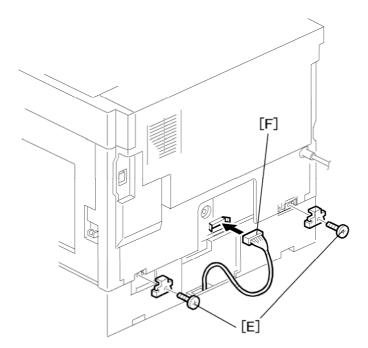
3. Set the copier on the paper tray unit.



4. Remove the tray cassette [C].



- 5. Install the two screws [D].
- 6. Reinstall the tray cassette.



- 7. Install the two brackets [E]. (1 stepped screw each).
- 8. Connect the connecting harness [F] to the copier.

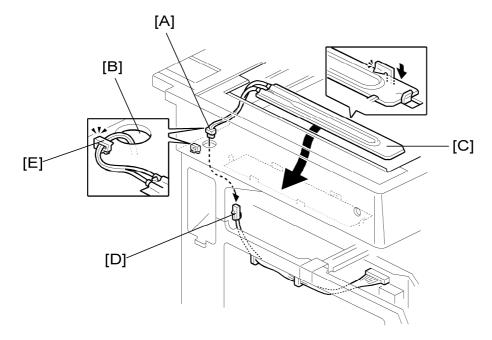


- There are cutouts for the plugs on both sides. The left side has one cutout, and the right side has two.
- 9. Reinstall the cover removed in step 2.
- 10. Load the paper in the paper tray and make full size copies from tray. Check if the side-to-side and leading edge registrations are correct. If they are not, adjust the registrations100.

# Anti-condensation Heater Installation

# **<b> ▲**CAUTION

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.



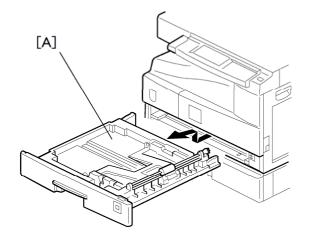
- 1. Remove the exposure glass.
- 2. Remove the left cover.
- 3. Pass the connector [A] through the opening [B].
- 4. Install the anti-condensation heater [C], as shown.
- 5. Join the connectors [A, D].
- 6. Clamp the harness with the clamp [E].
- 7. Reinstall the left cover and exposure glass.

# Tray Heaters

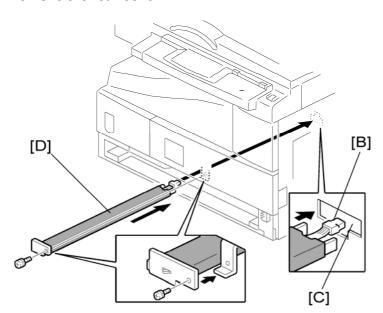
# **<b> ▲**CAUTION

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

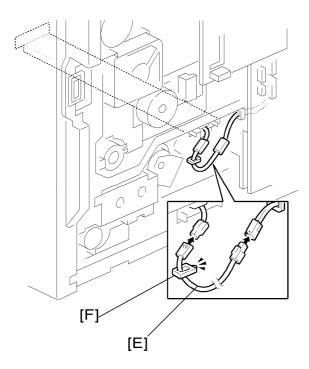
## Tray Heater



- 1. Remove the tray cassette [A].
- 2. Remove the rear cover.

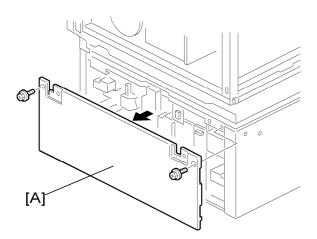


3. Pass the connector [B] through the opening [C] and install the tray heater [D] (F x 1).

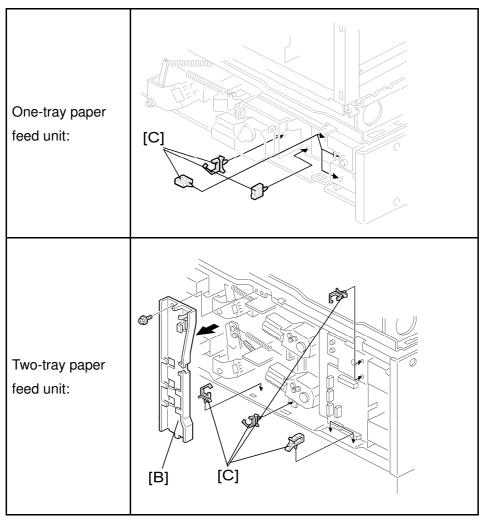


- 4. Install the relay harness [E].
- 5. Fix the harness with the clamp [F].
- 6. Reinstall the 1st tray cassette and the rear cover.

## Tray Heaters For The Optional Paper Feed Units

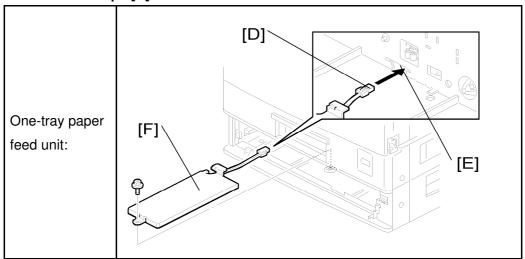


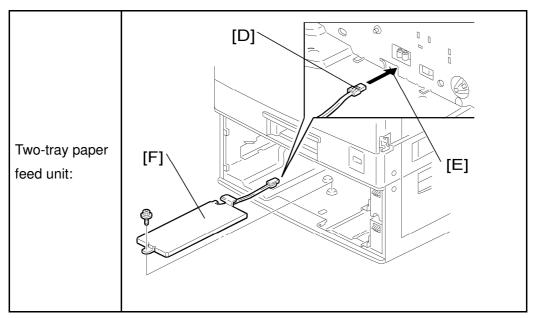
1. Remove the rear cover [A].for the paper tray unit



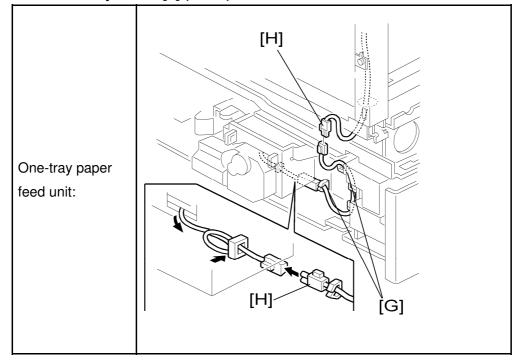
2. Two-tray unit only: Remove the cable guide [B].

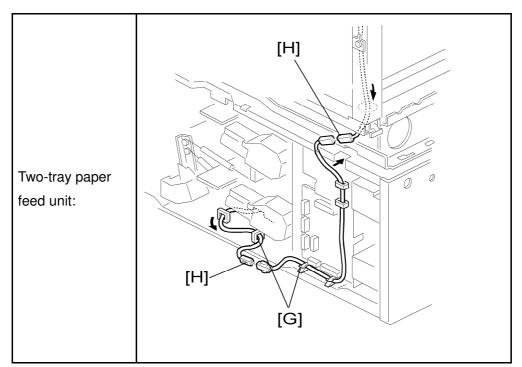
### 3. Install the clamps [C].



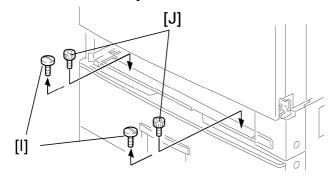


- 4. Pass the connector [D] through the opening [E].
- 5. Install the tray heater [F] ( x 1)





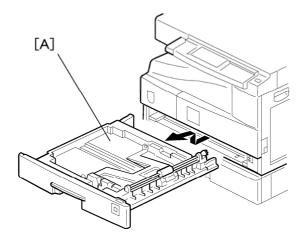
- 6. Clamp the cables [G], as shown.
- 7. Join the connectors [H].
- 8. Two-tray unit only: Reinstall the cable guide.
- 9. Remove the 1st tray cassette.



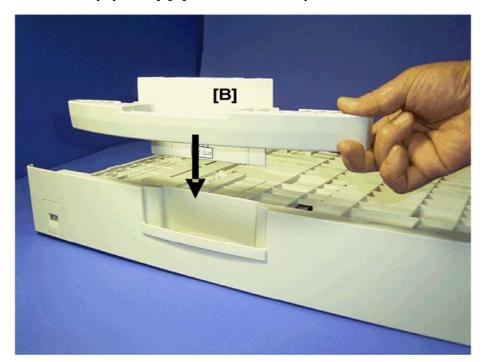
- 10. Remove the two screws [I] and install the two hexagonal socket screws [J].
- 11. Reinstall the 1st tray and the rear cover.

# Optional Paper Tray Grip Handle - Main Copier

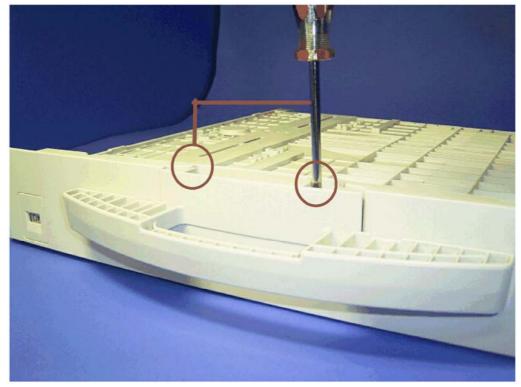
The following procedure is for the paper tray for the main copier only.



1. Remove the paper tray [A] from the main copier.



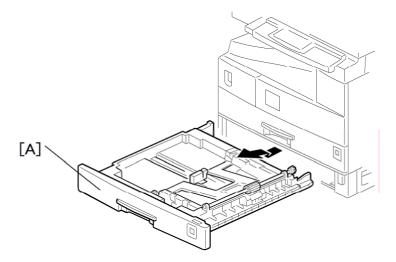
- 2. Turn the paper tray over to the opposite side.
- 3. Lower the paper tray grip handle [B] into the paper tray slot as shown with the arrow in the above illustration.



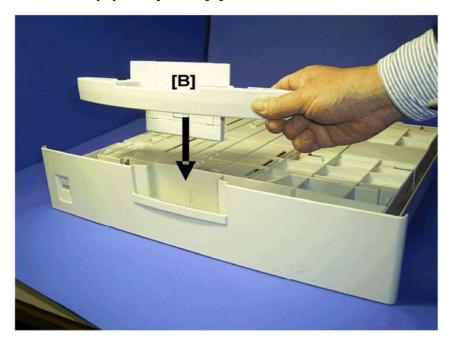
- 4. Attach the grip handle to the paper tray (2 x  $\mathscr{F}$ ) as shown above.
- 5. Put the paper tray back into the machine.

# Optional Paper Tray Grip Handle - Optional Paper Tray Unit

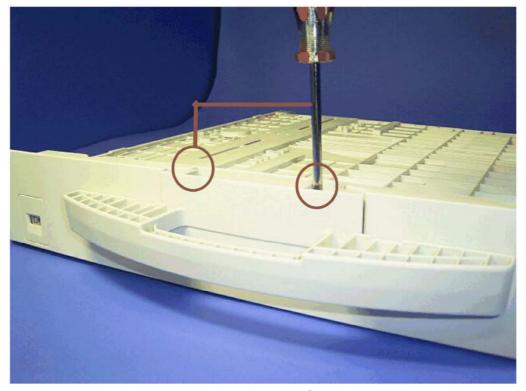
The following procedure is for the 1-tray and 2-tray optional paper feed units only.



1. Remove the paper tray units [A] from the machine.



- 2. Turn the paper tray unit over to the opposite side.
- 3. Lower the paper tray grip handle [B] into the paper tray slot as shown with the arrow in the above illustration.



- 4. Attach the grip handle to the paper tray (2 x  $\mathscr{F}$ ) as shown above.
- 5. Put the paper tray back into the machine.

# Preventive Maintenance

## **PM Tables**



- After preventive maintenance work, reset the PM counter (SP 7804 1).
- PM intervals (60k, 80k, and 120K) indicate the number of prints.

Key: AN: As necessary C: Clean R: Replace L: Lubricate I: Inspect

### **Optics**

|                     | EM | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE   |
|---------------------|----|-----|------|----|--|
| Reflector           | С  |     |      |    | Optics cloth   |
| 1st mirror          | С  |     |      | С  | Optics cloth   |
| 2nd mirror          | C  |     |      | С  | Optics cloth   |
| 3rd mirror          | O  |     |      | С  | Optics cloth   |
| Scanner guide rails | С  |     |      |    | Do not use alcohol.  |
| Platen cover        | -  |     |      | С  | Replace the platen sheet if necessary. Blower brush or alcohol |
| Exposure glass      | O  |     |      | С  | Blower brush or alcohol  |
| Toner shield glass  | С  |     |      |    | Blower brush   |

#### **Drum Area**

|                                | EM | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE |
|--------------------------------|----|-----|------|----|------|
| PCU                            |    | I   |      |    |      |
| Drum                           |    | R   |      |    |      |
| Developer                      |    | R   |      |    |      |
| Charge roller                  |    | R   |      |    |      |
| Cleaning brush (charge roller) |    | R   |      |    |      |

|                           | EM | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE         |
|---------------------------|----|-----|------|----|--------------|
| Cleaning blade (OPC drum) |    | R   |      |    |              |
| Pick-off pawls (OPC drum) |    | R   |      |    |              |
| Transfer roller           |    |     | R    |    |              |
| ID sensor                 | С  |     |      | С  | Blower brush |

### Paper Feed

|                                 | EM | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE                         |
|---------------------------------|----|-----|------|----|------------------------------|
| Paper feed roller               |    | С   | R    | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Friction pad                    |    | С   | R    | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Bottom-plate pad                |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Paper feed roller (bypass tray) |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Friction pad (bypass tray)      |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Bottom-plate pad (by-pass tray) |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Registration rollers            |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Relay rollers                   |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Paper feed guides               |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Paper-dust Mylar                |    | С   |      | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |

## **Fusing Unit**

|                                 | EM | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE |
|---------------------------------|----|-----|------|----|------|
| Hot roller                      |    |     | R    |    |      |
| Pressure roller                 |    |     | R    |    |      |
| Pressure roller cleaning roller |    |     | R    |    |      |
| Hot roller bushings             |    |     | I    |    |      |

|                           | EM | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE      |
|---------------------------|----|-----|------|----|-----------|
| Pressure-roller bushing   |    |     | R    |    |           |
| Hot roller stripper pawls |    |     | R    | С  | Dry cloth |
| Thermistor                |    | С   |      | С  | Dry cloth |
| Cleaning roller bushing   |    |     | С    | С  | Dry cloth |

### ADF/ARDF

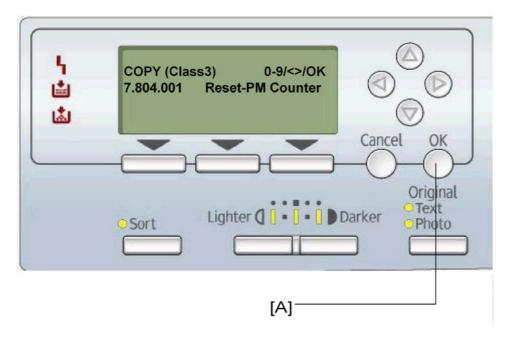
|                   | 80k | AN | NOTE                         |
|-------------------|-----|----|------------------------------|
| Feed belt         | R   | O  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Separation roller | R   | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Pick-up roller    | R   | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Stamp             |     | R  | Replace when necessary.      |
| White plate       |     | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| DF exposure glass |     | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Platen cover      | _   | С  | Clean with water or alcohol. |

## **Paper Tray Unit**

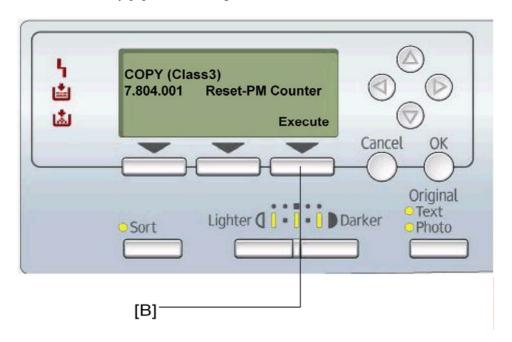
|                           | 60k | 120k | AN | NOTE                         |
|---------------------------|-----|------|----|------------------------------|
| Paper feed rollers        |     | R    | C  | Dry or damp cloth            |
| Bottom-plate pads         | O   |      | C  | Dry cloth                    |
| Paper-feed guides         | O   |      | O  | Clean with water or alcohol. |
| Friction pads             |     | R    | O  | Dry or damp cloth            |
| Relay clutch (B384 only)  |     | l    |    |                              |
| Feed clutches (B384 only) |     | I    |    |                              |
| Relay roller (B384 only)  |     | С    | С  | Dry cloth                    |

## How to Reset the PM Counter

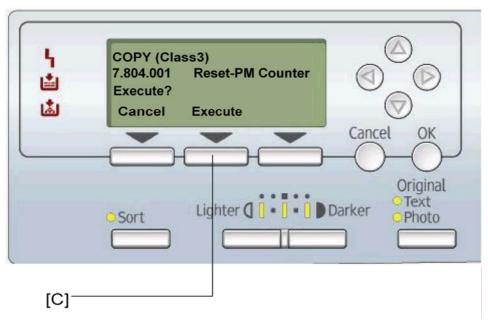
After preventive maintenance work, reset the PM counter (SP 7804 1) as follows.



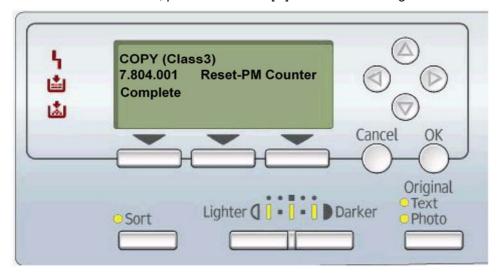
- 1. Activate the SP mode123.
- 2. Select SP 7804 1 (Reset-PM Counter).
- 3. Press the OK key [A]. The message "Execute" shows.



- 4. Press the button [B] below the message "Execute."
- 5. The messages "Execute?" followed by "Cancel" and "Execute" show.



6. To reset the PM counter, press the button [C] below the message "Execute."



- 7. Wait until the message "Completed" shows.
- 8. Quit the SP mode.

# Replacement and Adjustment

### **General Cautions**

Do not turn off the main switch while any of the electrical components are active. Doing so may result in damage to units (such as the PCU) as they are pulled out or replaced.

#### PCU (Photoconductor Unit)

The PCU consists of the OPC drum, charge roller, development unit, and cleaning components. Observe the following precautions when handling the PCU.

- Never touch the drum surface with bare hands. If the drum surface is dirty or if you have accidentally touched it, wipe it with a dry cloth, or clean it with wet cotton and then wipe it dry with a cloth.
- 2. Never use alcohol to clean the drum. Alcohol will dissolve the drum surface.
- 3. Store the PCU in a cool dry place.
- 4. Do not expose the drum to corrosive gases (ammonia, etc.).
- 5. Do not shake a used PCU, as this may cause toner and developer to spill out.
- 6. Dispose of used PCU components in accordance with local regulations.

### Transfer Roller

- 1. Never touch the surface of the transfer roller with bare hands.
- Be careful not to scratch the transfer roller, as the surface is easily damaged.

#### Scanner Unit

- 1. Use alcohol or glass cleaner to clean the exposure and scanning glass. This will reduce the static charge on the glass.
- 2. Use a blower brush or a water-moistened cotton pad to clean the mirrors and lenses.
- 3. Make sure to not bend or crease the exposure lamp's ribbon cable.
- 4. Do not disassemble the lens unit. This will cause the lens and copy image to get out of focus.
- 5. Do not turn any of the CCD positioning screws. This will put the CCD out of position.

#### Laser Unit

- Do not loosen or adjust the screws securing the LD drive board on the LD unit. This will
  put the LD unit out of adjustment.
- 2. Do not adjust the variable resistors on the LD unit. These are adjusted at the factory.

- 3. The polygonal mirror and F-theta lens are very sensitive to dust.
- 4. Do not touch the toner shield glass or the surface of the polygonal mirror with bare hands.

### **Fusing Unit**

- 1. After installing the fusing thermistor, make sure that it is in contact with the hot roller and that the roller can rotate freely.
- 2. Be careful to avoid damage to the hot roller stripper pawls and their tension springs.
- 3. Do not touch the fusing lamp and rollers with bare hands.
- 4. Make sure that the fusing lamp is positioned correctly and that it does not touch the inner surface of the hot roller.

### Paper Feed

- 1. Do not touch the surface of the paper feed rollers.
- 2. To avoid misfeeds, the side and end fences in each paper tray must be positioned correctly so as to align with the actual paper size.

### ★ Important

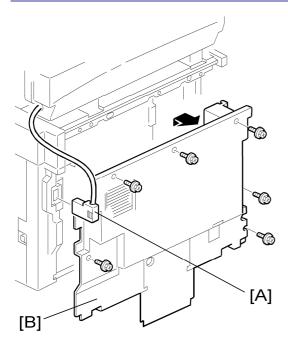
- You must run SP 2214 to initialize the TD sensor after you install a new PCU. After starting initialization, be sure to wait for it to reach completion (wait for the motor to stop) before you re-open the front cover or turn off the main switch.
- If the optional tray heater or optics anti-condensation heater is installed, keep the machine's power cord plugged in even while the main switch is off, to keep the heater(s) energized.

# Special Tools and Lubricants

| Part Number | Description                           | Q'ty  |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| A0069104    | Scanner Positioning Pins (4 pins/set) | 1 set |
| A2929500    | Test Chart S5S (10 pcs/set)           | 1 set |
| VSSM9000    | FLUKE 87 Digital Multimeter           | 1     |
| N8036701    | 4MB Flash Memory Card                 | 1     |
| A2579300    | Grease Barrierta S552R                | 1     |
| 52039502    | Grease G-501                          | 1     |

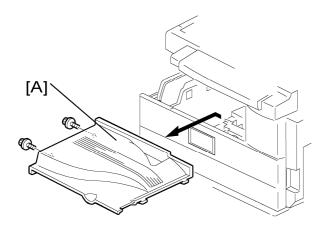
# Exterior Covers & Operation Panel

# Rear Cover



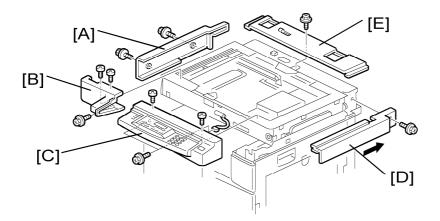
- 1. Unplug the DF cable [A] (if installed).
- 2. Rear cover [B] ( x 6)

# Copy Tray



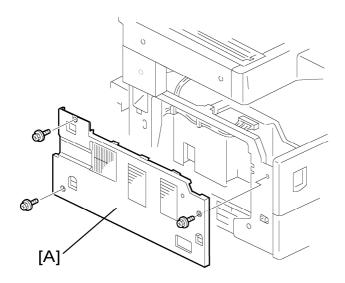
1. Copy tray [A] ( x 2)

# **Upper Covers**



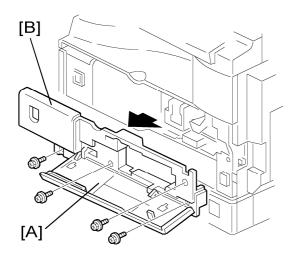
- 1. Platen Cover, ARDF, or ADF (if installed)
- 2. Rear cover
- 3. Left upper cover [A] ( x 2)
- 4. Front upper left cover [B] ( x 3)
- 6. Right upper cover [D] ( x 1, 3 hooks)
- 7. Push the cover to the rear side to release the hooks.
- 8. Top rear cover [E] ( x 1)

### Left Cover



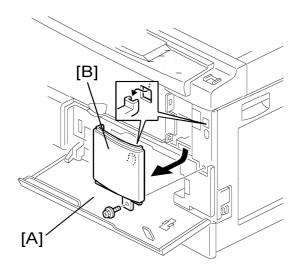
1. Left cover [A] ( x 3)

## Front Cover



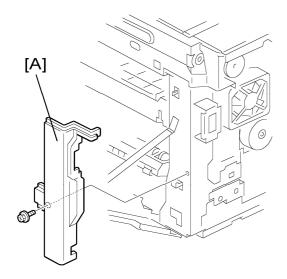
- 1. Pull out the (top) paper tray.
- 2. Open the front door [A].
- 3. Front cover [B] ( x 4)

# Front Right Cover



- 1. Open the front door [A].
- 2. Front right cover [B] ( x 1)

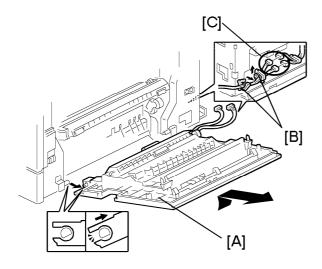
## Right Rear Cover



Right upper cover ( Upper Covers)

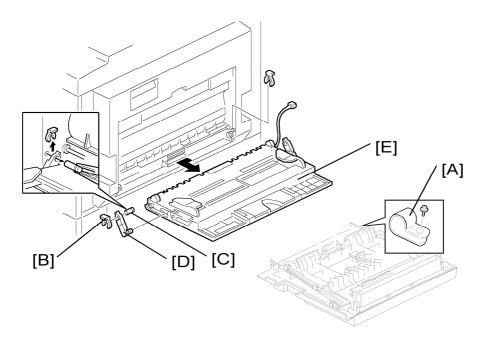
- 1. Open the duplex unit (B282 only).
- 2. Right rear cover [A] ( x 1)

# Right Door (Duplex Unit (B282))



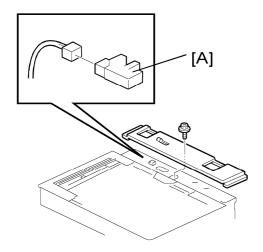
- 1. Right rear cover (see above)
- 2. Open the right door [A].
- 3. Open the clamps [B] and disconnect the two connectors [C] or three connectors (B282).
- 4. Right door

### By-pass Tray



- 1. Right rear cover (above)
- 2. Open the right door.
- 3. Release the by-pass tray cable from the clamps (see [B] on the preceding procedure) and disconnect the connector (5-pin connector with colored wires).
- 4. Cable holder [A] (B282 only)
- 5. Front-side clip ring [B]
- 6. Front-side pin [C] (You can push the pin from behind the right door.)
- 7. Front-side tray holder arm [D]
- 8. Remove the rear-side clip ring, pin, and tray holder arm in the same manner.
- 9. By-pass tray [E]

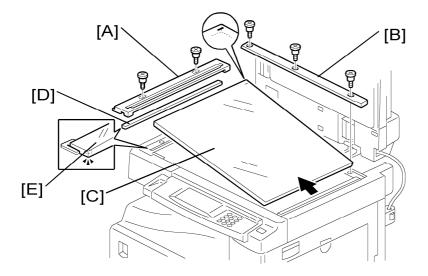
# Platen Cover Sensor



- 1. Top rear cover
- 2. Platen cover sensor [A] (🕮 x 1)

### Scanner Unit

### Exposure Glass/DF Exposure Glass



- Exposure Glass -
- 1. Front upper left cover ( Upper Covers)
- 2. Left scale [A] ( x 2)
- 3. Rear scale [B] ( x 3)
- 4. Exposure glass [C]



- Make sure that the mark is at the rear left corner, and that the left edge is aligned to the support on the frame when you reinstall the exposure glass.
- DF Exposure Glass -
- 1. Front upper left cover ( Upper Covers)
- 2. Left scale [A]
- 3. DF exposure glass [D]



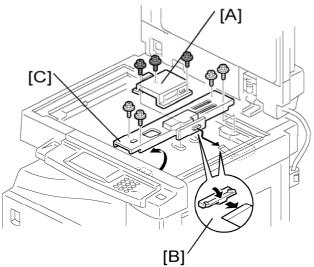
 Make sure that the mark [E] is on the bottom at the front end when reinstall the exposure glass.

#### Lens Block

# **ACAUTION**

- Do not touch the paint-locked screws on the lens block. The position of the lens assembly (black part) is adjusted before shipment.
- Do not grasp the PCB or the lens assembly when you handle the lens block. The

lens assembly may slide out of position.

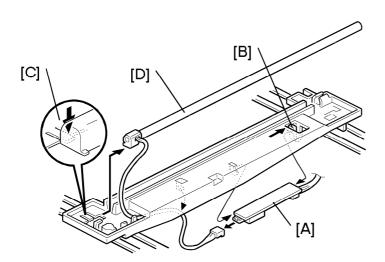


- 1. Exposure glass ( Scanner Unit)
- 2. Lens cover [A] ( x 5)
- 3. Disconnect the flat cable [B].
- 4. Lens block [C] ( x 4).



Adjust the image quality (p.100) after you install a new lens block.

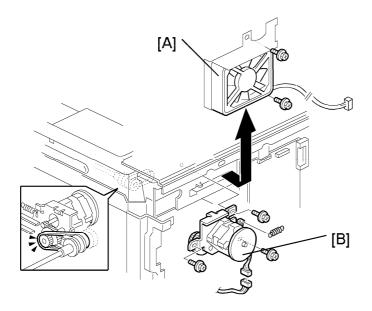
### Lamp Stabilizer Board And Exposure Lamp



- 1. Operation panel ( Upper Covers)
- 2. Exposure glass ( Exposure Glass/DF Exposure Glass)
- 3. Slide the first scanner to a position where the front end of the lamp is visible.
- 4. Place one hand under the lamp stabilizer board [A] and release the hook [B].

- 5. Lamp stabilizer board ( x 2)
- 6. Press the plastic latch [C] and push the front end of the lamp toward the rear.
- 7. Lamp [D] (with the cable)

### Scanner Motor

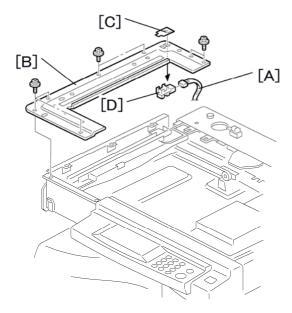


- Left upper cover, front upper left cover, operation panel, top rear cover (
   Exposure Glass/DF Exposure Glass)
- 2. Exposure glass ( Exposure Glass / DF Exposure Glass)
- 3. Rear exhaust fan [A] (B282 only)
- 4. Scanner motor [B] ( x 3, x 1, 1 spring, 1 belt)



- Install the belt first, and then set the spring when you reassemble. Fasten the leftmost screw (viewed from the rear), and fasten the other two screws.
- Adjust the image quality after you install the motor.

### Scanner Home Position Sensor



- 1. Left upper cover, top rear cover
- 2. Exposure glass, DF exposure glass (if installed) ( Exposure Glass/DF Exposure Glass)
- 3. Disconnect the connector [A].
- 4. Scanner left lid [B] ( x 7)
- 5. Sensor tape [C].
- 6. Scanner home position sensor [D]

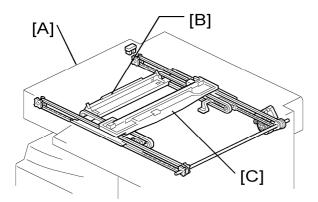
### Adjusting Scanner Positions

# **<b>△**CAUTION

Grasp the front and rear ends (not the middle) of the first scanner when you
manually move it. The first scanner may be damaged if you press, push, or
pull its middle part.

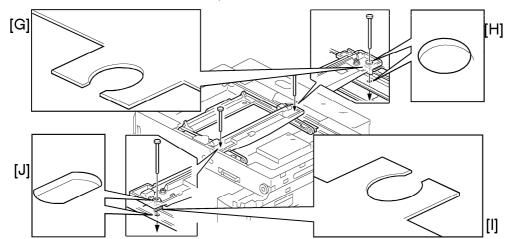
#### - Overview -

Adjust the scanner positions when the first scanner [C] and second scanner [B] are not parallel with the side frames [A], or, when you have replaced one or more of the scanner belts.



To adjust the scanner positions, do either of the following:

- To adjust the belt contact points on the first scanner (See "Adjusting the First Scanner Contact Points" below.)
- To adjust the belt contact points on the scanner bracket (See "Adjusting the Second Scanner Contact Points" below.)

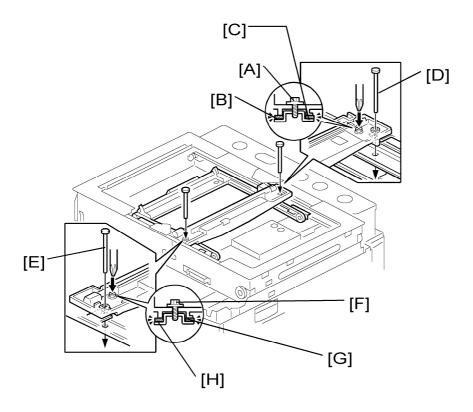


The two actions above have the same objectives--to align the following holes and marks:

- The adjustment holes [H] [J] in the first scanner
- The adjustment holes [H] [J] in the second scanner
- The alignment marks [G] [I] on the frames

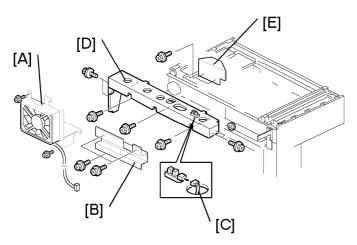
The scanner positions are correct when these holes and marks are aligned.



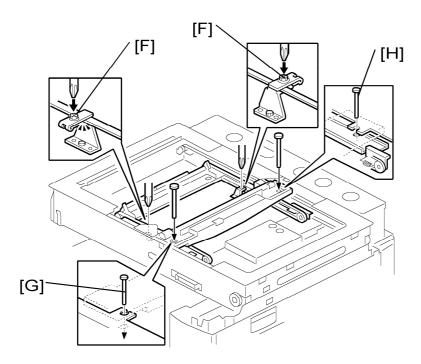


- 1. A(R)DF or platen cover
- 2. Operation panel, top rear cover ( Upper Covers).
- 3. Exposure glass ( Exposure Glass/DF Exposure Glass)
- 4. Loosen the 2 screws [A] [F].
- 5. Slide the 1st and 2nd scanners, or one of them, to align the following holes and marks
- 6. The adjustment holes in the first scanner
- 7. The adjustment holes in the second scanner
- 8. The alignment marks on the frames
- 9. Insert the positioning tools [D] [E] through the holes and marks.
- 10. Check that the scanner belts [B] [C] [G] [H] are properly set between the bracket and the 1st scanner.
- 11. Tighten the screws [A] [F].
- 12. Remove the positioning tools.
- 13. Reassemble the machine and check the operation.

### - Adjusting the Second Scanner Contact Points -



- 1. A(R)DF or platen cover
- 2. Operation panel, top rear cover ( Upper Covers).
- 3. Exposure glass ( Exposure Glass / DF Exposure Glass )
- 4. Rear exhaust fan [A] ( x 2)
- 5. Controller bracket [B] ( x 3)
- 6. Disconnect the platen-cover-sensor connector [C].
- 7. Rear frame [D] ( x 7)
- 8. Scale bracket [E] ( x 2)



- 9. Loosen the 2 screws [F].
- 10. Slide the 2nd scanner to align the following holes and marks

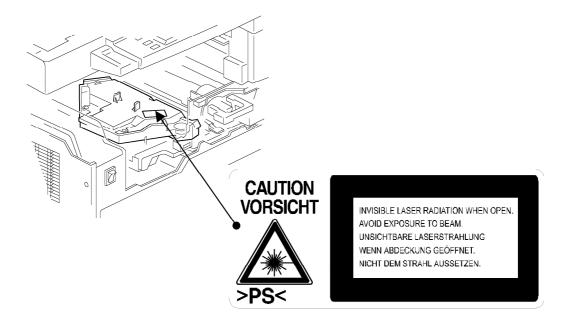
- 11. The adjustment holes in the first scanner
- 12. The adjustment holes in the second scanner
- 13. The alignment marks on the frames
- 14. Insert the positioning tools [G] [H] through the holes and marks.
- 15. Check that the scanner belts are properly set in the brackets.
- 16. Remove the positioning tools.
- 17. Reassemble the machine and check the operation.

# Laser Unit

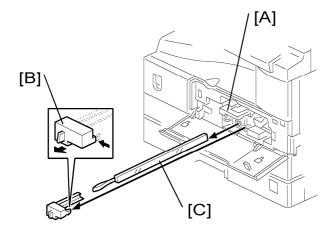
# **<b>⚠WARNING**

 The laser beam can seriously damage your eyes. Be absolutely sure that the main power switch is off and that the machine is unplugged before you access the laser unit.

### **Location Of Caution Decal**

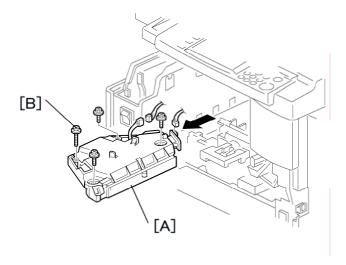


### **Toner Shield Glass**



- 1. Open the front door.
- 2. Lift the toner cartridge latch [A].
- 3. Press the toner shield glass cover [B] to the left and pull it out.
- 4. Pull out the toner shield glass [C].

### Laser Unit



- 1. Toner shield glass.
- 2. Copy tray
- 3. Pull out the (upper) paper tray.
- 4. Front cover
- 5. Laser unit [A] ( x 2, F x 4)

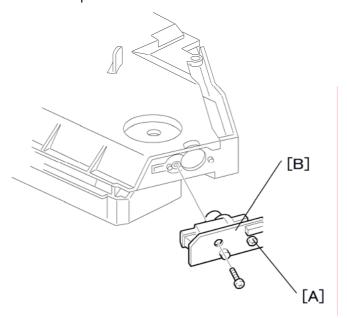


• The screw at the left front position [B] is longer than the other three.

## LD Unit

# **▲CAUTION**

 Do not touch the paint-locked screw [A]. The LD position is adjusted before shipment.

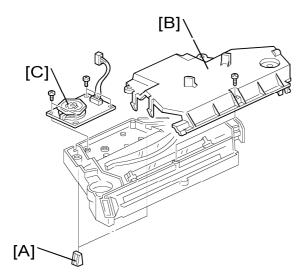


- 1. Laser unit
- 2. LD unit [B] ( x 1)



Do not screw the LD unit in too tightly when you install it.

## Polygonal Mirror Motor

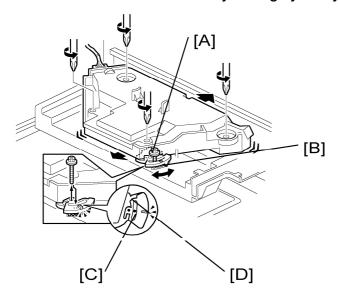


- 1. Laser unit
- 2. Two rubber bushings [A]
- 3. Laser unit cover [B] ( x 1)
- 4. Polygonal mirror motor [C] ( x 4)
- 5. After reassembling, adjust the image quality ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning).

#### Laser Unit Alignment Adjustment

### **∴WARNING**

 Reinstall the copy exit tray before you turn the main switch on. The laser beam may go out of the copier when the copy exit tray is not installed. The laser beam can seriously damage your eyes.

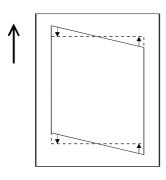


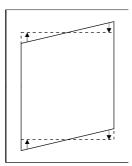
- 1. Start the SP mode.
- 2. Select SP 5902 1 and output the 'Trimming Area' pattern (pattern 10).
- 3. Make sure that the four corners of the pattern make right angles:
  - If they make right angles, you do not need to adjust the laser unit alignment.
  - If they do not make right angles, go on to the next step.
- 4. Check the screw position on the lever [B].
  - If the screw is in the hole [C], go on to the next step.
  - If the screw is in the slot [D], loosen the screw on the lever, loosen the four screws on the laser unit, and go on to step 9.



- The initial position of the screw is in hole [C].
- 5. Four screws in the laser unit ( Laser Unit)
- 6. Remove the lever ( x 1), confirm the position of the hole beneath the slot [D], and reinstall the lever.
- 7. Install the screw (through the slot [D]) loosely into the hole beneath the slot (do not tighten the screw).
- 8. Install the four screws for the laser unit loosely (do not tighten the screws).
- 9. When you rotate the lever clockwise or counterclockwise by one notch of the lever, the corners of the pattern shift by  $\pm 0.4$  mm (from the leading and trailing

edges). See the trim pattern made in step 2, and find how much the corners should be shifted.

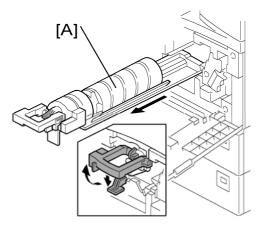




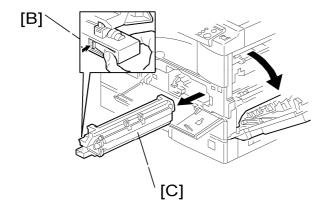
- 10. Tighten the screw [A].
- 11. Tighten the screws on the laser unit.
- 12. Reinstall the copy tray.
- 13. Print the trim pattern and check the result. Do the procedure again if further adjustment is required.

## **PCU** Section

### PCU



- 1. Toner bottle with the holder [A]
- 2. Open the right door.



3. Press the latch [B] and pull out the PCU [C].

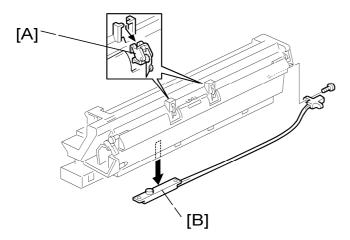


- Do not touch the OPC drum surface with bare hands.
- 4. Load new developer ( Developer).
- 5. Do SP 2214 to reinitialize the TD sensor when you reassemble.

### Pick-off Pawls and Toner Density Sensor

## **ACAUTION**

Do not turn the PCU upside down. This causes toner and developer to spill out.



- 1. PCU ( Previous procedure)
- 2. Pawl [A]

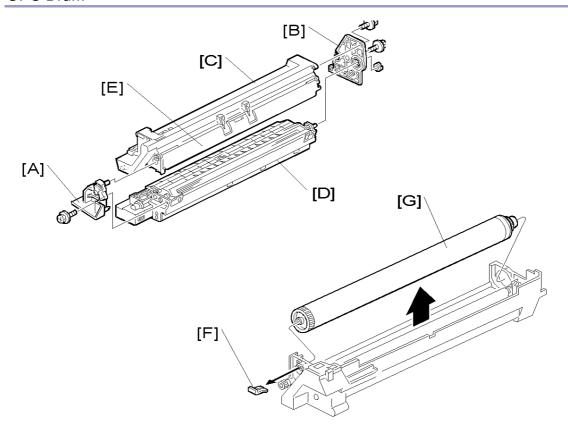


- Pull down the pawl and release the bottom end.
- 3. Toner density sensor [B] ( x 1)



- The toner density sensor is taped to the bottom of the PCU. Pry it off with a regular screwdriver
- 4. After reinstalling the pick-off pawls or toner density sensor, adjust the image quality ( After Replacement or Adjustment).

### **OPC** Drum



- 1. PCU
- 2. Front side piece [A] (F x 1)
- 3. Rear side piece [B] ( x 2, 1 coupling)
- 4. Separate the drum section [C] from the developer section [D].

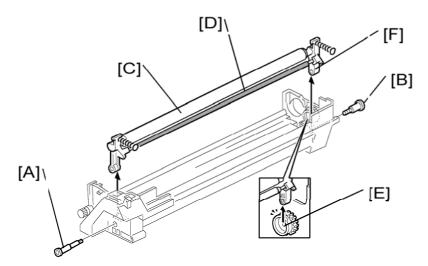


- To ensure that the left-side gears line up, keep the drum cover [E] closed when reinserting the front side piece.
- 5. Pry out the drum retaining clip [F].



- Install the clip in the same orientation (with the lip facing away from the drum shaft) when you reassemble.
- 6. OPC drum [G]
- 7. When reassembling, adjust the image quality ( After Replacement or Adjustment).

#### Charge Roller and Cleaning Brush

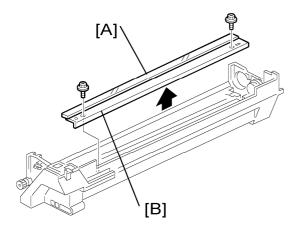


- 1. OPC Drum ( Previous procedure)
- 2. Holding pin [A]
- 3. Stepped screw [B]
- 4. Charge roller [C] and cleaning brush [D] (with the holders and springs)



- Turn the gear [E] (as necessary) so that the rear holder [F] comes out.
- 5. When reassembling, adjust the image quality ( After Replacement or Adjustment).

### Cleaning Blade

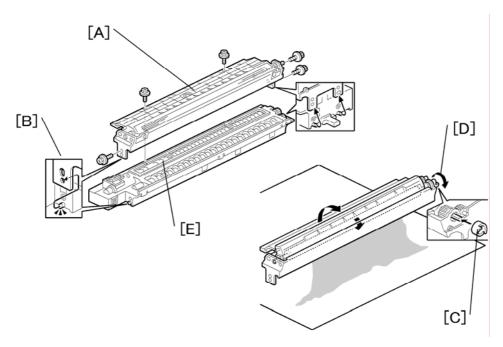


- 1. Drum charge roller ( Charge Roller and Cleaning Brush)
- 2. Cleaning blade [B] ( x 2)
- 3. When reassembling, adjust the image quality ( After Replacement or Adjustment).



- Reassembling
- Apply toner to the edge of the new cleaning blade when you replace the cleaning blade. This prevents possible damage to the OPC drum and blade.
  - 1. After installing the cleaning blade, remove some of the toner from the old blade with your finger.
  - 2. Apply the toner to the edge [A] of the new cleaning blade. Make sure to apply the toner evenly along full length of the new cleaning blade.

#### Developer



- 1. PCU
- 2. To let the toner fall to the development section, gently tap about eight different spots on the top of the PCU with a screwdriver. Each spot must be approximately at an equal distance from the next spot.
- 3. Reinstall the PCU in the copier.
- 4. Turn the main switch on.
- 5. Open and close the front door and wait for the machine to rotate the development roller for about 10 seconds.
- 6. Repeat the previous step two more times.
- 7. PCU
- 8. Separate the developer section from the OPC drum section ( OPC Drum).
- 9. Top part [A] of the development unit (F x 5)



- Release the hook [B].
- 10. Set the coupling [C] back to the shaft.
- 11. Turn the coupling in the direction of the arrow [D] to remove developer from the roller.
- 12. Turn the bottom part [E] over and rotate the gears to remove the developer.
- 13. Load new developer ( Installation Procedure).
- 14. When reassembling, execute SP 2214 to reinitialize the TD sensor.



- Make sure no toner or developer stays on the gear. Clean the gears as necessary with a blower brush, etc.
- Be sure to replace the Mylar at the rear side in the correct position. (The Mylar protects the gears at the rear side from falling toner).

#### After Replacement or Adjustment

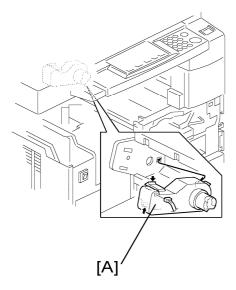


- Do the following procedure after replace or adjust any of the PCU components. This
  procedure is not necessary when you replaced the whole PCU with a new one.
- 1. Take 5 sample copies.
- 2. If black dots (dropped toner) show on any of the copies, continue as follows. (If all copies are clean, you don't need to do the following steps.)
- 3. Remove the PCU from the mainframe.
- 4. Tap the top of the PCU with a screwdriver at eight evenly spaced locations (two or three taps at each spot), to knock the recycled toner down into the development section.
- 5. Put the PCU back into the mainframe.
- 6. Turn the main power on. Then open and close the door and wait for the machine to rotate the development roller for 10 seconds. Then open and close the door two more times, so that total rotation time is 30 seconds.
- 7. Make some sky-shot copies (or solid black prints).
  - If using A4 or 8<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" x 11" paper, make 4 copies/prints.
  - If using A3 or 11" x 17" paper, make 2 copies/prints.
  - To make solid black prints, use SP 5902 pattern 8.



Step 7 is required only after parts replacement or adjustment. You do not need to make sky-shot (or solid black) copies after you replace the developer.

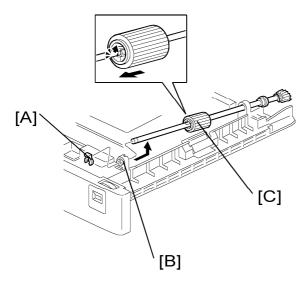
# Toner Supply Motor



- 1. Copy tray ( Upper Covers)
- 2. Open the front door.
- 3. Toner bottle holder ( PCU)
- 4. Toner supply motor [A] ( x 1)

# Paper Feed Section

## Paper Feed Roller

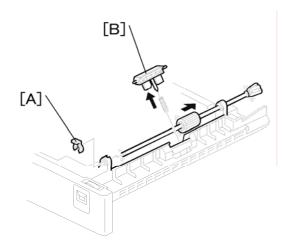


- 1. Paper cassette
- 2. Clip [A]
- 3. Push the shaft back through the opening, and tilt it up.



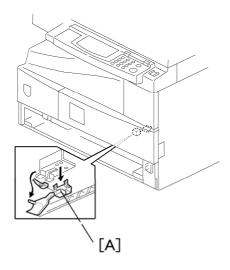
- If the black plastic bushing [B] comes off, make sure you remount it when reinstall the shaft.
- 4. Paper feed roller [C]

### Friction Pad



- 1. Paper cassette
- 2. Clip [A]
- 3. Push the shaft back through the opening, so that the roller moves clear of the friction pad.
- 4. Friction pad [B]

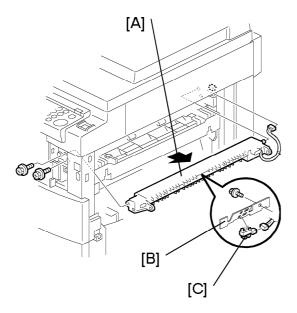
### Paper End Sensor



- 1. Paper cassette
- 2. Paper end sensor [A] ( x 1)

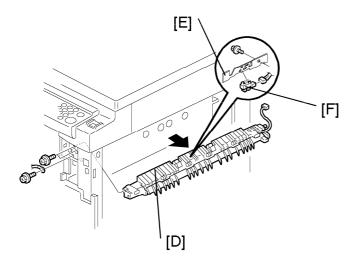
### Exit Sensor

### - Non-Duplex Models -



- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Front right cover (Front Right Cover)
- 3. Guide [A] ( x 2)
- 4. Exit sensor bracket [B] ( x 1)
- 5. Exit sensor [C] ( x 1)

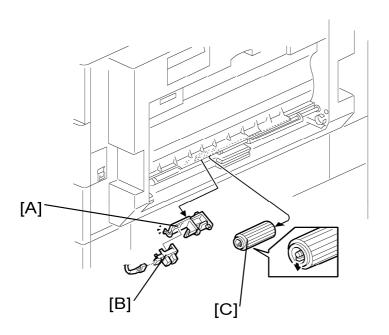
### - Duplex Models -



- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Front right cover
- 3. Upper guide [D] ( x 2)

- 4. Exit sensor bracket [E] ( x 1)
- 5. Exit sensor [F] ( x 1)

### By-Pass Feed Roller and Paper End Sensor

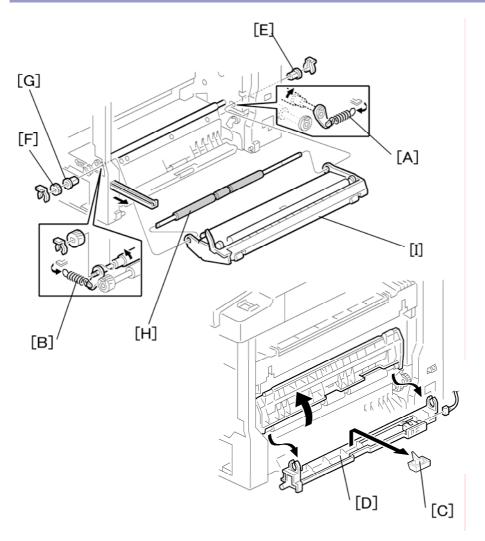


### 1. By-pass tray



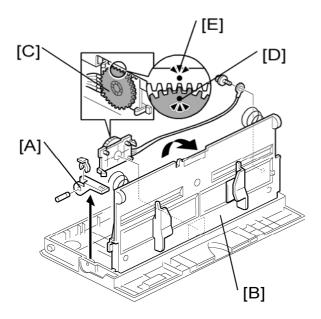
- If you have a support to keep the by-pass tray within the reach of the connector cable, you do not need to disconnect the connector. When you do so, use caution not to place too much load on the cable.
- 2. Sensor holder [A]
- 3. By-pass paper end sensor [B] ( x 1)
- 4. By-pass feed roller [C]

### Registration Roller



- 1. PCU
- 2. Front cover
- 3. Right door ( Right Door (Duplex Unit (B282)))
- 4. Rear cover
- 5. High-voltage power supply ( High-Voltage Power Supply Board)
- 6. Registration clutch
- 7. Unhook the springs [A] and [B] at the rear and front sides.
- 8. Guide support [C] and guide [D] ( x 1, 🕮 x 1)
- 9. Bushing [E] (🛱 x 1)
- 10. Gear [F] and bushing [G] ( x 1)
- 11. Registration roller [H] with the image transfer unit [I]

### By-Pass Paper Size Switch

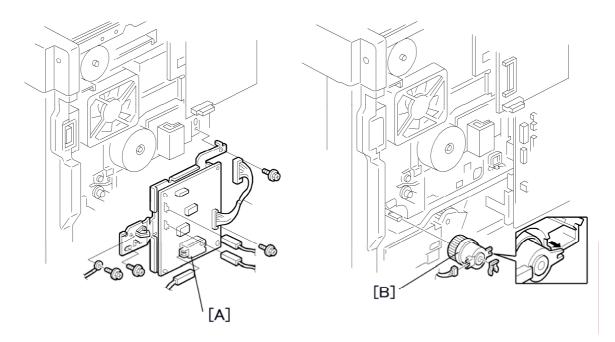


- 1. By-pass tray
- 2. Tray lever [A] ( x 1, 1 pin)
- 3. Lift the upper tray [B]
- 4. By-pass paper size switch [C] (Fx 1)



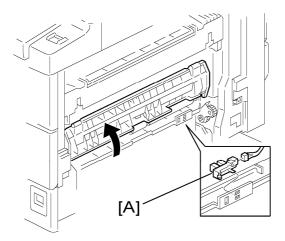
• When reinstalling the switch: Move the paper guides to their middle position (about halfway between fully open and fully closed), and install the round gear so that the hole in the gear [D] aligns with the peg [E] on the sliding gear.

### Registration Clutch



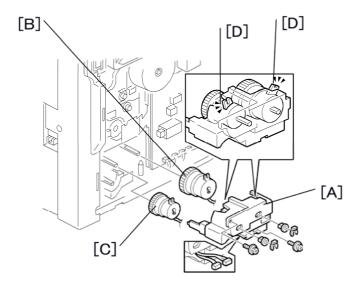
- 1. Rear cover
- 2. High-voltage power supply board (with the bracket) [A] ( x 4, all connectors)
- 3. Registration clutch [B] ( x 1, v 1)

## Registration Sensor



- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Registration sensor [A] ( x 1)

### Upper Paper Feed Clutch and By-Pass Feed Clutch

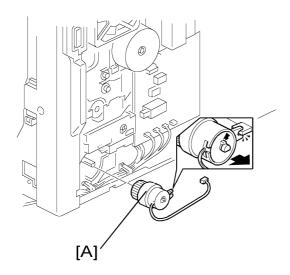


- 1. Rear cover
- 2. High-voltage power supply board
- 3. Clutch cover [A] ( x 2, 2 bushings, F x 2)
- 4. Paper feed clutch [B] ( x 1)
- 5. By-pass feed clutch [C] ( x 1)



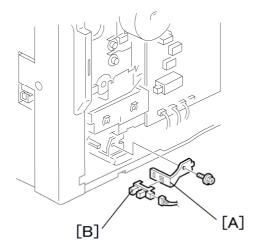
• Make sure that the rotation-prevention tabs [D] on the clutches fit correctly into the corresponding openings on the clutch cover when you reinstall.

### Relay Clutch



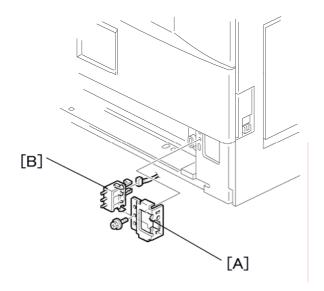
- 1. Rear cover
- 2. Relay clutch [A] ( 1)

### Relay Sensor



- 1. Relay clutch ( Previous procedure)
- 2. Sensor bracket [A] ( x 1)
- 3. Relay sensor [B] ( 1 x 1)

### Paper Size Switch



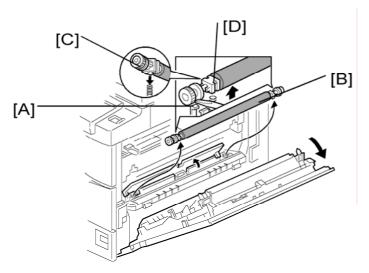
- 1. Paper cassette
- 2. Switch cover [A] ( x 1)
- 3. Paper size switch [B] ( x 1)

## Image Transfer

### Image Transfer Roller

### CAUTION

• Do not touch the transfer roller surface with bare hands

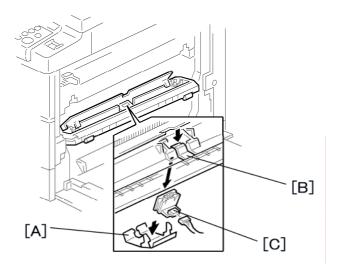


- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Lift the plastic holders [A] with the image transfer roller [B].



 Leave the springs under the holders. Make sure that the pegs [C] on the holders [D] engage with the springs when you reassemble.

### Image Density Sensor



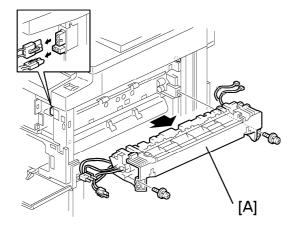
- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Plastic cover [A]
- 3. Image transfer roller ( Previous procedure)
- 4. Push down on the notch [B] to free the sensor.
- 5. Image density sensor [C] (🕮 x 1)

## Fusing

### Fusing Unit

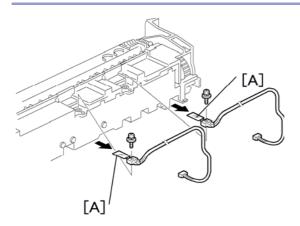
## **▲CAUTION**

 The fusing unit can become very hot. Make sure that it has cooled down sufficiently before you handle it.



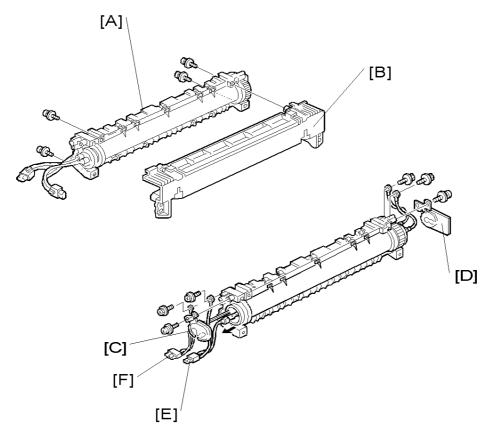
- 1. Turn off the main switch, and unplug the machine.
- 2. Front right cover
- 3. Open the right door.
- 4. Fusing unit [A] ( x 2, 📫 x 4)

#### Thermistor



- 1. Fusing unit (see above)
- 2. Thermistors [A] ( x 1, 1 x 1)

#### **Fusing Lamps**

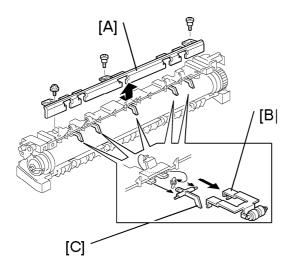


- 1. Fusing unit
- 2. Separate the hot roller section [A] from the pressure roller section [B] ( x 4).
- 3. Front holding plate [C] ( x 1)
- 4. Rear holding plate [D] ( x 1)
- 5. Fusing lamp with the connector (600W) [E] ( x 2)
- 6. Fusing lamp with the connector (550W) [F] ( x 2)



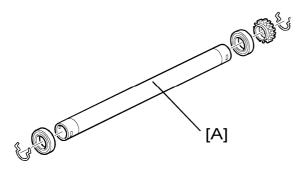
Check that the front ends of the two lamps fit in the front holding plate when you reassemble. They do not fit in there if you arrange the two lamps incorrectly.

### Hot Roller Stripper Pawls



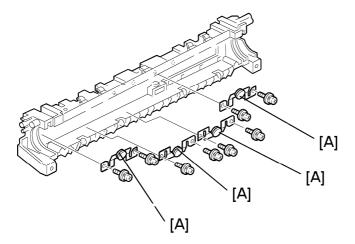
- 1. Hot roller section (See above)
- 2. Roller guard [A] ( x 3)
- 3. Metal holders [B] (1 holder for each)
- 4. Hot roller stripper pawls [C] (1 spring for each)

### Hot Roller



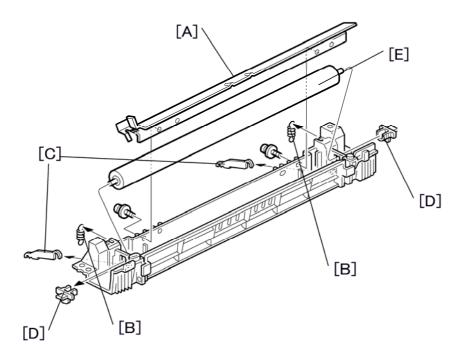
- 1. Hot roller stripper pawls (See above)
- 2. Hot roller [A] (2 C-rings, 1 gear, 2 bearings)

### Thermostat



- 1. Hot roller (See above)
- 2. Thermostat [A] ( x 2 for each)

### Pressure Roller and Bushings

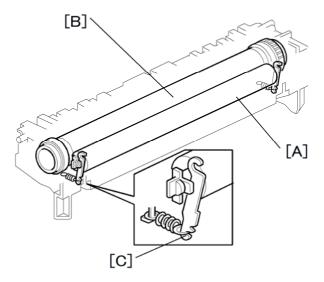


- Separate the hot roller section from the pressure roller section ( Fusing Lamps)
- 2. Fusing entrance guide [A] ( x 2)
- 3. 2 springs [B]
- 4. 2 pressure arms [C]
- 5. 2 Bushings [D]

#### 6. Pressure roller [E]

#### NIP Band Width Adjustment

Do this adjustment when the fusing unit is at its operating temperature. The size of the OHP sheet must be A4/LT LEF. Any other sizes may cause a paper jam.



- 1. Pressure roller
- 2. Hot roller
- 1. Place an OHP sheet on the by-pass feed table.
- 2. Enter SP mode, and run SP 1109.
- 3. Press '1' (Yes)
- 4. Press ① twice. The machine feeds the OHP sheet into the fusing section, stops it there for 20 seconds, then ejects it to the copy tray.
- 5. Press the ® key.
- 6. Quit the SP mode.
- 7. Check that the nip band (the opaque stripe) across the ejected OHP sheet is symmetrical, with both ends slightly thicker than the center.

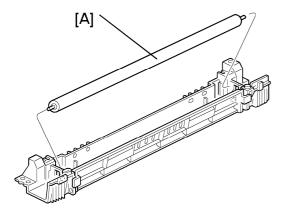


- There is no standard value for the nip band on this machine. Make the adjustment based on the band's appearance.
- 8. If the band is not as described above, change the position of the spring hooks [C] (one on each side), and then check the band again.



The higher hook position produces greater tension.

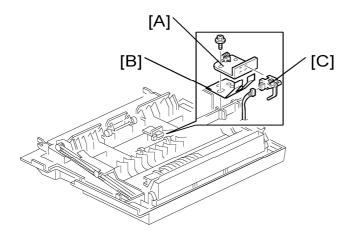
## Cleaning Roller



- 1. Pressure roller and bushings ( Pressure Roller and Bushings)
- 2. Cleaning roller [A]

## Duplex Unit (Duplex Model B282 Only)

### **Duplex Exit Sensor**

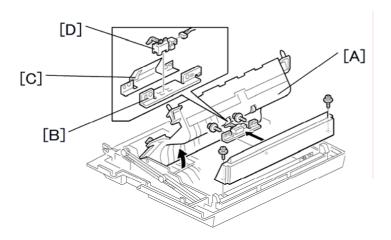


- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Sensor bracket [A] ( x 1)



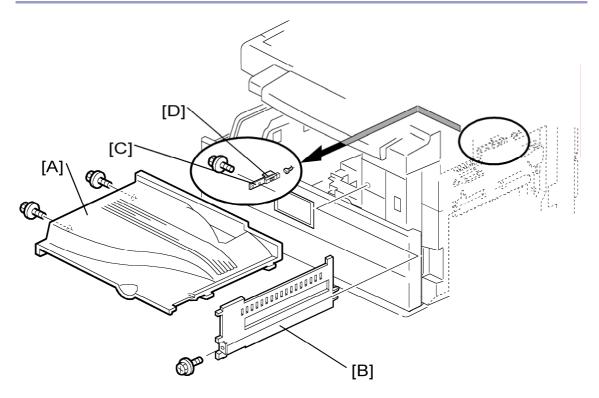
- Another bracket [B] comes off with the sensor bracket.
- 3. Duplex exit sensor [C] ( x 1)

### **Duplex Entrance Sensor**



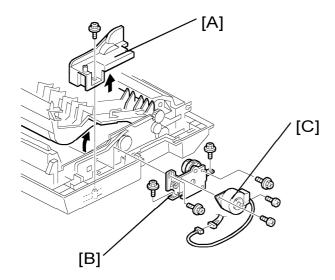
- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Lift the duplex guide [A].
- 3. Entrance sensor bracket [B] and bracket cover [C] ( x 2)
- 4. Duplex entrance sensor [D]

## Duplex Inverter Sensor



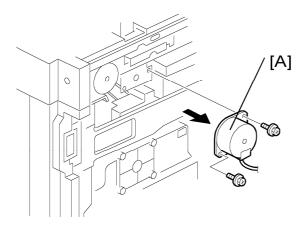
- 1. Copy tray [A] ( x 2)
- 2. Exit cover [B] ( x 1)
- 3. Sensor bracket [C] (ℯ x 1, ៧ x 1)
- 4. Duplex inverter sensor [D] ( x 1)

### **Duplex Transport Motor**



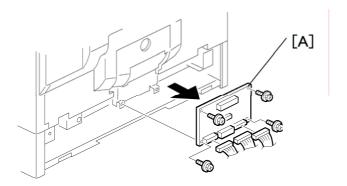
- 1. Open the right door.
- 2. Detach the chain and spring from the frame, and lower the right door.
- 3. Cover [A] ( x 1)
- 4. Motor bracket [B] ( x 4, 📫 x 1).
- 5. Duplex transport motor [C] ( x 2)

### **Duplex Inverter Motor**



- 1. Rear cover
- 2. Exhaust fan ( Rear Exhaust Fan (B282 Only))
- 3. Duplex inverter motor [A] ( x 2, 🕮 x 1)

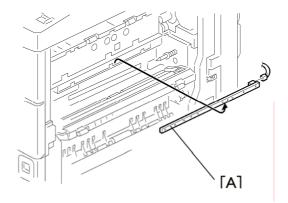
## **Duplex Control Board**



- 1. Rear lower cover
- 2. Duplex control board [A] ( F x 4 , all connectors)

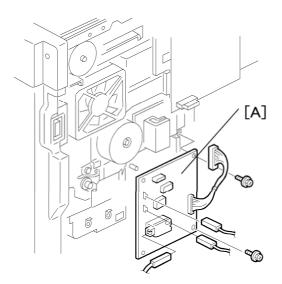
## Other Replacements

## Quenching Lamp



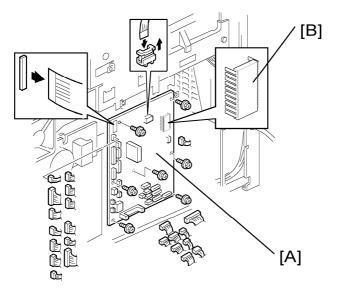
- 1. PCU
- 2. Quenching lamp [A] ( x 1)

## High-Voltage Power Supply Board



- 1. Rear cover ( Rear Cover)
- 2. High-voltage power supply board [A] ( x 2, 3 standoffs, all connectors)

### BICU (Base-Engine Image Control Unit)

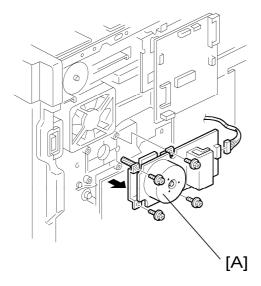


- 1. Rear cover ( Rear Cover)
- 2. BICU [A] ( x 7, all connectors, 2 flat cables)



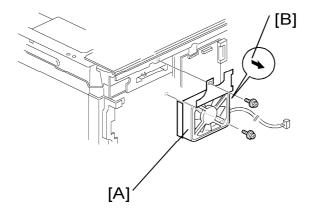
Remove the NVRAM [B] from the old BICU and install it on the new BICU when you replace the BICU. The NVRAM keeps machine-specific data.

#### Main Motor



- 1. Rear cover ( Rear Cover)
- 2. Main motor [A] ( x 4, 1 x 1)

### Rear Exhaust Fan (B282 Only)

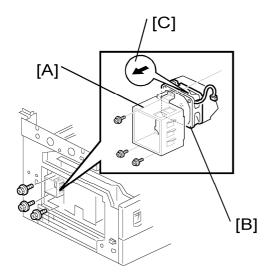


- 1. Rear cover ( Rear Cover)
- 2. Rear exhaust fan [A] ( x 2, 🗐 x 1)



- Reassembling -
- Make sure that the arrow on the fan [B] points the outside of the copier when you
  reassemble The arrow indicates the direction of the air current.

#### Left Exhaust Fan

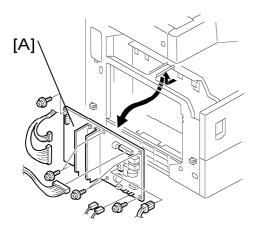


- 1. Rear cover ( Rear Cover)
- 2. Left cover ( Left Cover)
- 3. Fan cover [A] ( x 3)
- 4. Fan [B] ( x 3, 🕮 x 1)

### ★ Important

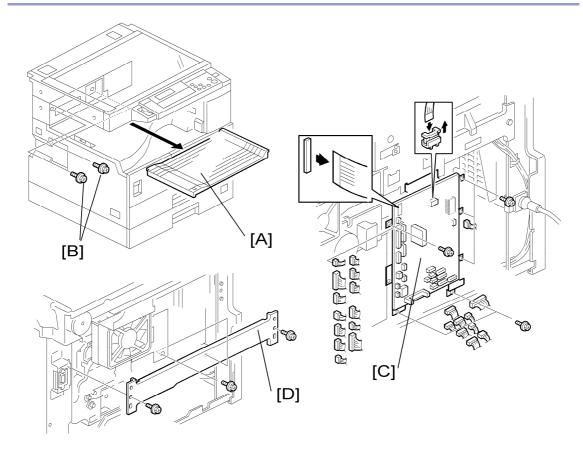
- Reassembling -
- Make sure that the arrow on the fan [C] points the outside of the copier when you reassemble. The arrow indicates the direction of the air current.

### PSU (Power Supply Unit)



- 1. Left cover ( Left Cover)
- 2. PSU [A] (All connectors, F x 6)

#### Gearbox



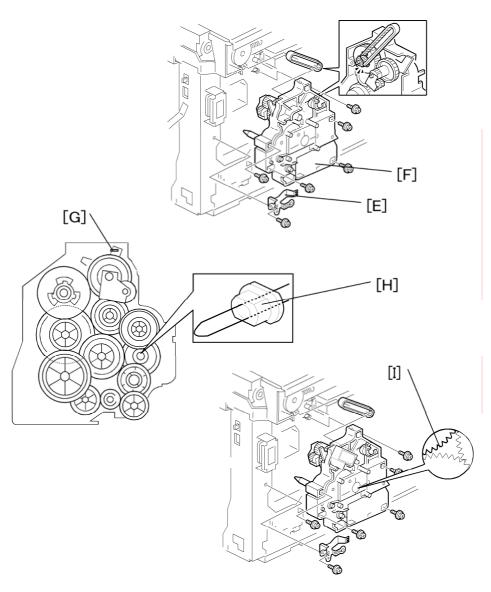
- Replacement Procedure -
- 1. Inverter tray [A]
- 2. Two screws [B] from the middle rear cover



- This step releases the topmost part of the BICU bracket.
- 3. High-voltage power supply board (with the bracket) ( Registration Clutch) BICU (with the bracket) [C] ( x 6)



- If you have difficulty to remove the bracket, remove the screw at the middle of the crosspiece (see step 6).
- 4. Main motor ( Main motor)
- 5. Crosspiece [D] ( x 3)
- 6. Registration clutch ( Registration clutch)



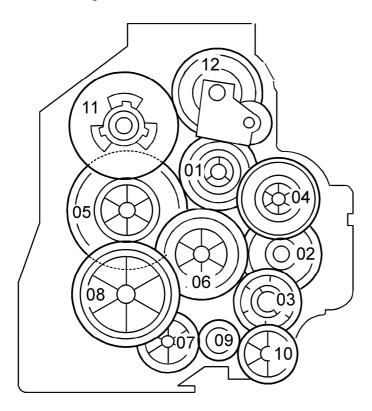
## 7. PCU



- This step releases the gear (on the gearbox) that drives the PCU.
- 8. Ground plate [E] ( x 2)
- 9. Gearbox [F] ( x 5, 1 belt)

Do not change the position of the spring [G] and make sure that the bushing [H] on the PCU drive shaft is in the correct position you when you reassemble. You can adjust its position by rotating the gear [I] seen from the opening of the gearbox.

## - Gear Arrangement in the Gearbox -



The gears are numbered 1 to 12 in the order in which they are to be installed in the gearbox. These numbers show both on the gearbox and on the front (exposed) surface of each gear. If the gears fall out, start by finding gear number 1 and installing it onto location number 1 (setting it into place so that the side with the printed number stays visible). Then install the remaining gears (2 to 12) in the same way.

## Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning



- You need to perform the adjustment after you do a Memory All Clear, and after you replace or adjust any of the following parts.
  - First or second scanner
  - Lens Block
  - Scanner Motor
  - Polygonal Mirror Motor
  - Paper Tray
  - Paper Side Fence
- For detailed explanations about how to access and use the SP modes, see Section 5 (Service Tables).

## Printing



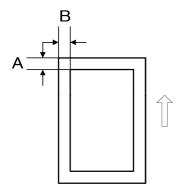
- Make sure the paper is installed correctly in each paper tray before you start these adjustments.
- Use the Trimming Area Pattern (SP 5902, No.10) to print the test pattern for the printing adjustments below.
- Set SP 5902 to 0 again after you complete these printing adjustments.

### - Registration - Leading Edge/Side-to-Side -

- 1. Check the leading edge registration for each paper feed station, and adjust each of these registrations using SP 1001.
- 2. Check the side-to-side registration for each paper feed station, and adjust these registrations using SP 1002. (Adjust the trays in order: the 1st tray first, then the 2nd tray, etc.)

| Tray           | SP mode   | Specification |
|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Any paper tray | SP 1001 1 | 2 ± 1.5 mm    |
| By-pass feed   | SP 1001 2 |               |
| Duplex         | SP 1001 3 |               |
| 1st tray       | SP 1002 1 |               |

| Tray                           | SP mode   | Specification |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| 2nd tray (not used)            | SP 1002 2 |               |
| 3rd tray (Optional PFU tray 1) | SP 1002 3 |               |
| 4th tray (Optional PFU tray 2) | SP 1002 4 |               |
| By-pass feed                   | SP 1002 5 |               |
| Duplex                         | SP 1002 6 |               |



A: Leading Edge Registration

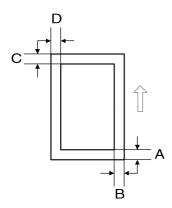
B: Side-to-side Registration

- Blank Margin -



- If the leading edge or side-to-side registration cannot be adjusted to within the specification, then adjust the leading-edge blank margin or the left-side blank margin.
- Check the trailing edge and right side edge blank margins, and adjust them using the following SP modes.

|               | SP mode   | Specification  |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|
| Trailing edge | SP 2101 2 | 2 +2.5/–1.5 mm |
| Right edge    | SP 2101 4 | 2 / 2/6/       |
| Leading edge  | SP 2101 1 | 2 ± 1.5 mm     |
| Left edge     | SP 2101 3 |                |



A: Trailing Edge Blank Margin

B: Right Edge Blank Margin

C: Leading Edge Blank Margin

D: Left Edge Blank Margin

### - Main Scan Magnification -

- 1. Print the single-dot grid pattern (SP 5902 1).
- 2. Check the magnification (the grid size should be 2.7 x 2.7 mm), and if necessary use SP 2998 to adjust it. The specification is  $100 \pm 1\%$ .

## Scanning

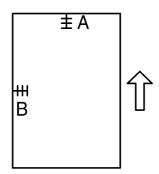


- Before doing the following scanner adjustments, check and adjust the printing leading-edge and side-to-side registrations and the printing blank margins (as described above).
- Use an A3 test chart to perform the following adjustments.

## - Registration: Platen Mode -

- 1. Place the test chart on the exposure glass and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the leading edge and side-to-side registration, and adjust as necessary with the following SP modes.

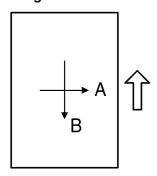
|              | SP mode | Specification  |
|--------------|---------|----------------|
| Leading edge | SP 4010 | 2 ± 1.5 mm     |
| Side-to-side | SP 4011 | 2 2 1.0 111111 |



A: Leading edge registration

B: Side-to-side registration

### - Magnification -



A: Main scan magnification

B: Sub-scan magnification

## - Main Scan Magnification -

- 1. Place the A3 test chart on the exposure glass and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the magnification ratio. If necessary, adjust the magnification using the following SP mode.

|                         | SP mode | Specification |
|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| Main Scan Magnification | SP 4009 | ± 1.0%        |

## - Sub-Scan Magnification -

- 1. Place the OS-A3 test chart on the exposure glass and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the magnification ratio. If necessary, adjust the magnification with the following SP mode.

| SP mode Specification |
|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|

| Sub-scan magnification | SP 4008 | ± 1.0% |
|------------------------|---------|--------|
|------------------------|---------|--------|

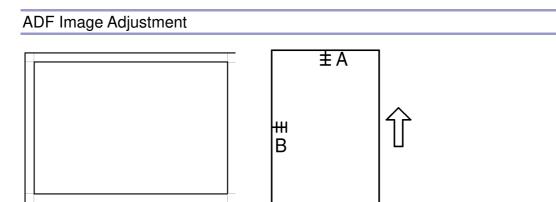
#### - Standard White Density Adjustment -

This procedure adjusts the standard white density level. Do this adjustment after you do any of the following:

- After you replace the standard white plate.
- After you replace the NVRAM on the BICU. (But note that you do not need to carry out
  this adjustment if you have replaced the BICU itself but retained the previous NVRAM
  board [by moving it over onto the new BICU].)
- After you perform a memory all clear (SP 5801 2)

#### **Procedure:**

- 1. Place 10 sheets of new A4/LTR paper (sideways, LEF) or new A3/DLT paper on the exposure glass, and close the platen cover or the ADF.
- 2. Enter SP 4428 1 and select "1: YES". The machine automatically adjusts the standard white density.



A: Leading edge registration

B: Side-to-side registration

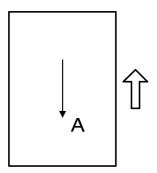


- Make a temporary test chart as shown above, using A3/11" x 17" paper.
- 1. Place the temporary test chart on the ADF and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the registrations, and adjust as necessary with the appropriate SP modes, as follows.

| SP mode |  |
|---------|--|
|---------|--|

|   | SP mode   |
|---|-----------|
| Side-to-side registration                     | SP 6006 1 |
| Leading edge registration                     | SP 6006 2 |
| Blank margin for the trailing edge            | SP 6006 3 |
| Side-to-side registration (Duplex: back side) | SP 6006 4 |

## - Sub-scan Magnification -



## A: Sub-scan magnification



- Make a temporary test chart as shown above, with A3/11" x 17" paper.
- 1. Place the temporary test chart on the ADF and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the registration, and if necessary adjust it with SP 6006 5. The specification is ±1.0%.

# Troubleshooting

## Service Call Conditions

## Summary

There are four levels of service call conditions.

| Level | Definition  | Reset Procedure  |
|-------|---|--|
| А     | To prevent damage to the machine, the main machine cannot be operated until the SC has been reset by a service representative (see the note below). | Enter SP mode, and then turn the main power switch off and on. |
| В     | If the SC was caused by incorrect sensor detection, the SC can be reset by turning the main power switch off and on.                                | Turn the main power switch off and on.                         |
| С     | The main machine can be operated as usual, excluding the unit related to the service call.  | Turn the main power switch off and on.                         |
| D     | The SC history is updated. The machine can be operated as usual.  | The SC will not be displayed. Only the SC history is updated.  |



- If the problem concerns electrical circuit boards, first disconnect then reconnect the connectors before replacing the PCBs.
- If the problem concerns a motor lock, first check the mechanical load before replacing motors or sensors.

## SC Code Descriptions

| No. | Level | Symptom   | Possible Cause   |
|-----|-------|---|--|
|     |       | Exposure Lamp Error                                     |  |
| 101 | В     | The standard white level was not detected properly when | <ul><li>Exposure lamp defective</li><li>Exposure lamp stabilizer defective</li></ul> |

| No. | Level | Symptom  | Possible Cause  |
|-----|-------|--|---|
|     |       | scanning the white plate.  | <ul> <li>Exposure lamp connector defective</li> <li>Dirty scanner mirror or scanner mirror out of position</li> <li>SBU board defective</li> <li>SBU connector defective</li> <li>Lens block out of position</li> <li>Incorrect position or width of white plate scanning (SP4015)</li> </ul> |
|     |       | Scanner home position error 1  |   |
| 120 | В     | The scanner home position sensor does not detect the off condition during initialization or copying. | <ul> <li>Scanner home position sensor defective</li> <li>Scanner drive motor defective</li> <li>Scanner home position sensor connector defective</li> <li>Scanner drive motor connector defective</li> <li>BICU board defective</li> </ul>  |
|     |       | Scanner home position error 2  |   |
| 121 | В     | The scanner home position sensor does not detect the on condition during initialization or copying.  | <ul> <li>Scanner home position sensor defective</li> <li>Scanner drive motor defective</li> <li>Scanner home position sensor connector defective</li> <li>Scanner drive motor connector defective</li> <li>BICU board defective</li> </ul>  |
|     |       | SBU white/black level correction error   |   |
| 143 | D     | The automatic SBU adjustment has failed to correct the black level. The automatic SBU                | <ul> <li>Exposure lamp defective</li> <li>Dirty white plate</li> <li>Incorrect position or width of white plate scanning (SP4015)</li> </ul>  |

| No. | Level | Symptom   | Possible Cause   |
|-----|-------|---|--|
|     |       | adjustment has failed to correct the white level twenty times consecutively.  | <ul><li>BICU board defective</li><li>SBU board defective</li></ul>   |
|     |       | Communication Error between   | BICU and SBU   |
| 144 | В     | The BICU board cannot detect the SBU connect signal.  | <ul> <li>The flat cable between the BICU board and the SBU has a poor connection</li> <li>The flat cable between the BICU board and the SBU is damaged</li> <li>BICU board defective</li> <li>SBU defective</li> </ul>                       |
|     |       | Automatic SBU adjustment err  | or   |
| 145 | D     | During the automatic SBU adjustment, the machine detects that the white level read from the white plate or paper is out of range. (SP4015)  | <ul> <li>Exposure lamp defective</li> <li>Dirty white plate</li> <li>Incorrect position or width of white plate scanning (SP4015)</li> <li>BICU board defective</li> <li>SBU board defective</li> </ul>                                      |
|     |       | Charge roller current leak  |  |
| 302 | В     | A current leak signal for the charge roller is detected.  | <ul> <li>Charge roller damaged</li> <li>High voltage supply board defective</li> <li>Poor connection of the PCU</li> </ul>   |
|     |       | Polygonal mirror motor error  |  |
| 320 | В     | The polygon mirror motor does not reach operating speed within 10 seconds after the motor ON signal is sent, or does not turn on within one of the 200 ms check intervals during operation. | <ul> <li>Polygon mirror motor defective</li> <li>Poor connection between the polygonal mirror motor driver and the BICU board</li> <li>Damaged cable between BICU and polygonal mirror motor driver</li> <li>BICU board defective</li> </ul> |

| No. | Level | Symptom   | Possible Cause  |  |  |  |
|-----|-------|---|---|--|--|--|
|     |       | No laser writing signal (F-GATE) error  |   |  |  |  |
| 321 | С     | The laser-writing signal (F-GATE) fails to turn Low after the laser crosses 5 mm on the drum surface from the laser writing start position. | <ul> <li>BICU board defective</li> <li>The fax controller or printer controller has a poor connection</li> <li>Fax controller or printer controller defective</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|     |       | Laser synchronization error   |   |  |  |  |
| 322 | В     | The main scan synchronization detector board cannot detect the laser synchronization signal for more than 5 consecutive 100 ms intervals.   | <ul> <li>Poor connection between the LD unit and the BICU board</li> <li>Damaged cable between BICU and LD unit</li> <li>LD unit out of position</li> <li>LD unit defective</li> <li>BICU board defective</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|     |       | TD sensor error   |   |  |  |  |
| 390 | В     | The TD sensor outputs less than 0.2 V or more than 4.0 V 10 times consecutively during copying.   | <ul><li>TD sensor abnormal</li><li>Poor connection of the PCU</li></ul>   |  |  |  |
|     |       | Development bias leak   |   |  |  |  |
| 391 | В     | A development bias leak signal is detected.   | <ul><li>Poor connection of the PCU</li><li>High voltage supply board defective</li></ul>  |  |  |  |
|     |       | TD sensor initial setting error   |   |  |  |  |
| 392 | В     | TD sensor initial setting is not performed correctly.   | <ul> <li>ID sensor defective</li> <li>No developer</li> <li>Drum does not turn</li> <li>Development roller does not turn</li> <li>Poor connection of the PCU</li> <li>The voltage is not applied to charge</li> </ul> |  |  |  |

| No. | Level | Symptom  | Possible Cause   |  |  |  |
|-----|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
|     |       |  | roller   |  |  |  |
|     |       | Transfer roller leak error 1   |  |  |  |  |
| 401 | В     | A current leak signal for the transfer roller is detected.  A current feedback signal for the transfer roller is not detected.   | <ul> <li>High voltage supply board defective</li> <li>Poor connection of the PCU</li> <li>Transfer/separation unit set incorrectly</li> <li>Transfer roller damaged</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|     |       | Transfer roller leak error 2   |  |  |  |  |
| 402 | В     | A current leak signal for the transfer roller is detected.  A current feedback signal for the transfer roller is not detected.   | <ul> <li>High voltage supply board defective</li> <li>Poor connection of the PCU</li> <li>Transfer/separation unit set incorrectly</li> <li>Transfer roller damaged</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|     |       | Main motor lock  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 | В     | A main motor lock signal is not detected for more than 7 consecutive checks (700 ms) after the main motor starts to rotate, or the lock signal is not detected for more than 7 consecutive checks during rotation after the last signal. | <ul> <li>Too much load on the drive mechanism</li> <li>Main motor defective</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
|     |       | Tray 2 lift motor malfunction (C   | Optional paper tray unit)  |  |  |  |
| 502 | С     | The paper lift sensor fails to activate twice continuously after the tray lift motor has been on for 18 seconds.   | <ul> <li>Paper lift sensor defective</li> <li>Tray lift motor defective</li> <li>Too much load on the drive mechanism</li> <li>Poor tray lift motor connection</li> </ul>      |  |  |  |
| 503 | С     | Tray 3 lift motor malfunction (optional paper tray unit)   |  |  |  |  |

| No.   | Level | Symptom Possible Cause   |   |  |  |  |
|-------|-------|--|---|--|--|--|
|       |       | The paper lift sensor fails to activate twice continuously after the tray lift motor has been on for 18 seconds.   | <ul> <li>Paper lift sensor defective</li> <li>Tray lift motor defective</li> <li>Too much load on the drive mechanism</li> <li>Poor tray lift motor connection</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|       |       | Paper feed motor lock (optional  | al paper tray unit)   |  |  |  |
| 506 C |       | A motor lock signal is not detected for more than 1.5 s or the lock signal is not detected for more than 1.0 s during rotation.                                      | <ul> <li>Paper feed motor defective</li> <li>Too much load on the drive mechanism</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|       |       | Fusing thermistor open (center   | ·)  |  |  |  |
| 541   | А     | The fusing temperature detected by the thermistor is below 71°C and is not corrected after the main power switch is turned on.                                       | <ul> <li>Fusing thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Power supply board defective</li> <li>Loose connectors</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|       |       | Fusing temperature warm-up error (center)  |   |  |  |  |
| 542   | А     | The fusing temperature rises less than 7 degrees in 2 seconds, and this continues 5 times consecutively. The fusing temperature is not detected in 25 or 35 seconds. | <ul> <li>Fusing thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Fusing lamp open</li> <li>Power supply board defective</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|       |       | Fusing overheat error (center)   |   |  |  |  |
| 543   | А     | The fusing temperature is over 230°C for 1 second (detected by the thermistor).  | <ul><li>Fusing thermistor defective</li><li>Power supply board defective</li></ul>  |  |  |  |
| 544   | Α     | Fusing overheat error (center) 2   |   |  |  |  |

| No. | Level | Symptom  | Possible Cause   |  |  |
|-----|-------|--|--|--|--|
|     |       | The fusing temperature is over 250°C for 1 second (detected by the fusing temperature monitor circuit).  | <ul><li>Fusing thermistor defective</li><li>Power supply board defective</li></ul>   |  |  |
|     |       | Fusing lamp overheat error (ce   | enter)   |  |  |
| 545 | А     | After the fusing temperature reaches the target temperature, the fusing lamp does not turn off for 12 consecutive seconds.                                 | <ul> <li>Fusing thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Power supply board defective</li> </ul>                           |  |  |
|     |       | Unstable fusing temperature (c   | center)  |  |  |
| 546 | А     | The fusing temperature varies 50°C or more within 1 second, and this occurs 2 consecutive times.   | <ul> <li>Thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Power supply unit defective</li> </ul>                                   |  |  |
|     |       | Zero cross signal malfunction  |  |  |  |
| 547 | В     | Zero cross signals are not detected within 5 seconds after the main power switch is turned on, or are not detected within 1 second after operation begins. | <ul><li>Power supply board defective</li><li>BICU defective</li></ul>  |  |  |
|     |       | Fusing thermistor open (rear)  |  |  |  |
| 551 | А     | The fusing temperature detected by the thermistor is below 71°C and is not corrected after the main power switch is turned on.                             | <ul> <li>Fusing thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Power supply board defective</li> <li>Loose connectors</li> </ul> |  |  |
| 552 | А     | Fusing temperature warm-up error (rear)  |  |  |  |

| No. | Level | Symptom   | Possible Cause   |
|-----|-------|---|--|
|     |       | The fusing temperature rises less than 7 degrees in 2 seconds, and this continues 5 times consecutively.  The fusing temperature is not detected in 25 or 35 seconds.                     | <ul> <li>Fusing thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Fusing lamp open</li> <li>Power supply board defective</li> </ul>         |
|     |       | Fusing overheat error (rear)  |  |
| 553 | А     | The fusing temperature is over 230°C for 1 second (detected by the thermistor).   | <ul><li>Fusing thermistor defective</li><li>Power supply board defective</li></ul>   |
|     |       | Fusing lamp overheat error (re  | ar)  |
| 555 | А     | After the fusing temperature reaches the target temperature, the fusing lamp does not turn off for 20 consecutive seconds.  | <ul> <li>Fusing thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Power supply board defective</li> </ul>                                   |
|     |       | Unstable fusing temperature (r  | rear)  |
| 556 | А     | The fusing temperature varies 50°C or more within 1 second, and this occurs 2 consecutive times.  | <ul> <li>Thermistor defective or out of position</li> <li>Power supply unit defective</li> </ul>   |
|     |       | Jam error detected 3 times in s   | succession   |
| 559 | -     | <ul> <li>The exit sensor and the duplex sensor detect a paper jam 3 times in succession</li> <li>This condition can occur when SP 1159 1 is set to 'on'. The default is 'off'.</li> </ul> | Paper jams can occur for the following reasons.  Dampness Paper curl Incorrect paper setting in the paper tray Stripper pawls coming apart |

| No. | Level | Symptom   | Possible Cause  |  |  |  |
|-----|-------|---|---|--|--|--|
|     |       | Left exhaust fan motor error  |   |  |  |  |
| 590 | В     | The CPU detects an exhaust fan lock signal for more than 5 seconds.   | <ul> <li>Loose connection of the exhaust fan motor</li> <li>Too much load on the motor drive</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
|     |       | Rear exhaust fan motor error  |   |  |  |  |
| 591 | В     | The CPU detects an exhaust fan lock signal for more than 5 seconds.   | <ul> <li>Loose connection of the exhaust fan motor</li> <li>Too much load on the motor drive</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |
|     |       | Communication error between   | BICU and ADF  |  |  |  |
| 620 | В     | The BICU does not receive a response from the ADF main board for 4 seconds or more. The BICU receives a break signal from the ADF main board. | <ul> <li>Poor connection between the BICU and ADF main board (DF connector)</li> <li>ADF main board defective</li> <li>BICU defective</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |
|     |       | ADF connection error  |   |  |  |  |
| 621 | В     | An incorrect ADF (an ADF for some other copier) is detected.  | <ul> <li>ADF incorrect (The ADF for B039/B040/B043 or B121/B122/B123/B259/B260/B261 is installed on a B282/B283)</li> <li>The connector of the ADF is removed while the machine is in the energy saver mode.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|     |       | Accounting error 1  |   |  |  |  |
| 632 | С     | An error is detected during the communication with the MF accounting device.  | <ul><li>Accounting device defective</li><li>Loose connection</li></ul>  |  |  |  |
| 634 | С     | Accounting RAM error  |   |  |  |  |

| No.   | Level | Symptom   | Possible Cause   |  |  |  |
|-------|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
|       |       | An error is detected in the RAM that saves the information on the MF accounting.            | Accounting device defective  |  |  |  |
|       |       | Accounting battery error  |  |  |  |  |
| 635   | В     | An error is detected in the battery that is in the MF accounting device.                    | Accounting device defective  |  |  |  |
|       |       | Controller board communication  | on abnormal  |  |  |  |
| 692   | В     | Communication error between the printer part of the controller board and BICU.              | The connector is abnormal between the controller board and the BICU board.   |  |  |  |
|       | -     | Controller board communication abnormal   |  |  |  |  |
| 694   |       | Communication error between the scanner part of the controller board and BICU.              | The connector is abnormal between the controller board and the BICU board.   |  |  |  |
|       |       | ADF gate abnormal 1   |  |  |  |  |
| 760 B |       | The ADF Gate signal line between the ADF main board and the BICU is disconnected.           | <ul> <li>ADF main board defective</li> <li>Input/output board defective</li> <li>Poor connection (ADF Gate line) between the ADF main board and the BICU.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |
|       |       | ADF gate abnormal 2   |  |  |  |  |
| 761   | В     | The FGATE signal is not issued from the ADF within 30 seconds after the ADF starts feeding. | <ul><li>ADF connector defective</li><li>SBU board defective</li></ul>  |  |  |  |

| No.   | Level | Symptom  | Possible Cause  |  |  |
|-------|-------|--|---|--|--|
|       |       | ADF gate abnormal 3  |   |  |  |
| 762   | В     | The FGATE signal is not terminated by the ADF within 60 seconds after the ADF starts feeding.  | <ul><li>ADF connector defective</li><li>SBU board defective</li></ul>   |  |  |
|       |       | Engine total counter error   |   |  |  |
| 903   | В     | The checksum of the total counter is not correct.  | NVRAM on the BICU defective   |  |  |
|       |       | Memory error   |   |  |  |
| 928   | В     | The machine detects a discrepancy in the write/read data during its write/read test (done at power off/on and at recovery from low power or night/off mode). | <ul> <li>Memory defective</li> <li>BICU defective</li> <li>Poor connection between BICU and memory</li> </ul>                               |  |  |
|       |       | NVRAM error  |   |  |  |
| 981 B |       | The machine detects a discrepancy in the NVRAM write/read data when attempting to save actual data to the NVRAM (i.e. during actual use).                    | <ul> <li>NVRAM defective</li> <li>Poor connection between BICU and NVRAM</li> <li>NVRAM is not connected</li> <li>BICU defective</li> </ul> |  |  |
|       |       | Localization error   |   |  |  |
| 982   | В     | The localization settings in the nonvolatile ROM and RAM are different (SP5807).   | <ul> <li>First machine start after the NVRAM is replaced</li> <li>Incorrect localization setting</li> <li>NVRAM defective</li> </ul>        |  |  |

# Electrical Component Defects

## Sensors

| Component          | CN              | Condition | Symptom   |
|--------------------|-----------------|-----------|---|
| Registration       | 111-2<br>(BICU) | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a copy is made (paper has not reached the sensor).   |
|                    | (=:00)          | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor.  |
| Relay              | 111-5<br>(BICU) | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a copy is made except for 1st and by-pass tray feeding.  |
|                    | (ВСО)           | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor.  |
|                    | 114-2<br>(BICU) | Open      | The Paper End indicator lights when the 1st paper tray is selected, even if there is paper in the tray.   |
| Upper Paper End    |                 | Shorted   | The Paper End indicator does not light when the 1st paper tray is selected, even if there is no paper in the tray. The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a copy is made from the 1st paper tray. |
| Vertical Transport | 110-2<br>(BICU) | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a copy is made from an optional paper tray unit.   |
|                    | (BICU)          | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor.  |
| By-pass Paper End  | 136-7<br>(BICU) | Open      | The Paper End indicator lights when the bypass tray is selected, even if there is paper in the tray.  |

| Component       | CN              | Condition | Symptom   |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------|---|
|                 |                 | Shorted   | The Paper End indicator does not light when the bypass tray is selected, even if there is no paper in the tray. The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a copy is made from the bypass tray. |
| Exit            | 124-2<br>(BICU) | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a copy is made (paper has not reached the sensor).   |
|                 | (=:==;          | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor.  |
| Toner Density   | 125-3           | Open      | SC390 is displayed.   |
| Terror Bornony  | (BICU)          | Shorted   | ococo lo diopiayou.   |
| Image Density   | 123-2<br>(BICU) | Open      | The toner density control process is  |
| image Denoity   |                 | Shorted   | changed (see the note below the table).   |
| Scanner H.P.    | 102-2<br>(BICU) | Open      | SC120 shows.  |
|                 |                 | Shorted   | 0.20 0.00.0   |
| Duplex Entrance | 222-2<br>(DCB)  | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a duplex copy is made (paper has not reached the sensor).  |
|                 | (505)           | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor.  |
| Duplex Exit     | 222-5<br>(DCB)  | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear whenever a duplex copy is made (paper has not reached the sensor).  |
|                 | (506)           | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor.  |
| Duplex Inverter | 220-6           | Open      | The Paper Jam message will appear   |

| Component | CN    | Condition | Symptom  |
|-----------|-------|-----------|--|
|           | (DCB) |           | whenever a duplex copy is made (paper has not reached the sensor).     |
|           | (202) | Shorted   | The Paper Jam message appears even if there is no paper at the sensor. |



SC392 is activated when the CPU detects an ID sensor error during developer initialization (SP 2214). However, SC392 is not displayed on the LCD but simply logged in the SC log (SMC printout), unless the technician exits SP Mode as soon as an error message is displayed.

## **Switches**

| Component                            | CN                     | Condition  | Symptom  |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Upper Paper Size                     | 115<br>1,2,4<br>(BICU) | Open Shorted   | The CPU cannot detect the proper paper size, and misfeeds may occur when a copy is made from the 1st paper tray.                                 |
|                                      |                        | Open   | The Cover Open indicator is lit even if the vertical transport door is closed.   |
| Vertical Transport 110-5 Door (BICU) | Shorted                | The Cover Open indicator is not lit even if the vertical transport door is opened. |  |
|                                      |                        | Shorted  |  |
| By-pass Paper Size                   | 136-1,2,4,5<br>(BICU)  | Open   | The CPU misdetects or is not able to detect the size of the paper set in the bypass tray, causing possible misfeeds when feeding from this tray. |
| Right Door                           | 124-5<br>(BICU)        | Open   | The Cover Open indicator is lit even if the right door is closed.  |
|                                      | (2.00)                 | Shorted  | The Cover Open indicator is not lit  |

| Component         | CN                         | Condition | Symptom   |
|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------|---|
|                   |                            |           | even if the right door is open.                             |
| Front/Right Cover | 130-1<br>(BICU)<br>281-3,4 | Open      | The Cover Open indicator is lit even if doors are closed.   |
| Trons right Gover |                            | Shorted   | The Cover Open indicator is not lit even if doors are open. |
| Main              |                            | Open      | The machine does not turn on.                               |
|                   | (PSU)                      | Shorted   | The machine does not turn off.                              |

# Fuses

All the fuses in the following table are on the power supply board.

| Fuse | Rating      |
|------|-------------|
|      | 220 – 240 V |
| FU1  | 8A/250V     |
| FU2  | 2.5A/250V   |
| FU3  | 1A/250V     |
| FU4  | 4A/250V     |
| FU5  | 4A/250V     |
| FU6  | 4A/250V     |
| FU7  | 4A/250V     |

# LED Display

## BICU

| Number | Function   |
|--------|--|
| LED 1  | Monitors the +5 V line for the CPU and the surrounding circuit. Usually, this LED is blinking. |

# Service Tables

# Service Program Mode

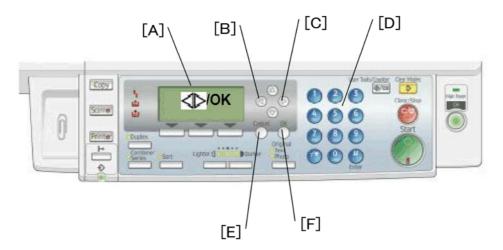


 Do not let the user access the SP mode. Only service representatives are allowed to access the SP mode. The machine quality or its operation is NOT guaranteed if persons other than service representatives accesses the SP mode.

#### How to Enter the SP Mode

The following two modes are available:

- SP Mode (Service Program Mode): The SP Mode includes the programs that are necessary for standard maintenance work.
- SSP Mode (Special SP Mode): The SSP Mode includes SP-Mode programs and some special programs. You need some extra knowledge to manipulate these special programs. For details, consult your supervisor.



## **Starting SP Mode**

- 1. Type the keys as follows: [Clear Modes] > [1] > [0] > [7]
- 2. Press the [Clear/Stop] key and hold it down until the SP-mode menu is displayed (about 3 seconds).

#### Starting SSP Mode

- 1. Type the keys as follows: [Clear Modes] > [1] > [0] > [7]
- 2. Press the  $^{igotimes}$  key and hold it down until the SP-mode menu shows (about 3 seconds).
- 3. Press the [Enter] key and hold it down.
- 4. While holding down the [Enter] key, press the "OK" key.

### **Selecting Programs**

 When a blinking underscore (or several blinking underscores) shows, you can type a number from the numeric keypad [D].

When "◄►/OK" [A] shows in the upper right corner, you can scroll through the menu by pressing the left-arrow key [B] or the right-arrow key [C]. To select a program, press the "OK" key [F].

### **Specifying Values**

- 1. After locating a program, press the "OK" key. A blinking underscore (or several blinking underscores) indicates which value you can change. The value in parentheses is the default value of the menu.
- 2. Type a necessary value from the numeric keypad. To switch between positive (plus) and negative (minus) values, press the [./\*] (period/asterisk) key.
- 3. To validate the value, press the "OK" key. To cancel the value, press the cancel key [E].

#### **Activating Copy Mode**

You can activate the copy mode while the SP mode is running. When you do so, the copier outputs images or patterns that help you adjust the SP-mode program.

- 1. Press the ® key. The copy mode is activated.
- 2. Specify copy settings and press the "OK" key.
- 3. To return to the SP mode, press the key.



You cannot end the SP mode while the copy mode is activated.

## Quitting Programs/Ending (S)SP Mode

Press the ey or the "Cancel" key to quit the program. You can end the SP mode by pressing one of these keys several times.

## SP Mode Tables

The following codes are used:

 Asterisk (\*): The settings are saved in the NVRAM. Most of them return to the default values when you execute SP 5801 2

- The DFU menu is for design or factory use only. You must not change the settings.
- Brackets ([]): The brackets enclose the setting rage, default value, and minimum step (with unit) as follows: [Minimum ~ Maximum / Default / Step].
- SSP: The program is in the SSP Mode only. Consult your supervisor before you use this program.

## SP1-XXX (Feed)

| 1001*  | Leading Edge Registration     |   |
|--------|-------------------------------|---|
|        | Adjusts the printing leading- | edge registration from paper trays.   |
| 1001 1 | All Trays                     |   |
| 1001 2 | By-pass                       | [-9.0 ~ 9.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning) |
| 1001 3 | Duplex                        |   |

|        | Side-to-Side Registration   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 1002*  | Adjusts the printing side-to-side registration from each paper feed station using the Trimming Area Pattern (SP 5902, No.10). Adjustments are supported for all 4 possible feed trays (including optional trays).  The SP 1002 1 setting is applied to all trays, not just the 1st tray. Setting trays 2 to 4 are offsets relative to the SP 1002 1 setting.  For duplex copies, the value for the front side is determined by SP 1002 4, and the value for the rear side is determined by SP 1002 6. |  |
| 1002 1 | 1st tray  | [-9.0 ~ 9.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] ( Copy |
| 1002 2 | 2nd tray  | Adjustments Printing/Scanning)                 |
| 1002 3 |   |  |
| 1002 4 |   |  |

| 1002 5 | By-pass |  |
|--------|---------|--|
| 1002 6 | Duplex  |  |

|  | Paper Feed Timing   |                                 |  |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Adjusts the amount of buckle the paper feed clutch applies to the the registration sensor is activated. A higher setting applies great |                     |                                 |  |
| 1003 1   | 1st tray            | [0 ~ 10 / <b>5</b> / 1 mm/step] |  |
| 1003 2   | 2nd tray (not used) | [0 ~ 10 / <b>5</b> / 1 mm/step] |  |
| 1003 3   | Optional tray       | [0 ~ 10 / <b>5</b> / 1 mm/step] |  |
| 1003 4   | By-pass feed        | [0 ~ 10 / <b>6</b> / 1 mm/step] |  |
| 1003 5   | Duplex              | [0 ~ 20 / <b>6</b> / 1 mm/step] |  |

| 1007   | Display By-pass |   |
|--------|-----------------|---|
| 1007 1 | Display By-pass | Displays the by-pass paper width switch output. |

|   |   | Fusing Idling   |   |  |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| 1103                                    | * | When you select "1," the corpower is always transmitted | etion of the Fusing Drive Release Mechanism. Intact/release control is disabled and the drive to the fusing unit. As a result, the machine takes fusing unit. Use SP 1103 1 if fusing quality is low ature is not very low. |  |
| 1103 1 Fusing Idling [0 = No / 1 = Yes] |   | [0 = No / 1 = Yes]                                      |   |  |

|        | Fusing Temperature Adjustment  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| 1105*  | Adjusts the target fusing temperature. "Center" indicates the center of the roller; "End" indicates the front and rear ends. |  |  |
| 1105 1 | Warm Up-Center [140 ~ 180 / <b>160</b> / 1°C/step]   |  |  |

| 1105 2  | Warm Up-End        |                                     |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1105 3  | Standby-Center     | [140 ~ 170 / <b>155</b> / 1°C/step] |
| 1105 4  | Standby-End        | [140 ~ 165 / <b>150</b> / 1°C/step] |
| 1105 5  | Copying-Center     | [140 ~ 185 / <b>160</b> / 1°C/step] |
| 1105 6  | Copying-End        | [116 1667 1 <b>66</b> 7 1 6/6(6)]   |
| 1105 7  | Low Level 2-Center | [0 ~ 80 / <b>60</b> / 1°C/step]     |
| 1105 8  | Low Level 2-End    | [6 66 / 66 / 1 6/6/66]              |
| 1105 9  | Thick-Center       | [140 ~ 185 / <b>175</b> / 1°C/step] |
| 1105 10 | Thick-End          | [1.10 1007 1. <b>0</b> 7 1 0/010p]  |
| 1105 11 | Warm Up Low-Center | [140 ~ 180 / <b>170</b> / 1°C/step] |
| 1105 12 | Warm Up Low-End    | [[110 1007 17 <b>0</b> 7 1 0/010p]  |

| 1106 Display Fusing                          |   | Display Fusing |
|--|---|----------------|
|  | 1106 1 Displays the fusing temperature (center) |                |
| 1106 2 Displays the fusing temperature (end) |   |                |

|  | Fusing Soft Start   |   |
|--|---|---|
| 1107*  | Adjusts the number of zero-cross cycles of the fusing lamp AC supply needed to bring the fusing lamp power to 100% while bringing the lamp up to the standby temperature or while copying. Increase this value if the machine is experiencing sudden power dropouts (Fusing Temperature Control). |   |
| 1107 1   | 1 Warm Up Soft Start [0 = 10 cycles / 1 = 20 cycles / 2 = 50 cycles]  |   |
| 1107 2 Other Soft Start [0 = 5 cycles / <b>1 = 10 cycles</b> |   | [0 = 5 cycles / <b>1 = 10 cycles</b> / 2 = 20 cycles] |

| 1108* | Set-Fusing Start | [0 = 1s / <b>1 = 1.5s</b> / 2 = 2s] |
|-------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
|-------|------------------|-------------------------------------|

| Specifies the interval for fusing-temperature control (Fusing Temperature Control). |  |
|---|--|
|---|--|

| 1109   | Nip Band Check   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| 1109 1 | Checks the fusing nip band ( NIP Band Width Adjustment). |  |

| 1110* Fan Control Timer |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1110 1                  | [30 ~ 60 / <b>30</b> / 1 s/step] Inputs the fan control time. The fan maintains normal speed for the specified time after occurrence of an SC or following entry into Warm-up mode, Low Power mode, or Night/Off mode. |

| 1159*  | Fusing Jam SC Code Setting | <b>0=No</b> 1=Yes |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|
| This SP mode detects SC559. Set this SP mode to 'Yes' if the resperiences paper jam problems on a continual basis. |                            |                   |

| 1902   | Display-AC Freq.  |
|--------|---|
| 1902 1 | Displays the fusing lamp power control frequency (as detected by the zero cross signal generator). The displayed value is 1/5 the actual frequency: 10 = 50 Hz, 12 = 60 Hz. |

|   | Feed Clutch Boost  |                                 |
|---|--|---------------------------------|
| 1903*   | Adjusts the amount of extra push that the feed clutch gives to the paper after the skew has been corrected at registration. This feature helps the registration roller feed certain types of paper (such as thick paper). Increase the value if thick paper is jamming after feeding from the registration roller. |                                 |
| 1903 1 By-pass tray [0 ~ 10 / <b>6</b> / 1 mm/step] |  | [0 ~ 10 / <b>6</b> / 1 mm/step] |
| 1903 2  | 2nd, 3rd, 4th tray (4th tray not used)   | [0 ~ 10 / <b>3</b> / 1 mm/step] |

| 1908*  | Optional Tray Adj.           |  |  |
|--------|------------------------------|--|--|
|        | Adjusts the reverse time for | the upper and lower paper lift motors. |  |
| 1908 1 | 1st optional                 | [-2 ~ +2 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]          |  |
| 1908 2 | 2nd optional                 | ( Optional Equipment)                  |  |

| 1911*  | By-pass Envelope  |
|--------|---|
| 1911 1 | [0 = Disabled / 1= Enabled The program dedicated to envelope printing runs when you enable this program (SP 1911 1) and you select "Thick Paper" as the paper type of the by-pass tray (System Settings > Tray Paper Settings > Paper Type: Bypass Tray). |

## SP2-XXX (Drum)

| 2001*  | Charge Roller Bias Adjustment   |   |
|--------|---|---|
|        | Printing  | [-2100 ~ -1500 / <b>-1700</b> / 1 V/step] |
| 2001 1 | Adjusts the voltage applied to the charge roller when printing. The actually applied voltage changes automatically as charge roller voltage correction is carried out. The value you set here becomes the base value on which this correction is carried out. |   |
|        | ID sensor pattern   | [0 ~ 400 / <b>300</b> / 1 V/step]         |
| 2001 2 | Adjusts the voltage applied to the charge roller when generating the Vsdp ID sensor pattern (as part of charge roller voltage correction). The actual charge-roller voltage is obtained by adding this value to the value of SP 2001 1.                       |   |

| 2101*  | Erase Margin Adjustment |   |
|--------|-------------------------|---|
| 2101 1 | Leading edge            | [0.0 ~ 9.0 / <b>2.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] ( Copy |

|        |   | Adjustments Printing/Scanning) Specification: 2 ± 1.5 mm   |
|--------|---|--|
|        | Adjusts the leading edge erase margin.  |  |
| 2101 2 | Trailing  | [0.0 ~ 9.0 / <b>3.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning) Specification: 2 +2.5/–1.5 mm |
|        | Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin. The rear trailing edge is this value plus 1.2 mm. |  |
| 2101 3 | Left side   | [0.0 ~ 9.0 / <b>2.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning) Specification: 2 ± 1.5 mm     |
|        | Adjusts the left edge erase margin. The rear left edge is this value plus 0.3 mm.         |  |
| 2101 4 | Right side  | [0.0 ~ 9.0 / <b>2.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning) Specification: 2 +2.5/–1.5 mm |
|        | Adjusts the right edge erase margin. The rear right edge is this value plus 0.3 mm.       |  |

| 2201*  | Development Bias Adjustment   |   |  |
|--------|---|---|--|
|        | Printing  | [-1500 ~ -200 / <b>-650</b> / 1 V/step]   |  |
| 2201 1 | Adjusts the voltage applied to the development roller when printing. This can be adjusted as a temporary measure if faint copies are being produced due to an aging drum.   |   |  |
| 2201 2 | ID sensor pattern   | [-2 = LL (220 V) / <b>-1 = L (260 V</b> ) / 0 = N (300 V) / 1 = H (340 V) / 2 = HH (380 V)] |  |
|        | Adjusts the voltage applied to the development roller when generating the ID sensor pattern. The actual voltage applied is this setting plus the value of SP 2201 1. The setting affects ID sensor pattern density, which in turn affects the |   |  |

| toner supply. |
|---------------|
|               |

| 2213*  | Outputs after Near End   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| 2213 1 | [0 = 50 pages / 1 = 20 pages] Sets the number of copy/print pages that can be made after toner near-end has been detected. Reduce the number of pages if the user normally makes copies with a high image ratio. |  |

| 2214   | Developer Initialization  |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2214 1 | Initializes both the TD sensor toner supply target voltage and the TD sensor gain value. Carry this out after replacing the developer or the TD sensor. |  |

| 2220   | TD Sensor Output Value Display  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|
| 2220 1 | Displays:  1. Vt: the current TD sensor output value and  2. Vref: the target TD output value Vts (SP 2926) + correction for ID sensor output.  The TD sensor output value changes every copy. If 1 > 2, toner is supplied to the development unit. |  |  |

| 2221   | ID Sensor Error Analysis |                          |
|--------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 2221 1 | Vsg                      | Displays the Vsg value.  |
| 2221 2 | Vsp                      | Displays the Vsp value.  |
| 2221 3 | PWM                      | Displays the PWM value.  |
| 2221 4 | Vsdp                     | Displays the Vsdp value. |
| 2221 5 | Vt                       | Displays the Vt value.   |
| 2221 6 | Vts                      | Displays the Vts value.  |

| 2301*  | Transfer Current Adjustment   |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|
| 2301 1 | Normal paper  | [-2 = -4 mA / -1 = -2 mA / 0 = 0 mA / 1 = 2 mA / 2 = +4 mA]      |  |
|        | Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller when feeding from a paper tray. Use a high setting if the user normally feeds relatively thick paper (within spec) from a paper tray ( Image Transfer Current Timing)  |  |  |
|        | Thick/Special paper   | [-2 = -4  mA / -1 = -2  mA / 0 = 0  mA / 1 = 2  mA / 2 = +4  mA] |  |
| 2301 2 | Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller when feeding from the by-pass tray. Use a high setting (a) if the user normally feeds relatively thick paper from the by-pass tray, or (b) if waste toner is re-attracted from the drum (which can occur when using transparencies). (Image Transfer Current Timing) |  |  |
|        | Duplex  | [-2 = -4 mA / -1 = -2 mA / 0 = 0 mA / 1 = 2 mA / 2 = +4 mA]      |  |
| 2301 3 | Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller when carrying out a duplex job. Use this SP if there is poor image transfer on the rear side of duplex copies (Image Transfer Current Timing)  |  |  |
|        | Cleaning  | [-10 ~ 0 / <b>-1</b> / 1 mA/step]                                |  |
| 2301 4 | Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller for roller cleaning. Increase the current if toner remains on the roller after cleaning. (Remaining toner may cause dirty background on the rear side.) ( Image Transfer Current Timing)   |  |  |

| 2802   | Forced Developer Churning   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2802 1 | Initializes the developer and checks the TD sensor output (Vt). The machine mixes the developer for 2 minutes while reading and displaying the Vt value. The machine does not initialize the TD sensor output. If the machine has not been used for a long period of time, prints may have a dirty background. In this case, use this SP mode to mix the developer. The message "Completed" |  |

| is displayed when the program ends normally. |
|--|

| 2906*  | Tailing Correction   |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
|        | Shift value  | [0.0 ~ 1.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] |  |
| 2906 1 | Shifts the image writing position in intervals specified by SP 2906 2. When making many copies of an original that contains vertical lines (such as in tables), the paper may not separate correctly. This can cause tailing images (ghosts of the vertical lines continuing past the bottom of the table). This SP can be used to prevent this. |  |  |
| 2906 2 | Interval [1 ~ 10 / <b>1</b> / 1 page/step]   |  |  |
|        | Changes the interval for the image shift specified by SP 2906 1.   |  |  |

| 2908   | Forced Toner Supply   |
|--------|---|
| 2908 1 | Forces the toner bottle to supply toner to the toner supply unit. Press "1" to start. The machine continues to supply toner until the toner concentration in the development unit reaches the standard level, or for up to 2 minutes (whichever comes first). |

| 2915*  | Polygon Mirror Motor Idling Time   |
|--------|--|
| 2915 1 | [0 = None / 1 = 15  s / 2 = 25  s] Selects the polygon mirror motor idling time. To increase the speed of the first copy, the mirror motor begins idling when the user sets an original, touches a key, or opens the platen cover or DF. If this setting is left at the default (15 s), the motor will stop if the user does nothing for 15s. If the setting is "0", the motor will not switch off during standby. (But note that regardless of the setting, the motor will switch off when the machine enters energy saver mode.) |

| 2921* | Toner Supply Mode |
|-------|-------------------|
|-------|-------------------|

|        | [0 = Sensor 1 / 1 = Sensor 2 (DFU) / 2 = Fixed 1 (DFU) / 3 = Fixed 2]         |
|--------|---|
|        | Selects the toner supply mode. Under normal conditions this should be set to  |
| 2921 1 | "0". You can temporarily change this to "3" if the TD sensor is defective. Do |
|        | not set to "1" or "2", as these are for design use only ( Toner Density       |
|        | Control)  |

| 2922*  | Toner Supply Time   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2922 1 | [0.1 ~ 5.0 / <b>0.4</b> / 0.1 s/step] Adjusts the toner supply motor ON time for Sensor 1 and Sensor 2 toner supply mode. Accordingly, this setting is effective only if SP 2921 is set to "0" or "1" Raising this value increases the toner supply motor ON time. Set to a high value if the user tends to make many copies having high proportions of solid black image areas (*** Toner Density Control) |  |

| 2923*  | Toner Recovery Time  |  |
|--------|--|--|
| 2923 1 | [3 $\sim$ 60 / <b>30</b> / 1 s/step]<br>Adjusts the toner supply motor ON time used during toner recovery from Toner Near End or Toner End. This setting is effective only if SP 2921 is set to "0" Since toner recovery is carried out in 3-second cycles, the input value should be a multiple of 3 (3, 6, 9). ( $\blacksquare$ Toner Density Control) |  |

| 2925*  | Toner Supply Rate   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2925 1 | Adjusts the toner supply time for fixed toner supply mode. This setting is effective only if SP 2921 is set to "2" or "3". $[0 \sim 7 / 0]t = 200$ ms, and settings are as follows $0 = t$ , $1 = 2t$ , $2 = 4t$ , $3 = 8t$ , $4 = 12t$ , $5 = 16t$ , $6 = $ on continuously, $7 = 0$ s Raising this value increases the toner supply motor ON time. Set to a high value if the user tends to make many copies having high proportions of solid black image areas ( $\blacksquare$ Toner Density Control) |  |

| 2926* |
|-------|
|-------|

|        | [0.00 ~ 5.00 / <b>2.50</b> / 0.01 V/step] <b>DFU</b>                             |
|--------|--|
| 2926 1 | Adjusts Vts (the Vt value for new developer). The TD sensor output is            |
| 2926 1 | adjusted to this value during the TD sensor initial setting process]. This SP is |
|        | effective only when SP 2921 is "0", "1", or "2".                                 |

| 2927*  | ID Sensor Control   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2927 1 | [0 = No / 1 = Yes] Selects whether the ID sensor is or is not used for toner density control. This value should normally be left at "1". If the value is "0", dirty background may occur after long periods of non-use. |  |

| 2928   | Toner End Clear   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2928 1 | Clears the toner end condition without adding new toner. The following are cleared:  Toner end indicator (goes out).  Toner near-end counter  Toner near-end level This function should generally not be used. If you clear the toner end condition without adding new toner, there is a risk that the drum may eventually begin to attract carrier after many more copies are made and toner runs out. This attracted carrier may damage the drum. |  |

| 2929*  | Vref Limits                           |   |
|--------|---------------------------------------|---|
|        | Adjust the upper or lower Vref limit. |   |
| 2929 1 | Upper                                 | [0.50 ~ 3.50 / <b>3.20</b> / 0.01V/step] <b>DFU</b> |
| 2929 2 | Lower                                 | [0.50 ~ 3.50 / <b>0.70</b> / 0.01V/step] <b>DFU</b> |

| 2994*  | ID Sensor Detection Temperature   | [30 ~ 90 / <b>30</b> / 1 °C/step] |
|--------|---|-----------------------------------|
| 2994 1 | While the machine is recovering from an energy saver mode, or while the |                                   |

| machine starts, the controller ignores the ID-sensor signals if the fusing |
|--|
| temperature is at the specified value or higher.                           |

| 2996*  | Transfer Roller Cleaning  |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 2996 1 | Selects whether the transfer roller is cleaned before each copy job. Set this to "1" if dirty background is appearing on the reverse side of the first page of copy jobs. Note that this will increase the time required to generate the first copy. If the setting is "0", the transfer roller is never cleaned ("Transfer Roller Cleaning). |  |

| 2997* | Toner Density Sensor Standard<br>Voltage | [0 / <b>2.5</b> / 5/ 0.01V/step] <b>DFU</b> |
|-------|--|---|
|-------|--|---|

| 2998*  | Main Scan Magnification | [-0.5 ~ +0.5 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1%/step]  |
|--------|-------------------------|---|
| 2998 1 |                         | ng the main scan direction, for all print modes tion is 100 ± 1.0% ( Copy Adjustments |

# SP4-XXX (Scanner)

| 4008*  | Sub-Scan Magnification (Scanner)   | [-0.9 ~ +0.9 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1%/step] |
|--------|--|--|
| 4008 1 | Adjusts the actual sub-scan direction so setting, the lower the scanner motor sp |  |

| 4009*  | Main Scan Magnification (Scanner)  | [-0.9 ~ +0.9 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1%/step] |
|--------|--|--|
| 4009 1 | Adjusts the magnification along the main<br>The specification is $100 \pm 1.0\%$<br>Main scan magnification is implemented<br>input value should be a multiple of 0.5 (- | in steps of 0.5. Accordingly, your     |

| 4010*  | Leading Edge Registration (Scanner)  | [-5.0 ~ +5.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] |
|--------|--|--|
| 4010 1 | Adjusts the leading edge registration Adjustments Printing/Scanning)  (–): The image moves toward the full (+): The image moves toward the full The specification is 2 ± 1.5 mm. |  |

| 4011*  | Side-to-side Registration (Scanner)   | [-4.2 ~ +4.2 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] |
|--------|---|--|
| 4011 1 | Adjusts the side-to-side registration for scanning in platen mode ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning) Increasing the value shifts the image to the right The specification is 2 ± 1.5 mm. |  |

|        | Scan Erase Margin   |                                      |
|--------|---|--------------------------------------|
| 4012*  | Adjusts the scanning margin individually for each of the four edges. It is generally best to adjust the scanning margin as little as possible, and use the printing margin for image adjustments. |                                      |
| 4012 1 | Leading edge  |                                      |
| 4012 2 | Trailing edge   | [0 ~ 9.0 / <b>1.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] |
| 4012 3 | Left  | [[0 * 9.0 / 1.0 / 0.1 Hilli/Step]    |
| 4012 4 | Right   |                                      |

| 4013   | Scanner Free Run   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| 4013 1 | Performs a scanner free run with the exposure lamp on. Press ON or to start.  Press OFF to stop. |  |

| 4015* | White Plate Scanning |
|-------|----------------------|
|-------|----------------------|

|        | Start position   | [-3.0 ~ +6.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] |
|--------|--|--|
| 4015 1 | Adjusts the scanning start position on the white plate for auto shading. The base value stored in the machine is 15.2 mm toward the white plate from the scanner HP. This SP setting specifies the offset from this base value.  |  |
|        | Scanning length  | [-3.0 ~ +6.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step] |
| 4015 2 | Adjusts the length of the white plate scan, in the main scan direction. The scan begins at the start position set above [in SP 4015 1] and extends for the specified length. The base value stored in the machine is 4.76 mm. This SP setting specifies the offset from this base value. |  |

| 4428   | Scan Auto-Adjustment   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| 4428 1 | Performs the automatic scanner adjustment. Use this SP mode after replacing the white plate. |  |

| 4901  | SBU White Level Adjustment  |  |
|---|---|--|
|   | Black Feedback-EVEN   | [0 ~ 8191]                                     |
| 4901 2  | Displays the feedback value of the even channels given by the SBU.  Normally, the value is 1, 2, 3,, 8188, 8189, or 8190. However, machine may operate normally even when the value is 0 or 8191. |  |
|   | Black Feedback-ODD  | [0 ~ 8191]                                     |
| Displays the feedback value of the odd channels given by the Sl the value is 1, 2, 3,, 8188, 8189, or 8190. However, machine normally even when the value is 0 or 8191. |   | 8, 8189, or 8190. However, machine may operate |
|   | Black Display-Target  | [0 ~ 63 / <b>10</b> /step]                     |
| 4901 4  | Displays the target value for the black-level adjustment executed during machine initialization. Normally, the value is 10. Other values indicate that the adjustment has ended unsuccessfully.   |  |
| 4901 5*   | White Target  | [0 ~ 511 / <b>511</b> / 1/step]                |

|         | Displays the target value for the white-level adjustment.  |                                   |
|---------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 4901 6  | White Result   | [0 ~ 511 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]     |
| 43010   | Displays the result of the wl  | nite-level adjustment.            |
|         | White Number of Attempt  | [0 ~ 20 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]      |
| 4901 10 | Displays how many times the white-level adjustment is retried. The value does not include the first execution of the white adjustment. For example, if the value is "2", this indicates that the white-level adjustment has been executed three times. The white-level adjustment can be executed 20 times or less. Therefore, if the value is "20," this indicates that the white-level adjustment has ended abnormally (as described, the value "20" does not include the first execution). If the white-level adjustment is unsuccessful, the machine uses the result of the latest, successful white-level adjustment. |                                   |
|         | Auto Adjustment Setting  | [222 ~ 281 / <b>256</b> / 1/step] |
| 4901 11 | Displays the parameter of the white-level adjustment. The value is be the result of SP 4901 12.  |                                   |
|         | Auto Adjustment-Result   | [0 ~ 600 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]     |
| 4901 12 | Displays the result of the white-level adjustment. Normally, the value is between 228 and 281 (including the both values). When the value is normal, it is stored as the value of SP 4901 11.  |                                   |
|         |  |                                   |
| 4902*   | Exposure Lamp ON   |                                   |
| 4902 1  | Turns the exposure lamp on or off. To turn off the exposure lamp, select "OFF". (The exposure lamp shuts off automatically after 180 seconds.)   |                                   |
|         |  |                                   |
| 4903*   | ADS Level  | [0 ~ 255 / <b>252</b> / 1/step]   |

[0 ~ 255 / **80** / 1/step]

4904\*

4903 1

Adjusts the ADS level.

ADS Lower Limit

| 4904 1 | Adjusts the ADS lower limit. |
|--------|------------------------------|
|--------|------------------------------|

| 4905*  | ADS Level   | [ <b>0 = All</b> / 1 = One]  |
|--------|---|--|
| 4905 1 | Checks the whole area (0 = the left edge (1 = One) to a | All) or the area between 15 mm and 90 mm from djust the ADS level. |

| 4921*  | Image Adj Selection           |   |
|--------|-------------------------------|---|
|        | Image Adj Selection (Copy)    | [0 ~ 10 / <b>0</b> / 1]   |
| 4921 1 | 0 = None, 1 = Text 1, 2 =Text | ngs from SP 4922 to SP 4932 and are used for:<br>2, 3= Photo 1, 4 = Photo 2, 5 = Photo 3, 6 =<br>Special 3, 9 = Special 4, 10 = Special 5 |

|        | Scanner Gamma  |                                   |
|--------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 4922*  | Selects "text" or "photo" as the priority output mode. This setting is ap all image processing modes of SP 4921. |                                   |
| 4922 1 | Scanner Gamma (Copy)   | [0=System default/1=Text/2=Photo] |

|        | Notch Selection   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 4923*  | LEDs.  Normally the center notch is down (becomes lighter). If + darker). | ter ID adjustment notch for the ID adjustment  3 (range 1-5). If -1 is selected, each notch shifts 1 is selected, each notch shifts up (becomes image processing modes of SP 4921. |
| 4923 1 | Notch Selection (Copy)  | [-1 = Light / <b>0 = Normal</b> / +1 = Dark]   |

| 4926* | Texture Removal   |  |
|-------|---|--|
| 4020  | Adjusts the texture removal level that is used with error diffusion. 0: The |  |

|        | default value for each mode is used. Text 1, Photo 2, Special 2, and Special 5 have a default of 3 and Photo 1, 3 have a default of 1.  1: No removal applied.  2 – 5: Removal applied at the level specified here. The higher the setting (level), the less clear the image will become (more texture removal). This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921. |                              |  |
|--------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 4926 1 | Texture Removal (Copy)   | [0 ~ 6 / <b>1</b> /step]     |  |
|        |  |                              |  |
|        | Line Width Correction  |                              |  |
| 4927*  | Adjusts the line width correction algorithm. Positive settings produce thicker lines; negative settings produce thinner lines. This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921.   |                              |  |
| 4927 1 | Line Width Correction (Copy) [–2 ~ 2 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]  |                              |  |
|        |  |                              |  |
|        | Independent Dot Erase  |                              |  |
| 4928*  | Selects the dot erase level. Higher settings provide greater erasure. This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921.  |                              |  |
| 4928 1 | Independent Dot Erase (Copy) [-2 ~ 2 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]  |                              |  |
|        |  |                              |  |
|        | Positive/Negative  | [ <b>0 = No</b> , 1 = Yes]   |  |
| 4929*  | Inverts white and black. This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921.   |                              |  |
| 4929 1 | Positive/Negative (Copy)   |                              |  |
|        |  |                              |  |
| 4930*  | Sharpness-Edge   | [-2 ~ 2 / <b>0</b> / 1/step] |  |
|        | Adjust the clarity. This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921.  |                              |  |
| 4930 1 | Sharpness-Edge (Copy)  |                              |  |

| 4931*  | Sharpness-Solid   | [-2 ~ 2 / <b>0</b> / 1/step] |
|--------|---|------------------------------|
|        | Adjust the clarity. This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921. |                              |
| 4931 1 | Sharpness-Solid (Copy)  |                              |

| 4932*  | Sharpness-Low ID  | [-2 ~ 2 / <b>0</b> / 1/step] |
|--------|---|------------------------------|
|        | Adjust the clarity. This setting is only applied to the originals in SP 4921. |                              |
| 4932 1 | Sharpness- Low ID (Copy)  |                              |

| 4941*  | White Line Erase              | [0 ~ 2 / <b>1</b> / 1/step] |
|--------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 4941 1 | 0: White line erase is not us |                             |

| 4942*  | Black Line Erase   | [0 ~ 3 / <b>2</b> / 1/step] |
|--------|--|-----------------------------|
| 4942 1 | are scanned by the A(R)DF $[0 = No / 1 = Very weak / 2]$ |                             |

## SP5-XXX (Mode)

| 5001 All Indicators On |   |
|------------------------|---|
| 5001 1                 | All LEDs turn on. The LCD turns on or off every 3 seconds. Press the reset key to end this program. |

| 5045*  | [Accounting count]  | [0 to 1 / <b>0</b> / -] 0: Developments, 1: Pages |
|--------|---|---|
| 5045 1 | Selects the counting method to either total copies or prints. |   |

| 5104*  | A3/DLT Double Count  [0 = Enabled / 1 = Disabled / 2 = Disabled if the size is undetected]  Selects whether the machine counts twice for each sheet of A3/11"x 17". If this is set to "Yes" is selected, the total (mechanical) counter and the curred user counter will both increment by two for each A3/11" x 17" sheet. |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 5104 1 |   |  |

| 5120*  | CIr-OP Count Remv   | [0=Yes / <b>1=Standby only</b> / 2=No]   |
|--------|---|--|
| 5120 1 | key counter is removed. Wi<br>removed at the end of a job<br>cleared if the counter is ren<br>cleared at all, under either of | Inditions the copy job settings are reset when the th 0, the settings are cleared if the counter is or midway through a job. With 1, they are only noved at the end of a job. With 2, they are not condition. With duplex copies, the job settings are set of the setting of this SP mode. |

| 5121*  | Count Up Timing   | [0 = Feed In / 1 = Exit] |  |
|--------|---|--------------------------|--|
| 5121 1 | Selects whether the key counter increments at time of paper feed-in or at time of paper exit. |                          |  |

| 5501*  | PM Alarm Interval<br>(Printout)     | [0 ~ 9999 / <b>0</b> / 0K copies/step] |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 5501 1 | Specifies when the PM alarm occurs. |  |

| 5801 |      | Memory Clear           |
|------|------|------------------------|
| 58   | 01 2 | Engine ( Memory Clear) |

| 5802   | Machine Free Run |
|--|------------------|
| Starts a free run of both the scanner and the printer. Press "ON" to starts a free run of both the scanner and the printer. Press "ON" to starts a free run of both the scanner and the printer. |                  |

| 5803 | Input Check             |
|------|-------------------------|
|      | (Input Check (SP 5803)) |

| 5804 | Output Check              |
|------|---------------------------|
|      | ( Output Check (SP 5804)) |

| 5807*  | Area Selection  |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 5807 1 | Selects the display language group.  1 = Japan, <b>2 = North America</b> , 3 = Europe, 4 = Taiwan, 5 = Asia, 6 = China, 7 = Korea  SP 5807 1 is not cleared by SP 5801 2 ( Memory Clear). |  |

| 5811*  | Serial Num Input |   |
|--------|------------------|---|
| 5811 1 | Setting          | Sets the machine serial number. <b>FA</b> |

| 5812*  | 5812* Service TEL  |  |
|--------|--|--|
|        | Service TEL (Telephone)  |  |
| 5812 1 | Use this to input the telephone number of the service representative. (The number is displayed when a service call condition occurs.) To input a dash, press <sup>©</sup> . To delete the current telephone number, press <sup>©</sup> . |  |

| 5824 NVRAM Upload |   |
|-------------------|---|
| 5824 1            | (NVRAM Data Upload/Download (SP 5824/5825)) |

| 5825   | NVRAM Download                              |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 5825 1 | (NVRAM Data Upload/Download (SP 5824/5825)) |  |

| 5827   | Program Download                  |  |
|--------|-----------------------------------|--|
| 5827 1 | Downloads programs to the machine |  |

|   | 5901 Printer Free Run |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| 5901 1 Executes the free run. Press "ON" to start; press "OFF" to stop. |                       | Executes the free run. Press "ON" to start; press "OFF" to stop. |

| 5902 Test Pattern Print |      | Test Pattern Print                |
|-------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| 590                     | 02 1 | ( Test Pattern Print (SP 5902 1)) |

| 5907*  | Plug & Play Setting   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| 5907 1 | Selects the brand name and production name for the Plug and Play function. These names are registered in the NVRAM. If the NVRAM becomes defective, these names should be re-registered. Use the right-arrow or left-arrow key to scroll through the list of brand names. To select a brand name, press the OK key. An asterisk (*) indicates which manufacture is currently selected. (Memory clear) |  |

| 5990   | SMC Print    |                        |
|--------|--------------|------------------------|
| 5990 1 | All          |                        |
| 5990 2 | SP           |                        |
| 5990 3 | User Program | ( SMC Print (SP 5990)) |
| 5990 4 | Logging Data |                        |
| 5990 5 | Big font     |                        |

# SP6-XXX (Peripherals)

| 6006*  | ADF Adjustment ( ADF Image Adjustment)  NOTE: Available menus depend on the machine model and its configura  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| 6006 1 | ADF Adjustment (StoS/Front Regist)   | [-5.0 ~ +5.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step]                                     |  |
| 00001  | Adjusts the side-to-side registration mode. Use the equation key to select "+"   | for the front side of the original, for ADF or "-" before entering the value |  |
|        | ADF Adjustment (Leading Regist)  | [-5.0 ~ +5.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step]                                     |  |
| 6006 2 | Adjusts the leading edge registratio "+" or "-" before entering the value.   | n for ADF mode. Use the <sup>©</sup> key to select                           |  |
|        | ADF Adjustment (Trailing Erase)  | [-3.0 ~ +3.0 / <b>-1.0</b> / 0.1 mm/step]                                    |  |
| 6006 3 | Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin for ADF mode. Use the extension key to select "+" or "-" before entering the value.                                   |  |  |
| 6006 4 | ADF Adjustment (StoS/Rear Regist)  | [-5.0 ~ +5.0 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.5 mm/step]                                     |  |
| 00001  | Adjusts the side-to-side registration for the rear side of duplex originals, for ADF mode. Use the extra key to select "+" or "-" before entering the value. |  |  |
| 6006 5 | ADF Adjustment (Sub-scan Magnif)   | [-0.9 ~ +0.9 / <b>0.0</b> / 0.1 %/step]                                      |  |
|        | Adjust the sub-scan magnification for the ADF.   |  |  |
|        | ADF Adjustment (Original Curl<br>Adj)  | [0 = No / 1 = Yes]   |  |
| 6006 6 |  | tment for the reverse sides of originals.                                    |  |
| 6006 7 | ADF Adjustment (Skew Correction)   | [-20 ~ +20 / <b>0</b> / 1 mm/step]   |  |

|  | Specifies the distance of the skew adjustment. SP 6006 7 is effective when |
|--|--|
|  | you enable SP 6006 6 (ADF Adjustment [Original Curl Adj]).                 |

| 6009 ADF Free Run |        | ADF Free Run  |
|-------------------|--------|---|
|                   | 6009 1 | Performs an ADF free run. Press "ON" to start; press "OFF" to stop. |

|           | 6901 Display ADF/APS (not used) |  |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 6901.11 |                                 | Displays the status of the ADF original size sensors ( ADF APS Sensor Output Display(SP 6901)) |

| 6910*  | ADF Shading Time           | [0 ~ 60 / <b>10</b> / 1 s/step]  |
|--------|----------------------------|--|
| 6910 1 | and heat in the room may a | or the shading processing in the ADF mode. Light affect the scanner response. Reduce this setting if the white level is drifting during ADF copy jobs. |

# SP7-XXX (Data Log)

| 7001*  | Total Operation  |
|--------|--|
| 7001 1 | Shows the total operation time (total drum rotation time). |

| 7401* | Counter-SC Total                             | [0 ~ 9999 / <b>0</b> / 1/step] |
|-------|--|--------------------------------|
| 7401  | Shows how many times SC codes are generated. |                                |

| 7403*  | SC History                                     |
|--------|--|
| 7403 1 | Shows the histories of the latest 10 SC codes. |

| 7502*  | Counter-Paper Jam                          | [0 ~ 9999 / <b>0</b> / 1/step] |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|
| 7502 1 | Shows the total number of copy paper jams. |                                |

| 7503*  | Counter-Orgn Jam                         | [0 ~ 9999 / <b>0</b> / 1/step] |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|
| 7503 1 | Shows the total number of original jams, |                                |

|           | Counter-Each P Jam   | [0 ~ 9999 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]         |
|-----------|--|--|
| 7504*     | Displays the total number of the paper jams classified by timing and location. |  |
| 7504 1    | Counter-Each P Jam (At power on)   |  |
| 70011     | Paper jam occurs at power on.  |  |
| 7504 10   | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Regist No  | Feed)                                  |
| 700110    | Paper does not reach the registration  | n sensor (from a paper tray).          |
| 7504 11   | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-1 Vertical   | SN)                                    |
| 700411    | Paper does not reach the relay sensor.   |  |
| 7504 12   | Counter-Each P Jam (On-1 Vertical SN)  |  |
| 700412    | Paper is caught at the relay sensor.   |  |
| 7504 21   | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-2 Vertical   | SN) (Not Used)                         |
| 700121    | Paper does not reach the vertical tra  | ansport sensor.                        |
| 7504 22   | Counter-Each P Jam (On-2 Vertical  | SN) (Not Used)                         |
| 7 00 1 22 | Paper is caught at the vertical transp   | port sensor.                           |
|           | Counter Each P Jam (Off-3 Vertical   | SN) (Not Used)                         |
| 7504 31   | Paper does not reach the vertical traffeed unit.                               | ansport sensor in the optional paper   |
|           | Counter Each P Jam (On-3 Vertical  | SN) (Not Used)                         |
| 7504 32   | Paper is caught at the vertical transpunit.                                    | port sensor in the optional paper feed |

| 7504 50  | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Regist Bypass) (Not Used)  |
|----------|--|
| 700.00   | Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from the by-pass tray).                            |
|          | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Regist Duplex)   |
| 7504 60  | Paper does not reach the registration sensor during reverse-side printing (for duplex printing). |
| 7504 70  | Counter-Each P Jam (On-Regist SN)  |
| 700170   | Paper is caught at the registration sensor.  |
| 7504 120 | Counter-Each P Jam (On-Exit SN)  |
| 7304 120 | Paper is caught at the exit sensor (previous page).  |
| 7504 121 | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Exit SN)   |
| 7004 121 | Paper does not reach the exit sensor.  |
| 7504 122 | Counter-Each P Jam (On-Exit SN)  |
| 7004 122 | Paper is caught at the exit sensor.  |
|          | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Dup Inverter)  |
| 7504 123 | Paper does not reach the duplex inverter sensor (from the registration roller).                  |
| 7504 125 | Counter-Each P Jam (On-Dup Inverter)   |
| 7304 123 | Paper is caught at the duplex inverter sensor.   |
| 7504 126 | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Dup Entrance)  |
| 7004 120 | Paper does not reach the duplex entrance sensor.   |
| 7504 127 | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Dup Entrance)  |
|          | Paper is caught at the duplex entrance sensor.   |
| 7504 128 | Counter-Each P Jam (Off-Duplex Exit)   |
| 7004 120 | Paper does not reach the duplex exit sensor.   |
|          |  |

| 7504 129 | Counter-Each P Jam (On-Duplex Exit)        |
|----------|--|
| 7001120  | Paper is caught at the duplex exit sensor. |

|          | Counter-Each O Jam   | [0 ~ 9999 / <b>0</b> / 1/step]                     |  |
|----------|--|--|--|
| 7505*    | Displays the total number of the original jams on the ADF that have occurred at a certain timing or at a certain location. |  |  |
| 7505 210 | Counter-Each O Jam (Off-Regis  | st SN)   |  |
| 7000 210 | The original does not reach the registration sensor.   |  |  |
| 7505 211 | Counter-Each O Jam (On-Regis   | st SN)   |  |
| 7000 211 | The original is caught at the reg  | jistration sensor.                                 |  |
| 7505 212 | Counter-Each O Jam (Off-Relay SN)  |  |  |
| 7000212  | The original does not reach the exit sensor.   |  |  |
| 7505 213 | Counter-Each O Jam (On-Relay SN)   |  |  |
| 7000 210 | The original is caught at the exi  | t sensor.  |  |
| 7505 214 | Counter-Each O Jam (Off-Inverter SN)   |  |  |
| 7000 211 | The original does not reach the reverse sensor.  |  |  |
| 7505 215 | Counter-Each O Jam (On Inverter SN)  |  |  |
| 7000 210 | The original is caught at the reverse sensor.  |  |  |
|          | Counter-Each O Jam (Insufficient gap)  |  |  |
| 7505 216 | The distance between originals the original is not of the standar  | is not sufficient. This jam can occur when d size. |  |

| 7507 | <b>7</b> * | Dsply-P Jam Hist  |
|------|------------|---|
| 75   | 507 1      | Displays the latest 10 paper-jam history. The list below shows the possible 22 codes: |

| 1, 10, 11, 12, 21, 22, 31, 32, 50, 60, 70, 120, 121, 122, 123, 125, 126, 127, |
|---|
| 128, 129, 130, 131  |
| The codes correspond to the menus of SP 7504. For example, the code 1         |
| corresponds to SP 7504 1, and the code 10 corresponds to SP 7504 10.          |

| 7508*  | Dsply-O Jam Hist   |
|--------|--|
| 7508 1 | Displays the total number of the original-jams history. The following are the possible seven codes: 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216 The codes correspond to the menus of SP 7505. For example, the code 210 corresponds to SP 7505 210, and the code 211 corresponds to SP 7505 211. |

| 7801                             | Memory/Version/PN                                       |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 7801 2                           | Memory/Version (BICU)                                   |
| 70012                            | Displays the version of the BICU board                  |
| 7801 5                           | Memory/Version (ADF)                                    |
| 70010                            | Displays the P/N and suffix of the ADF ROM.             |
| Memory/Version (Printer/Scanner) | Memory/Version (Printer/Scanner)                        |
| 7,501 10                         | Displays the P/N and suffix of the Printer/Scanner ROM. |

| 7803*  | Display-PM Count         |
|--------|--------------------------|
| 7803 1 | Displays the PM counter. |

| 7804   | Reset-PM Counter   |
|--------|--|
| 7804 1 | Resets the PM counter (SP 7803 1). When the program ends normally, the message "Completed" is displayed. |

| 7807 | Reset-SC/Jam Counters |
|------|-----------------------|
|------|-----------------------|

| 7807 1 | Resets the SC, paper, original, and total jam counters. When the program ends normally, the message "Completed" is displayed. SP 7807 1 does not |
|--------|--|
| 7807 1 | reset the following logs: SP 7507 (Display-Paper Jam History) and SP 7508 (Display-Original Jam History).  |

| 7808   | Reset-Counters  |
|--------|---|
| 7808 1 | Resets all counters except for the management counters. The management counters are the counters that are not changed by NVRAM Download (SP 5825 1) When the program ends normally, the message the message "Completed" is displayed. |

| 7810   | Reset–Key Op Code   |
|--------|---|
| 7810 1 | Resets the key operator code. Use SP 7810 1 when the customer has forgotten the key-operator code. When the program ends normally, the message "Completed" is displayed, if the program ends abnormally, an error message is displayed. If the customer forgets the key operator code. To specify a new key-operator code, use the User Tools: System Settings → Key Operator Tools → Key Operator Code → On → Enter Key Operator Code. |

| 7 | <b>'</b> 832* | Display-Self-Diag  |
|---|---------------|--|
|   | 7832 1        | Displays the SC codes and the number of their occurrences. Each number is in the range of 0 to 9999. |

|        | Dsply-Info Count  |
|--------|---|
| 7991*  | Displays the total operating time or the total number of operations. The time is displayed in the following format: day:hour:minute:second. |
|        | Dsply-Info Count (Dsply-Timer Count)  |
| 7991 1 | The total of the time when the main switch is kept on (excluding the time when the safety switch is off ( LD Safety Switch).                |

| 7991 3  | Dsply-Info Count (Dsply-ID S Work)                   |
|---------|--|
| 70010   | The total of the time when the ID sensor is working. |
| 7991 4  | Dsply-Info Count (Dsply-Dev Counter)                 |
| 70011   | The total number of paper outputs.                   |
| 7991 5  | Dsply-Info Count (Dsply-ID Er Count)                 |
| 7,001.0 | The total number of ID-sensor errors.                |

| 7992*   | Reset-Info Count                     |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| 7992 1  | Reset-Info Count (Reset-Timer Count) |
| 70021   | Clears the counter of SP 7991 1.     |
| 7992 5  | Reset-Info Count (Reset-ID Er Count) |
| 7.002.0 | Clears the counter of SP 7991 5.     |

# SP8-XXX (History)

| 8191*  | T: Total Scan PGS | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]  |
|--------|-------------------|--|
| 8191 1 |                   | of scanned pages. Both sides are counted when of an original (fed from the ADF) are scanned. |

| 8192*  | C: Total Scan PGS | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]   |
|--------|-------------------|---|
| 8192 1 |                   | of scanned copies. Both sides are counted when of an original (fed from the ADF) are scanned. |

| 8195*  | S: Total Scan PGS | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]  |
|--------|-------------------|--|
| 8195 1 |                   | of scanned originals. Both sides are counted when of an original (fed from the ADF) are scanned. |

| 8221*  | ADE Org Food   | [0 0000000 / <b>0</b> / 1 chect/ctop]   |
|--------|--|---|
| 0221   | ADF Org Feed   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
|        | ADF Org Feed (Front)   |   |
| 8221 1 | Displays the total number of scanned front sides of originals fed from the ADF.            |   |
|        | ADF Org Feed (Back)  |   |
| 8221 2 | Displays the total number of scanned reverse sides of originals fed from the ADF.          |   |
|        | Γ  |   |
| 8381*  | T: Total Prt PGS   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
| 8381 1 | Displays the print count of  | all application programs.               |
|        |  |   |
| 8382*  | C: Total Prt PGS   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
| 8382 1 | Displays the print count of the copier application program.                                |   |
|        |  |   |
| 8384*  | P: Total Prt PGS   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
| 8384 1 | Displays the print count of the printer application program.                               |   |
|        |  |   |
| 8391*  | L size Prt PGS (A3/DLT,<br>Larger) [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]                 |   |
| 8391 1 | Displays the print count of the A3/DLT size or larger paper.                               |   |
|        |  | •                                       |
| 8411*  | Prints/Duplex [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]                                      |   |
| 8411 1 | Displays the total count of the duplex printing.   |   |
|        |  |   |
|        | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
| 8422*  | Displays the total print count of copier application classified by combination/duple type. |   |

| 8422 1 | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb (Simplex > Duplex) | Original Print |
|--------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| 8422 2 | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb (Duplex > Duplex)  | Original Print |
| 8422 4 | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb (Simplex Combine)  | Original Print |
| 8422 5 | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb (Duplex Combine)   | Original Print |
| 8422 6 | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb (2>)               | Original Print |
| 8422 7 | C: PrtPGS/Dup Comb(4>)                | Original Print |

|        | T: PrtPGS/Ppr Size   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
|--------|--|---|
| 8441*  | Displays the total print count classified by paper size. This is the total for all application programs. |   |
| 8441 1 | (A3)   |   |
| 8441 2 | (A4)   |   |
| 8441 3 | (A5)   |   |
| 8441 4 | (B4)   |   |
| 8441 5 | (B5)   |   |
| 8441 6 | (DLT)  |   |

| 8441 7   | (LG)             |
|----------|------------------|
| 8441 8   | (LT)             |
| 8441 9   | (HLT)            |
| 8441 254 | Other (Standard) |
| 8441 255 | Other (Custom)   |

| 8442*    | C: PrtPGS/Ppr Size  | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
|----------|---|---|
| 0112     | Displays the number of pages printed by the copier application program. |   |
| 8442 1   | (A3)  |   |
| 8442 2   | (A4)  |   |
| 8442 3   | (A5)  |   |
| 8442 4   | (B4)  |   |
| 8442 5   | (B5)  |   |
| 8442 6   | (DLT)   |   |
| 8442 7   | (LG)  |   |
| 8442 8   | (LT)  |   |
| 8442 9   | (HLT)   |   |
| 8442 254 | Other (Standard)  |   |
| 8442 255 | Other (Custom)  |   |

| 8444*  | P: PrtPGS/Ppr Size | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]        |
|--|--------------------|--|
| Displays the number of pages printed by the co |                    | ges printed by the copier application program. |
| 8444 1   | (A3)               |  |
| 8444 2   | (A4)               |  |

| 8444 3   | (A5)             |
|----------|------------------|
| 8444 4   | (B4)             |
| 8444 5   | (B5)             |
| 8444 6   | (DLT)            |
| 8444 7   | (LG)             |
| 8444 8   | (LT)             |
| 8444 9   | HLT              |
| 8444 254 | Other (Standard) |
| 8444 255 | Other (Custom)   |

| 8451*  | C: PrtPGS/Ppr Tray   | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |
|--------|--|---|
|        | Displays the total print count classified by paper source. |   |
| 8451 1 | Bypass Tray  |   |
| 8451 2 | Tray 1   |   |
| 8451 3 | Tray 2   |   |
| 8451 4 | Tray 3   |   |
| 8451 5 | Tray 4 (not used)  |   |

|   | T: PrtPGS/Ppr Type | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step]                |
|---|--------------------|--|
| Displays the total print count classified by paper size. This is the tapplication programs. |                    | nt classified by paper size. This is the total for all |
| 8461 1  | Normal             |  |
| 8461 4  | Thick              |  |
| 8461 7  | OHP                |  |

| 8461 8 | Other |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|

| 8462*  | C: PrtPGS/Ppr Type [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0.102  | Displays the total print count classified by paper size.   |  |  |  |  |
| 8462 1 | Normal   |  |  |  |  |
| 8462 4 | Thick  |  |  |  |  |
| 8462 7 | ОНР  |  |  |  |  |
| 8462 8 | Other  |  |  |  |  |

|        | P: PrtPGS/Ppr Type [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 8464*  | Displays the total print courapplication programs.         | nt classified by paper size. This is the total for all |  |  |  |
| 8464 1 | Normal   |  |  |  |  |
| 8464 4 | Thick  |  |  |  |  |
| 8464 7 | ОНР  |  |  |  |  |
| 8464 8 | Other  |  |  |  |  |

| 8522* C: PrtPGS/FIN (Sort) |                              | [0 ~ 9999999 / <b>0</b> / 1 sheet/step] |  |  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 8522 1                     | Displays the total number of | of printing classified by paper size.   |  |  |

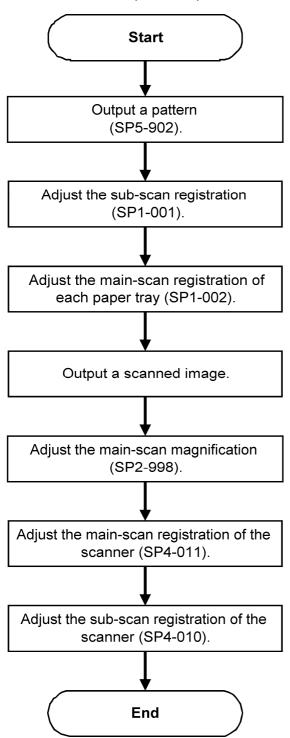
## SP9-XXX (Etc.)

Not used in this machine.

# **Using SP Modes**

#### Adjusting Registration and Magnification

To adjust the registration and magnification, you need to use several service programs. The chart shows an example of the procedure to adjust the machine in the basic configuration.



### ID Sensor Error Analysis (SP 2221)

The image quality may become very bad when the ID sensor does not operate properly. However, there is no such SC code that indicates ID-sensor malfunction; instead, SP 2221 shows you some information on the ID sensor. Check this information when the image quality is not very good.

The table lists the information shown with SP 2221 (ID Sensor Error Analysis).

| SP  | Error condition   | Possible cause   | Remarks                              |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| SP 2221 1 Vsg<br>(VG in the display)      | Vsg < 2.5V or<br>(Vsg – Vsp) <<br>1.00V                 | <ul><li>ID sensor defective</li><li>ID sensor dirty</li><li>Drum not charged</li></ul>         |                                      |
| SP 2221 2 Vsp<br>(VP in the display)      | Vsp > 2.5V or<br>(Vsg - Vsp) <<br>1.00V                 | <ul><li>Toner density very low</li><li>ID sensor pattern not created</li></ul>                 |                                      |
| SP 2221 3 Power<br>(PW in the<br>display) | Vsg < 3.5V<br>when maximum<br>power (979) is<br>applied | <ul><li>ID sensor defective</li><li>ID sensor dirty</li><li>Drum not get<br/>charged</li></ul> | Power source for the ID-sensor light |
| SP 2221 4 Vsdp                            | No Error<br>Conditions                                  |  |                                      |
| SP 2221 5 Vt                              | Vt > 4.5V or Vt < 0.2V                                  | TD sensor defective  |                                      |
| SP 2221 6 Vts                             |   |  |                                      |

#### **Memory Clear**

The machine stores the engine data in the NVRAM in the BICU. The data in the BICU NVRAM (engine data) is cleared by SP 5801.

| 002 | Main Motor Reverse |
|-----|--------------------|
| 003 | Quenching Lamp     |

| Data        | NVRAM | Cleared by |
|-------------|-------|------------|
| Engine data | BICU  | SP 5801    |

#### - Exceptions -

SP 5998 1 clears most of the settings and counters stored in the NVRAM on the BICU (the values return to their default values). However, the following settings are not cleared:

- SP 5807 (Area Selection)
- SP 5811 1 (Serial Num Input [Code Set])
- SP 5811 3 (Serial Num Input [ID2 Code Display])
- SP 5812 1 (Service TEL [Telephone])
- SP 5907 (Plug & Play)
- SP 7 (Data Log)
- SP 8 (History)

Use SP 5801 2 after you have replaced the NVRAM or when the NVRAM data is corrupted. When the program ends normally, the message "Completed" shows.

#### - With Flash Memory Card

- 1. Upload the NVRAM data to a flash memory card ( NVRAM Data Upload/Download (SP 5824/5825)).
- 2. Print out all SMC data lists ( SMC Print (SP 5990)).



- Be sure to print out all the lists. You have to manually change the SP settings if the NVRAM data upload ends abnormally.
- 3. Select SP 5801 2.
- 4. Press the OK key.
- 5. Select "Execute." The messages "Execute?" followed by "Cancel" and "Execute" shows.
- 6. Select "Execute."
- 7. When the program has ended normally, the message "Completed" shows. If the program has ended abnormally, an error message shows.
- 8. Press the cancel key.
- 9. Turn the main switch off and on.
- 10. Download the NVRAM data from a flash memory card ( NVRAM Data Upload/Download (SP 5824/5825)).

- Without Flash Memory Card -
- 1. Print out all SMC data lists ( SMC Print (SP 5990)).
- 2. Select SP 5801
- 3. Press the OK key.
- 4. Select "Execute." The messages "Execute?" followed by "Cancel" and "Execute" show.
- 5. Select "Execute."
- 6. When the program has ended normally, the message "Completed" is displayed. If the program has ended abnormally, an error message shows.
- 7. Turn the main switch off and on.
- 8. Adjust the printer and scanner registration and magnification ( Copy Adjustments Printing/Scanning).
- 9. Refer to the SMC lists, and enter any values that differ from the factory settings. Double-check the values for SP 4901.
- 10. Adjust the standard white level (SP 4428).
- 11. Initialize the TD sensor (SP 2214).
- 12. Check the copy quality and the paper path.

#### Input Check (SP 5803)

- Conducting an Input Check -
- 1. Select SP 5803.
- 2. Select the number (see the table below) corresponding to the component.
- 3. Select "Execute." The copy mode is activated.
- 4. The sign "01H" or "00H" show (see the table below).

#### - Input Check Table -

| Num. | Sensor/Switch      | 01H  | 00H    |
|------|--------------------|------|--------|
| 001  | Safety SW          | Open | Closed |
| 002  | Safety SW-LD 5V    | Open | Closed |
| 003  | Right Cover SW     | Open | Closed |
| 004  | Right Low Cover SW | Open | Closed |
| 005  | Tray Cover SW      | Open | Closed |

| Num. | Sensor/Switch              | 01H            | 00H                |  |
|------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| 006  | Upper Relay S              | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 007  | Lower Relay S (not used)   | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 008  | Vertical Trans S           | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 009  | Registration Sensor        | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 010  | Exit Sensor                | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 011  | Duplex Inverter S          | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 012  | Duplex Entrance S          | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 013  | Duplex Exit S              | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 014  | By-pass PE S               | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 015  | By-pass P Size S           | *1             |                    |  |
| 016  | Upper PE S                 | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 017  | Lower PE S (not used)      | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 018  | Upper P Size SW            | *1             |                    |  |
| 019  | Lower P Size SW (not used) | *1             |                    |  |
| 020  | BK-Upper Paper End S       | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 021  | BK-Lower Paper End S       | Paper detected | Not detected       |  |
| 022  | BK-Up P Size SW            | *1             |                    |  |
| 023  | BK-Low P Size SW           | *1             |                    |  |
| 024  | BK-Up P Height S           | *2             |                    |  |
| 025  | BK-Low P Height S          | *2             |                    |  |
| 027  | BK-Upper Lift S            | At upper limit | Not at upper limit |  |
| 028  | BK type                    | *3             |                    |  |

| Num. | Sensor/Switch              | 01H            | 00Н                |  |
|------|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------|--|
| 030  | Duplex Installed           | Installed      | Not installed      |  |
| 031  | Lower Lift S               | At upper limit | Not at upper limit |  |
| 032  | Main M Lock                | Locked         | Not locked         |  |
| 033  | Polygon M Lock             | Locked         | Not locked         |  |
| 034  | BK-Lift M Lock             | Locked         | Not locked         |  |
| 035  | Total CO Install           | Installed      | Not installed      |  |
| 036  | Key CO Install             | Installed      | Not installed      |  |
| 037  | L-Synchronization          | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 038  | DF-Position S              | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 039  | DF-Cover Open S            | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 040  | DF-Original Set S          | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 041  | DF-Registration S          | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 042  | DF-Exit S                  | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 043  | DF-Trailing S              | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 044  | DF-Reverse S               | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 045  | Platen Cover S (not used)  | Open           | Closed             |  |
| 046  | 1 bin installed (not used) | Open           | Closed             |  |
| 047  | 1 bin Exit S (not used)    | Installed      | Not installed      |  |
| 048  | 1 bin Paper S (not used)   | Detected       | Not detected       |  |
| 049  | 1 bin Tray S (not used)    | Open           | Closed             |  |
| 050  | Fan Motor Lock             | High speed     | Not high speed     |  |
| 051  | 2 Tray BK Install          | Installed      | Not installed      |  |

| Num. | Sensor/Switch     | 01H      | 00H          |  |
|------|-------------------|----------|--------------|--|
| 053  | HP Sensor         | Detected | Not detected |  |
| 054  | Duplex Fan M Lock | Locked   | Not locked   |  |



\*1 Paper Size

| Copie | ər    | 00      | 01     | 02     | 03     | 04     | 05     | 06 | 07     |
|-------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----|--------|
| B282  | /B283 | Not set | A4 LEF | B5 LEF | A4 SEF | A5 LEF | B4 SEF |    | A3 SEF |

| Paper<br>Feed Unit | 00         | 01        | 03        | 04        | 05 | 0A         | 0C        | 0E        | 0F        |
|--------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| B282/B283          | Not<br>set | LT<br>SEF | LG<br>SEF | A4<br>LEF |    | DLT<br>SEF | A4<br>SEF | LT<br>LEF | A3<br>SEF |

| By-Pass<br>Tray | 04        | 0C        | 08        | 00        | 01        | 03        | 02        | 06        |  |
|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| B282/B283       | B6<br>SEF | B6<br>SEF | A5<br>SEF | A5<br>SEF | B5<br>SEF | A4<br>SEF | B4<br>SEF | A3<br>SEF |  |

## - \*2 Paper Amount -

| 10 | Near end   |
|----|------------|
| 11 | About 25%  |
| 00 | About 75%  |
| 00 | About 100% |

#### - \*3 Available Paper Feed Unit -

| 00 | None                   |
|----|------------------------|
| 20 | 2-tray paper feed unit |
| 30 | 1-tray paper feed unit |

## Output Check (SP 5804)

#### - Conducting an Output Check -



- To prevent mechanical or electrical damage, do not keep an electrical component on for a long time.
- 1. Select SP 5804.
- 2. Select the number (see the table below) corresponding to the component.
- 3. Select "ON."
- 4. To stop the operation, select "OFF."

#### - Output Check Table -

Number 005, 006, 040, and 041 may not respond when the fusing temperature is high.

| Num. | Component                  |  |  |
|------|----------------------------|--|--|
| 001  | Main Motor Forward         |  |  |
| 002  | Main Motor Reverse         |  |  |
| 003  | Quenching Lamp             |  |  |
| 004  | Toner Supply Motor Forward |  |  |
| 005  | Fan Motor High             |  |  |
| 006  | Fan Motor Low              |  |  |
| 007  | Registration Clutch        |  |  |
| 008  | By-pass Feed Clutch        |  |  |
| 009  | Upper Feed Clutch          |  |  |

| Num. | Component                    |  |  |  |
|------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 010  | Lower Feed Clutch (Not used) |  |  |  |
| 011  | BK-Low Lift Motor Up         |  |  |  |
| 012  | BK-Low Lift Motor Down       |  |  |  |
| 013  | Relay Clutch                 |  |  |  |
| 014  | BK-Relay Clutch              |  |  |  |
| 015  | BK-Upper Feed Clutch         |  |  |  |
| 016  | BK-Lower Feed Clutch         |  |  |  |
| 017  | BK-Lift Motor                |  |  |  |
| 018  | BK-Up Lift Motor Up          |  |  |  |
| 019  | BK-Up Lift Motor Down        |  |  |  |
| 020  | Duplex Inv Motor Reverse     |  |  |  |
| 021  | Duplex Inv Motor Forward     |  |  |  |
| 022  | Duplex Trans Motor           |  |  |  |
| 023  | Duplex Gate Solenoid         |  |  |  |
| 024  | Duplex Inv Motor Hold        |  |  |  |
| 025  | Dup Trans Motor Hold         |  |  |  |
| 026  | Polygon Motor                |  |  |  |
| 027  | Polygon M/LD                 |  |  |  |
| 028  | LD                           |  |  |  |
| 029  | DF-Transport Motor           |  |  |  |
| 030  | DF-Feed Motor                |  |  |  |
| 031  | DF-Feed Clutch               |  |  |  |

| Num. | Component                        |  |  |
|------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 032  | DF-Pickup Solenoid               |  |  |
| 033  | DF-Stamp Solenoid                |  |  |
| 034  | DF-Gate Solenoid                 |  |  |
| 035  | 1 bin Gate Solenoid (not used)   |  |  |
| 036  | 1 bin Tray Motor (not used)      |  |  |
| 037  | 1 bin Tray Motor Hold (not used) |  |  |
| 038  | Fusing Solenoid                  |  |  |
| 040  | Duplex Fan Motor High            |  |  |
| 041  | Duplex Fan Motor Low             |  |  |

#### Serial Number Input (SP 5811)

#### - Specifying Characters -

SP 5811 1 specifies the serial number. For the basic machine (the machine without the optional controller), you use the numeric keypad. For the GDI machine (the machine with the optional controller), you use the numeric keypad and the optional operation panel.

A serial number consists of 11 characters. You can change each character by pressing one of the first 11 keys on the numeric keypad ( $\mathbf{0}$ ,  $\mathbf{2}$ ,  $\mathbf{3}$ , ...  $\mathbf{9}$ ,  $\mathbf{0}$ ).

For example, when you press the **1** key, the first character of the serial number changes as follows:

$$0 \, \Rightarrow \, 1 \, \Rightarrow \, 2 \, \Rightarrow \, ... \, \Rightarrow \, 8 \, \Rightarrow \, 9 \, \Rightarrow \, A \, \Rightarrow \, B \, \Rightarrow \, ... \, \Rightarrow \, X \, \Rightarrow \, Y \, \Rightarrow \, Z.$$

When you press the **2** key, the second character changes likewise.

You can specify a digit ("0" to "9") or a capital letter ("A" to "Z") for the first four characters of a serial number, and you can specify a digit in the other seven characters (not capital letters).

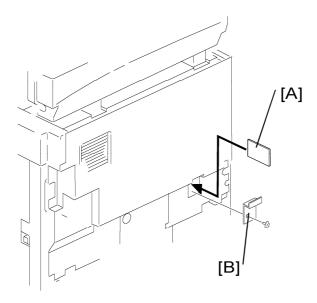
## Firmware Update Procedure

This section shows how to update the firmware.

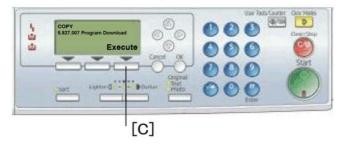
The machine has the following firmware programs

| Firmware Type         | SP Mode |
|-----------------------|---------|
| Engine (BICU)         | 7801 2  |
| GDI (Printer/Scanner) | 7801 15 |

#### **Engine (BICU) Firmware Update Procedure**



- 1. Turn the main switch off.
- 2. Remove the card cover [B] (1 rivet).
- 3. Insert the flash memory card [A].



- 4. Press down the power switch on the operation panel and hold it, and turn on the main switch.
- 5. Select "Execute" [C].

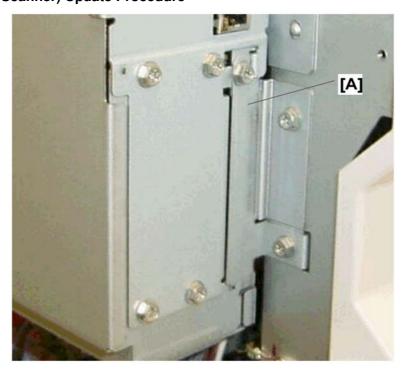


6. Do not touch any key while the message "Load Status..." shows. This message indicates that the program is running.

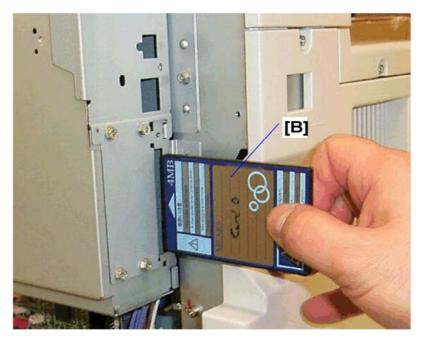


- 7. Make sure the message "End Sum..." shows. This message indicates that the program has ended normally.
- 8. Turn off the main switch.
- 9. Remove the flash memory card.
- 10. Replace the card cover [B] (1 rivet).
- 11. Turn the main switch on.
- 12. Check the operation.

**GDI (Printer Scanner) Update Procedure** 



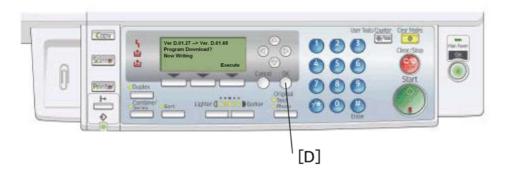
- 1. Turn the main switch off.
- 2. Remove the slot cover [A] (1 x 🔊)



3. Insert the flash memory card [B] as shown above



- 4. Turn on the main power switch
- 5. Push the printer application key [C]



6. Push the OK key [D] and then push Execute.





- Do not turn the machine off while the message "Now Writing" shows. This
  message indicates the program is running.
- Make sure the message "Completed" shows. This message indicates the program has successfully ended.
- 7. Turn off the main switch
- 8. Remove the flash memory card
- 9. Replace the slot cover [A] (1 x P)

## Test Pattern Print (SP 5902 1)

- Executing Test Pattern Printing -
- 1. Specify the pattern number and press the OK key.
- 2. Press the copy start key. The copy mode is activated
- 3. Specify copy settings and press the <sup>®</sup> key.
- 4. To return to the SP mode, press the ® key.

### - Test Patterns -

|     | Test Patterns Using VCU       |
|-----|-------------------------------|
| No. | Pattern                       |
| 0   | (No print)                    |
| 1   | Vertical Lines (Single Dot)   |
| 2   | Horizontal Lines (Single Dot) |
| 3   | Vertical Lines (Double Dot)   |
| 4   | Horizontal Lines (Double Dot) |
| 5   | Grid Pattern (Single Dot)     |

| H  | Test Patterns Using VCU                           |
|----|---|
| 6  | Grid Pattern (Double Dot)                         |
| 7  | Alternating Dot Pattern                           |
| 8  | Isolated one dot                                  |
| 9  | Black Band (Horizontal)                           |
| 10 | Trimming Area                                     |
| 11 | Argyle Pattern (Single Dot)                       |
| 12 | Grayscales (Horizontal)                           |
| 13 | Grayscales (Vertical)                             |
| 14 | Grayscales (Vertical/Horizontal)                  |
| 15 | Grayscales (Vertical/Horizontal Overlay)          |
| 16 | Grayscales With White Lines (Horizontal)          |
| 17 | Grayscales with White Lines (Vertical)            |
| 18 | Grayscales with White Lines (Vertical/Horizontal) |

|     | Test Patterns Using IPU          |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| No. | Pattern                          |
| 30  | Vertical Lines (Single Dot)      |
| 31  | Horizontal Lines (Single Dot)    |
| 32  | Vertical Lines (Double Dot)      |
| 33  | Horizontal Lines (Double Dot)    |
| 34  | Isolated Four Dots               |
| 35  | Grid Pattern (Double Dot)        |
| 36  | Black Band (Vertical, 1024 Dots) |

|    | Test Patterns Using IPU               |
|----|---------------------------------------|
| 37 | Grayscales (Horizontal, 512 Dots)     |
| 38 | Grayscales (Vertical, 256 Dots)       |
| 39 | ID Patch                              |
| 40 | Cross                                 |
| 41 | Argyle Pattern (128-Dot Pitch)        |
| 42 | Square Gradation (64 Grades)          |
| 43 | Square Gradation (256 Grades)         |
| 44 | Grayscales (Horizontal, 32-Dot Width) |
| 45 | Grayscales (Vertical, 32-Dot Width)   |
| 46 | Trimming Area (A3)                    |
| 47 | A4 Gradation Patches 1 (128 Grades)   |
| 48 | A4 Gradation Patches 2 (128 Grades)   |
| 49 | Trimming Area (A4)                    |

|     | Test Patterns Using SBU   |
|-----|---------------------------|
| No. | Pattern                   |
| 51  | Grid Pattern (double dot) |
| 52  | Gray scale 1 (256 grades) |
| 53  | Gray scale 2 (256 grades) |

## Paper Jam Counters (SP 7504)

The table lists the menu numbers (the last three digits of SP 7504 XXX) and the paper jam timings and locations.

| Code |  |
|------|--|
| 001  | Paper jam occurs at power on.  |
| 010  | Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from a paper tray).                                |
| 011  | Paper does not reach the relay sensor.   |
| 012  | Paper is caught at the relay sensor.   |
| 021  | Paper does not reach the vertical transport sensor.  |
| 022  | Paper is caught at the vertical transport sensor.  |
| 031  | Paper does not reach the vertical transport sensor in the optional paper feed unit.              |
| 032  | Paper is caught at the vertical transport sensor in the optional paper feed unit.                |
| 050  | Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from the by-pass tray).                            |
| 060  | Paper does not reach the registration sensor during reverse-side printing (for duplex printing). |
| 070  | Paper is caught at the registration sensor.  |
| 120  | Paper is caught at the exit sensor (previous page).  |
| 121  | Paper does not reach the exit sensor.  |
| 122  | Paper is caught at the exit sensor.  |
| 123  | Paper does not reach the duplex inverter sensor (from the registration roller).                  |
| 125  | Paper is caught at the duplex inverter sensor.   |
| 126  | Paper does not reach the duplex entrance sensor.   |
| 127  | Paper is caught at the duplex entrance sensor.   |
| 128  | Paper does not reach the duplex exit sensor.   |
| 129  | Paper is caught at the duplex exit sensor.   |
| 130  | Paper does not reach the one-bin tray.   |

| Code |                                      |
|------|--------------------------------------|
| 131  | Paper is caught at the one-bin tray. |

## SMC Print (SP 5990)

SP 5990 outputs machine status lists.

1. Select SP 5990.

#### 2. Select a menu:

• 001 All (Data List), 002 SP (Mode Data List), 003 User Program, 004 Logging Data, 005 Diagnostic Report, 006 Non-Default, 007 NIB Summary, 008 Net File Log, 021 Copier User Program, 022 Scanner SP, 023 Scanner User Program, 040 Parts Alarm Counter Print, 064 Normal Count Print, 065 User Code Counter, 066 Key Operator Counter, 067 Contact List Print, 069 Heading1 print, 071 Heading3 print, 072 Group List Print, 128 ACC Pattern, 129 User Color Pattern, or 160:ACC Pattern Scan



The output given by the menu "Big Font" is suitable for faxing.

## 3. Press the "Execute" key.

- Basic machine: The copy mode is activated
- Specify copy settings and press the  $^{\odot}$  key. The machine status lists is output.
- GDI machine: The machine status list is output.
- 4. To return to the SP mode, press the ® key.

## Original Jam History Display (SP 7508)

## - Viewing the Copy Jam History -

You can view the information on the most recent 10 events. The information on older events is deleted automatically.



- The information on jam history is saved in the NVRAM.
- 1. Select SP 7508.
- 2. Select one of the menu items ("Latest 1" through Latest 10").
- 3. Press the OK key. The summary of the jam history shows.
- 4. To view more information, select "Detail."

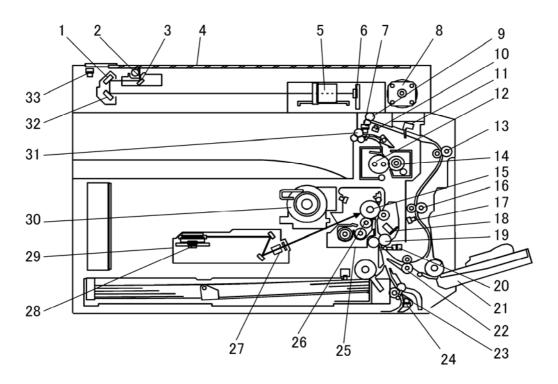
## Jam History Codes

| Code | Meaning  |
|------|--|
| 210  | Original does not reach the registration sensor.     |
| 211  | Original caught at the registration sensor.          |
| 212  | Original does not reach the original exit sensor.    |
| 213  | Original caught at the original exit sensor.         |
| 214  | Original does not reach the original reverse sensor. |
| 215  | Original caught at the original reverse sensor.      |

# **Detailed Section Descriptions**

## Overview

## Component Layout





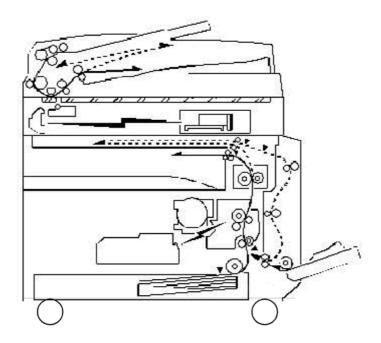
- The above illustration is the B282 model.
- The B283 model does not have the duplex unit

| 1. 2nd Mirror     | 19. Registration Roller           |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2. Exposure Lamp  | 20. Registration Sensor           |
| 3. 1st Mirror     | 21. By-pass Tray                  |
| 4. Exposure Glass | 22. Lower Transport Roller (B282) |
| 5. Lens Block     | 23. Upper Relay Roller            |
| 6. SBU            | 24. Relay Sensor                  |
| 7. Exit Sensor    | 25. PCU                           |
| 8. Scanner Motor  | 26. Development Roller            |
|                   |                                   |

- 9. Inverter Roller (B282)
- 10. Duplex Inverter Sensor (B282)
- 11. Duplex Entrance Sensor (B282)
- 12. Hot Roller
- 13. Upper Transport Roller (B282)
- 14. Pressure Roller
- 15. OPC Drum
- 16. Middle Transport Roller (B282)
- 17. Duplex Exit Sensor (B282)
- 18. Image Density Sensor

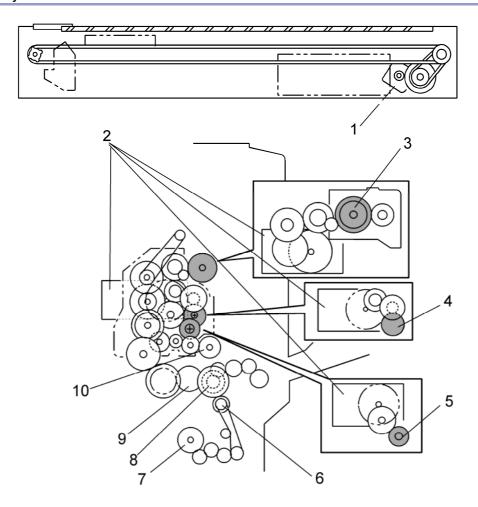
- 27. WTL
- 28. Polygon Mirror Motor
- 29. Laser Unit
- 30. Toner Supply Bottle Holder
- 31. Exit Roller
- 32. 3rd Mirror
- 33. Scanner HP Sensor

## Paper Path



The B282 model has a duplex unit mounted on the right side of the machine. All models have a by-pass tray.

## **Drive Layout**

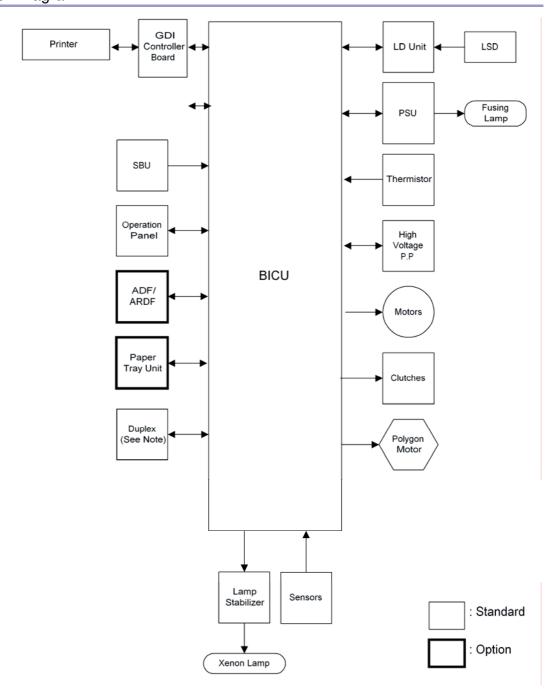


- 1. Scanner Motor
- 2. Main Motor
- 3. Hot Roller
- 4. OPC Drum
- 5. Development Roller

- 6. Relay Clutch
- 7. Lower Paper Feed Clutch
- 8. By-pass Feed Clutch
- 9. Upper Paper Feed Clutch
- 10. Registration Clutch

## **Board Structure**

## **Block Diagram**



Only the B282 model contains the duplex unit.

## BICU (Base Engine and Image Control Unit)

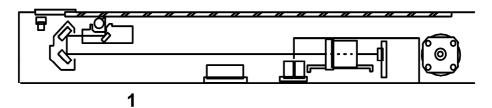
The main board controls the following functions:

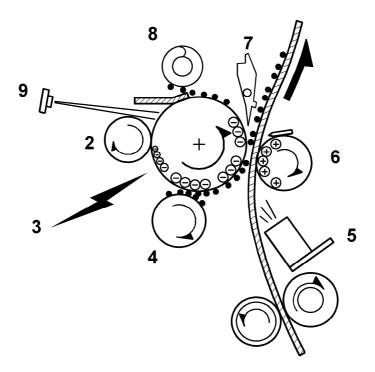
- Engine sequence
- Timing control for peripherals
- Image processing, video control
- Operation control, system control (Basic machine only)
- Machine control
- Drive control for the sensors, motors, and clutches of the printer and scanner
- High voltage supply board control
- Serial interfaces with peripherals
- Fusing control

## SBU (Sensor Board Unit)

The SBU deals with the analog signals from the CCD and converts them into digital signals.

## Copy Process Overview





## 1. Exposure

A xenon lamp exposes the original. Light reflected from the original passes to the CCD, where it is converted into an analog data signal. This data is converted to a digital signal, processed and stored in the memory. At the time of printing, the data is retrieved and sent to the laser diode.

## 2. Drum Charge

In the dark, the charge roller gives a negative charge to the organic photo-conductive (OPC) drum. The charge remains on the surface of the drum because the OPC layer has a high electrical resistance in the dark.

## 3. Laser Exposure

The processed data scanned from the original is retrieved from the memory and transferred to the drum by a laser beam, which forms an electrical latent image on the drum surface. The amount of charge remaining as a latent image on the drum depends

on the laser beam intensity, which is controlled by the BICU board.

## 4. Development

The magnetic developer brush on the development roller comes in contact with the latent image on the drum surface. Toner particles are electrostatically attached to the areas of the drum surface where the laser reduced the negative charge on the drum.

#### 5. ID Sensor

The laser forms a sensor pattern on the drum surface. The ID sensor measures the reflectivity of the pattern. The output signal is one of the factors used for toner supply control. Also, the ID sensor measures the reflectivity of the drum surface. The output signal is used for charge roller voltage control.

## 6. Image Transfer

Paper is fed to the area between the drum surface and the transfer roller at the proper time for aligning the copy paper and the developed image on the drum surface. Then, the transfer roller applies a high positive charge to the reverse side of the paper. This positive charge pulls the toner particles from the drum surface onto the paper. At the same time, the paper is electrostatically attracted to the transfer roller.

### 7. Paper Separation

Paper separates from the drum as a result of the electrostatic attraction between the paper and the transfer roller. The discharge plate (grounded) helps separate the paper from the drum.

#### 8. Cleaning

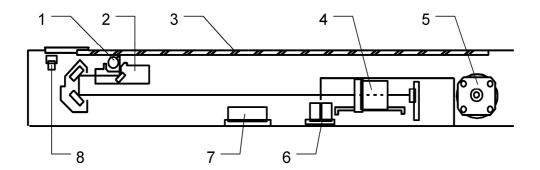
The cleaning blade removes any toner remaining on the drum surface after the image transfers to the paper.

## 9. Quenching

The light from the quenching lamp electrically neutralizes the charge on the drum surface.

## Scanning

### Overview



- 1. Exposure Lamp
- 2. 1st Scanner
- 3. Exposure Glass
- 4. Lens Block

- 5. Scanner Motor
- 6. Original Length Sensor
- 7. Original Width Sensors
- 8. Scanner HP Sensor

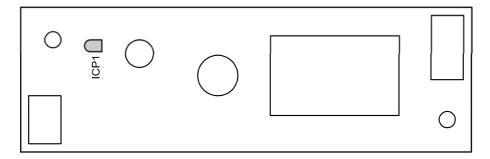
The original is illuminated by the exposure lamp (a xenon lamp). The image is reflected onto a CCD (charge coupled device) on the lens block via the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd mirrors, and through the lens on the lens block.

The 1st scanner consists of the exposure lamp, a reflector, and the 1st mirror.

A lamp stabilizer energizes the exposure lamp. The light reflected by the reflector is of almost equal intensity, to reduce shadows on pasted originals.

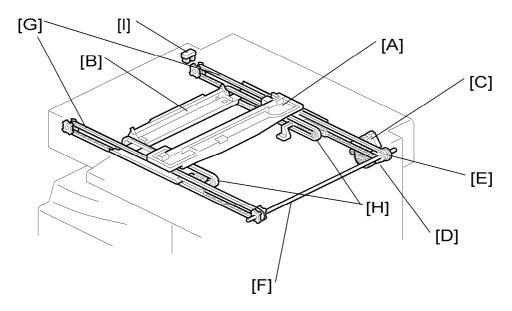
An optics anti-condensation heater is available as an option. It can be installed on the left side of the scanner. It turns on whenever the power cord is plugged in.

## Lamp Stabilizer Fuse



|      | Rating       | Manufacturer | Type No. |
|------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| ICP1 | DC50 V/1.5 A | ROHM CO.,LTD | ICP-N38  |

## Scanner Drive



A stepper motor drives the 1st and 2nd scanners [A, B]. The 1st scanner is driven by the scanner drive motor [C], drive gear through the timing belt [D], scanner drive pulley [E], scanner drive shaft [F], and two timing belts [G]. The 2nd scanner is driven through the 1st scanner and two timing belts [H].

## - Book mode -

The BICU controls and operates the scanner drive motor. In full size mode, the 1st scanner speed is 100 mm/s during scanning. The 2nd scanner speed is half that of the 1st scanner. In reduction or enlargement mode, the scanning speed depends on the magnification ratio. The returning speed is always the same, whether in full size or magnification mode. The image length change in the sub scan direction is done by changing the scanner drive motor speed, and in the main scan direction it is done by image processing on the BICU board. Magnification in the sub-scan direction can be adjusted by changing the scanner drive motor speed using SP 4008. Magnification in the main scan direction can be adjusted using SP 4009.

### - ADF mode -

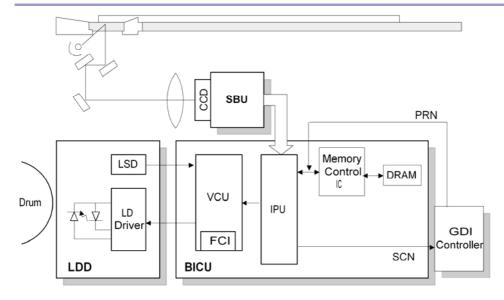
The scanners are always kept at their home position (the scanner HP. sensor [I] detects the 1st scanner) to scan the original. The ADF motor feeds the original through the ADF. In

reduction/enlargement mode, the image length change in the sub-scan direction is done by changing the ADF motor speed. Magnification in the main scan direction is done in the BICU board, like for book mode.

Magnification in the sub-scan direction can be adjusted by changing the ADF motor speed using SP 6006 5. In the main scan direction, it can be adjusted with SP 4009, like for book mode.

## **Image Processing**

### Overview



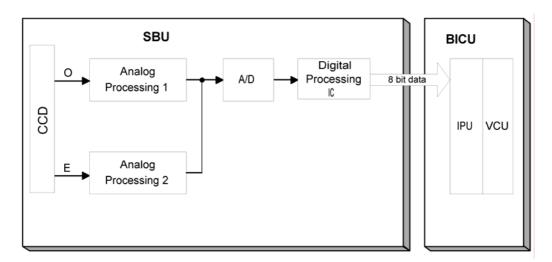
The CCD generates an analog video signal. The SBU (Sensor Board Unit) converts the analog signal to an 8-bit digital signal, then it sends the digital signal to the BICU board. The BICU board can be divided into three image-processing blocks: the IPU (Image Processing Unit), FCI (Fine Character Image), and VCU (Video Control Unit).

- IPU: Auto shading, filtering, magnification, scanner gamma correction, ID gamma correction
- VCU: Printer gamma correction, LD print timing control and laser power PWM control
- FCI (inside the VCU): Smoothing



The IPU and VCU are contained in the same IC called SCRATCH on the BICU.

## SBU (Sensor Board Unit)



The CCD converts the light reflected from the original into an analog signal. The CCD line has 7,400 pixels and the resolution is 600 dpi (23.6 lines/mm).

The CCD has two output lines, for odd and even pixels, to the analog processing circuit. The analog processing circuit performs the following operations on the signals from the CCD:

Z/C (Zero Clamp):
 Adjusts the black level reference for even pixels to match the odd pixels.

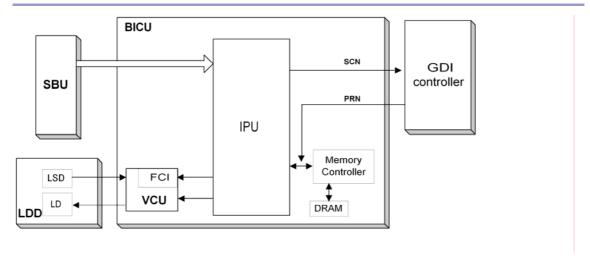
## 2. Signal Amplification:

The analog signal is amplified by operational amplifiers.

After the above processing, the analog signals are converted to 8-bit signals by the A/D converter. Each pixel will be assigned a value on a scale of 256 grades. Then, the digitized image data goes to the BICU board.

## IPU (Image Processing Unit)

#### Overview



The image data from the SBU goes to the IPU (Image Processing Unit) on the BICU board, which carries out the following processes on the image data:

## Auto shading

White/black line correction

**ADS** 

Scanner gamma correction

Magnification (main scan)

Filtering (MTF and smoothing)

**ID** gamma correction

Binary picture processing

**Error diffusion** 

**Dithering** 

Video path control

## Test pattern generation

The image data then goes to the GDI controller.



The IPU and VCU are contained in the same IC (called SCRATCH) on the BICU.

## Image Processing Modes

The user can select Text, Photo and Special original types. However, each of these original types has a range of different choices (such as "sharp", "photographs", etc), which are listed in the table below.

All modes can be customized with a range of SP modes that can be adjusted to meet

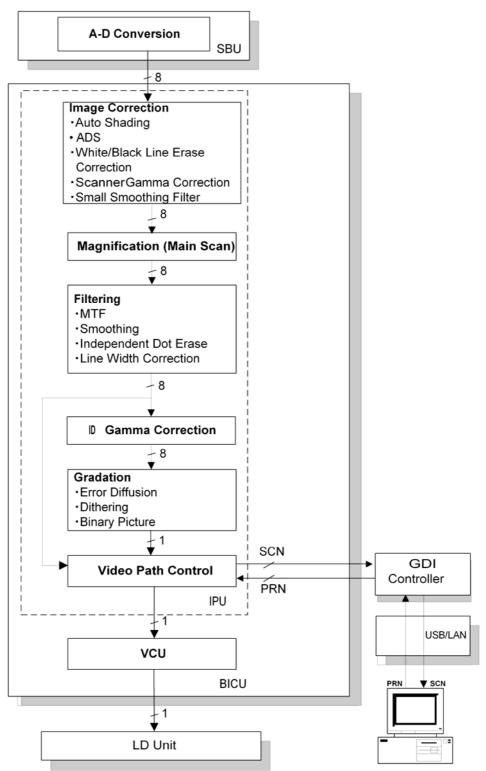
user requirements.

The user can select the mode that best suits their original with the following user tool:
 Original Type: User Tools – Copier Features – Image Adjustment

| Original Type | Mode                                     | Targeted Original Type   |
|---------------|--|--|
|               | Normal                                   | Normal text originals  |
| Text          | Sharp                                    | Newspapers, originals through which the rear side is moderately visible as faint text.   |
|               | Photo priority                           | Text/photo images which contain mainly photo areas   |
| Photo         | Text priority                            | Text/photo images which contain mainly text areas  |
|               | Photographs                              | Actual photographs   |
|               | Unneeded<br>background                   | Originals through which the rear side is extremely visible (or have a colored background) with faint text. Also for originals with very grainy backgrounds (some newspapers) and faint text.                         |
|               | Colored text                             | Originals with colored text and lines.   |
| Special       | Normal Pixel Photo                       | Photo images created by dither patterns (dots visible), such as newspaper photos – normal resolution.  |
|               | Coarse Pixel Photo                       | Photo images created by dither patterns (dots visible), such as newspaper photos – coarse resolution.  |
|               | Preserved<br>Background<br>(Normal Text) | Use instead of Normal Text if, e.g. an embedded white area causes Auto Image Density to initially remove the surrounding (darker) background but leave the rest. Use if the customer wishes to keep this background. |

## Image Processing Path

The following diagram shows the various stages of image processing and where they are performed.



## Original Modes

The machine has 10 original modes. There are two text modes, three photo modes, and five "special" modes.

The original mode key on the operation panel has two settings, text and photo. With the default settings, the machine uses "Normal Text (Text 1)" when the Text indicator is lit, and uses "Photo Priority (Photo 1)" when the Photo indicator is lit.

The customer can allocate different modes to the Text and Photo indicators with User Tools – Copier Features – Image Adjustment. Note that the Text indicator does not have to be allocated to a Text mode and the Photo key does not have to be allocated to a Photo mode. For example, the Text indicator can be allocated to Photo 3, and the Photo indicator can be allocated to Special 4.

If the user wishes to customize one of the original modes, the technician can change the settings using SP 4922 to SP 4942. Refer to "SP Modes for Each Image Processing Step". However, only one of the original modes can be customized at any one time.

## SP Modes for Each Image Processing Step

The table on the next page shows which SP modes are used for each step of image processing.

- 4921: Selects which original mode the settings from SP 4922 to SP 4932 will be applied to.
- 4922: Selects the scanner γ curve. You can select either a curve for text-based originals (brings out text) or a curve for photo originals (better distinctions between shades of dark colors).
- 4923: Selects the central notch position for the ID adjustment LEDs.
- 4926: Adjusts the texture removal level (used with error diffusion).
- 4927: Adjusts the line width.
- 4928: Selects the dot erase level.
- 4929: Converts white to black, and black to white
- 4930: Adjusts the clarity of line images and the edges of solid images.
- 4931: Adjusts the clarity of solid image areas.
- 4932: Adjusts the clarity of low ID lines.
- 4941: Selects the white line erase level.
- 4942: Selects the black line erase level.

If a fax and/or scanner/printer option is installed, you can make separate settings for copier, fax, and scanner/printer mode with these SPs.

NOTE: The gray area means the setting cannot be changed using SP mode.

|                       |                                       | ř                   | Text                                 |                           | Photo                               |                           |                                      |                     | Special                              |                           |                                      |                                     |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                       |                                       | Normal              | Sharp                                | Photo Priority            | Text Priority                       | Photographs               | Unneeded                             | Colored<br>Text     | Normal Pixel<br>Photo                | Coarse Pixel<br>Photo     | Preserved<br>Background              | Note                                |
| SBU                   | ADS                                   | A                   | ADS                                  |                           | ADS                                 |                           | ADS                                  | S                   |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| I                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| Shading<br>Correction | Shading Line Correction               | Ena                 | Enabled                              |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                      |                                     |
|                       | White Line Correction                 | Ena                 | Enabled                              |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                      | SP4-941                             |
|                       | Black Line Correction                 | Enabled             | Enabled (DF only)                    |                           | Enabled (DF only)                   | 0                         |                                      |                     | Enabled (DF only)                    | (                         |                                      | SP4-942                             |
|                       | Scannerg Correction                   | T.<br>(Reflection R | Text<br>(Reflection Ratio ID Linear) | Photo (Density<br>Linear) | Text (Refreicion<br>Ratio ID Linear | Photo (Density<br>Linear) | Text (Reflection Ratio ID<br>Linear) | on Ratio ID<br>ear) | Text (Reflection<br>Ratio ID Lineare | Photo (Density<br>Linear) | Text (Reflection<br>Ratio ID Linear) | SP4-922                             |
|                       | Small Smoothing Filter                | Weak                |                                      |                           | Normal                              |                           |                                      | Normal              | Strong                               | Strong                    | Weak                                 | Connected with<br>MTF filter (Edge) |
| ı                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| Magnification         | Main Scan Magnification               | Ena                 | Enabled                              |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                      |                                     |
|                       | Mirroring                             | Enabled             | Enabled (DF only)                    |                           | Enabled (DF only)                   | 0                         |                                      |                     | Enabled (DF only)                    |                           |                                      |                                     |
|                       | Side-to-side Registration (Left Side) | Ena                 | Enabled                              |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                      |                                     |
| I                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| Filtering             | MTF Filter (Edge)                     | Normal              | Strong                               | Weak<br>(All Area)        | Normal                              | Weak<br>(All Area)        | Strong                               | Normal              |                                      |                           | Normal                               | SP4-930                             |
|                       | MTF Filter (Solid)                    |                     | Normal                               |                           |                                     |                           | Normal                               |                     |                                      |                           |                                      | SP4-931                             |
|                       | MTF Filter (Low ID)                   | Normal              | Normal                               |                           | Normal                              |                           | Normal                               | mal                 |                                      |                           | Normal                               | SP4-932                             |
|                       | Smoothing Filter                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     | Nor                                  | Normal                    |                                      |                                     |
|                       | Independent Dot Erase                 | W.                  | Weak                                 |                           | Weak                                |                           | Strong                               | Weak                |                                      |                           | Weak                                 | SP4-928                             |
|                       | Line Width Correction                 | Disa                | Disabled                             |                           | Disabled                            |                           | Disabled                             | Thick               |                                      |                           | Disabled                             | SP4-927                             |
| I                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| Graduation            | IDg Correction                        | Normal              | Sharp                                | Photo Priority            | Text Priority                       | Photographs               | Sharp                                | Normal              | Normal<br>Pixel Photo                | Coarse<br>Pixel Photo     | Preserved<br>Background              | SP4-923                             |
| ı                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| Image<br>Correction   | Graduation                            | Error<br>Diffusion  | Binary                               |                           | Error Difusion                      |                           | Binary                               | Error<br>Diffusion  | Dithering<br>(105 Lines)             | Dithering<br>(53 Lines)   | Error<br>Diffusion                   | SP4-926 (Error<br>diffusion only)   |
| I                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| Path Control          | Path Control Video Path Control       | Ena                 | Enabled                              |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                      |                                     |
| ı                     |                                       |                     |                                      |                           |                                     |                           |                                      |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
| NCU                   | FCI                                   |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                     |                           | Enabled                              |                     |                                      |                           |                                      |                                     |
|                       | Edge Correction                       | Enabled             |                                      |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Ena                                  | Enabled                   |                                      |                                     |
|                       | Printerg Correction                   | Ena                 | Enabled                              |                           | Enabled                             |                           |                                      |                     | Enabled                              |                           |                                      |                                     |

## **Auto Shading**

#### Overview

There are two auto shading methods: black level correction and white level correction. Auto shading corrects errors in the signal level for each pixel.

Black and white level correction is always done.

#### **Black Level Correction**

The IPU detects the black dummy data from one end of the CCD signal (32 pixels at the end are blacked off) and takes the average of the black dummy data. Then, the black level value from each image pixel is detected.

### White Level Correction

This machine uses 6-bit data (64 gradations). When white level correction is applied to 8-bit data, white lines are more easily generated. This is because the normal variations in CCD pixel response (which are very slight), when rounded off by white level correction, will show up much easier on the copy when the data is divided into 256 gradations.

Before scanning the original, the machine reads a reference waveform from the white plate. The average of the white video level for each pixel is stored as the white shading data in the FIFO memory in the IPU (SCRATCH) chip.

The video signal information for each pixel obtained during image scanning is corrected by the IPU (SCRATCH) chip. If the maximum value of the video level is 64 or less, SC101 (exposure lamp error) is generated.

Auto shading is done before scanning for the first original as well as after scanning each page to prepare for the next page.

If the image density or the original mode is changed during a copy run, auto shading is done before scanning the next original.

#### White Line Erase

The white line erase feature is validated (default) when you specify a value other than "0" in SP 4941 1. This feature works as follows:

- 1. The copier scans the original.
- 2. The density level of each pixel is compared with its adjacent pixels.
- 3. If the density level of a pixel is extremely lower then adjacent pixels, the level is corrected. The density levels of the adjacent pixels are considered.

When you validate the white line erase feature, the feature works for all originals. This feature erases the white lines of 1- through 6-pixel width (approximately, up to 0.25 mm). The white lines that exceed this width are not erased.

When you specify "2," instead of "1," in SP 4941 1, the feature erases darker white lines

(namely, less whiter lines). Note that this SP does not affect the width of white lines to be erased.

#### **Black Line Erase**

The black line erase feature is the function that erases black lines made by the dust or dirt on the exposure glass. The feature is validated (default) when you specify a value other than "0" in SP 4942 1.

When you specify a larger value in this SP, the feature erases weaker black lines (namely, less blacker lines). This SP also affects the width of black lines to be erased. If you specify "1" or "2," the feature erases the black lines of 1- through 4-pixel width (approximately, up to 0.17 mm); if you specify "3," the feature erases the black lines of 1- through 6-pixel width (approximately, up to 0.25 mm). Note that some black lines on the original may be erased when you specify a larger value in the SP.

## Auto Image Density (ADS)

#### In the SBU

ADS prevents the background of an original from appearing on copies. As the scanner scans down the page, the IPU on the BICU detects the peak white level for each scan line. The IPU determines the reference value for the A/D conversion for a particular scan line using the peak white level for that scan line. Then, the IPU sends the reference value data to the reference controller on the SBU.

When an original with a gray background is scanned, the density of the gray area is the peak white level density. Therefore, the original background will not appear on copies. Because peak level data is taken for each scan line, ADS corrects for any changes in background density down the page.

As with previous digital copiers, the user can select manual image density when selecting ADS, and the machine will use both settings when processing the original.

### By Original Type

ADS mode is only enabled when the user has selected:

 Text mode 1 or 2 (Normal or Sharp), Photo mode 2 (Text/Priority), or Special mode 1 or 2 (Unneeded background or Colored Text).

This can be done using Adjust Original Mode (3) in User Tools (Copier Features).

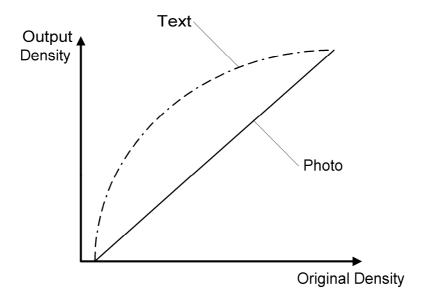
#### Scanner Gamma Correction

The CCD output is not proportional to the quantity of light received. Scanner gamma correction corrects the CCD output so that grayscale data is proportional to the quantity of

light received.

The machine has two possible scanner gamma curves: Text and Photo. When selecting Text, the machine does not use scanner gamma correction. As a result, the output is darker than the image density on the original. The advantage of this is that the machine can bring out gradations in paler areas. The disadvantage is that the machine cannot bring out gradations in darker areas, i.e. differences in shades of dark colors are hard to distinguish.

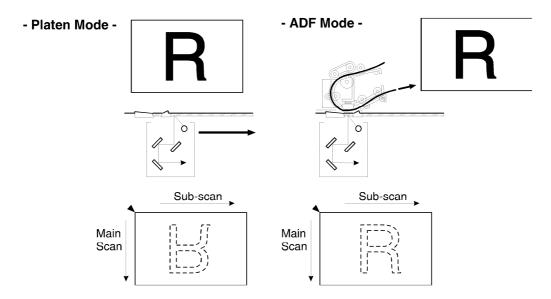
When selecting Photo, the machine uses scanner gamma correction. One advantage of this is that the machine can bring out gradations in dark areas of photo image originals. The disadvantage is that it in some cases images come out lighter than the customer desires.



## Main Scan Magnification

Changing the scanner speed enables enlargement and reduction along the sub scan direction. However, enlargement and reduction along the main scan direction is handled by the IPU (SCRATCH) chip. The processing for main scan enlargement/reduction is the same as in previous digital machines.

## Mirroring for ADF Mode



When making copies using the ADF, the magnification circuit creates a mirror image. This is because the scanning start position along the main scan direction in ADF mode is at the opposite corner of platen mode.

In platen mode, the original is placed face down on the exposure glass. The main scan start position is at corner [A], and the scanner moves down the page. In ADF mode, the ADF feeds the leading edge of the original to the DF exposure glass. Therefore as mentioned above, the main scan start position will be at the opposite corner.

To create the mirror image, the IPU stores each line in LIFO (Last In First Out) memory.

### Filtering

#### Overview

There are several software filtering processes for enhancing the desired image qualities of the selected original mode. There are three MTF filters, a smoothing filter, independent dot erase, and line width correction. Each can be used only when certain modes are selected (details below) and are automatically applied.

The strength levels for the MTF are controlled by SP 4932. The levels for line width correction and independent dot erase are controlled by SP 4927 and 4928, respectively. The MTF filters bring out sharpness. The three MTF filters are Edge, Solid Image and Low ID Line. Line width correction adjusts the line width. Independent dot erase removes unwanted dots from the image.

### MTF Filter Adjustment - Edge

In order to determine whether a given dot is part of an edge or not, the IPU checks all surrounding dots (vertical, horizontal, and diagonal). If the IPU determines that the dot is

part of an edge, the machine applies the MTF filter for edges, using the value set in SP 4930. The higher the setting, the sharper the image. However, this is only used when the customer uses Text 1, Text 2, Photo 1-3, Special 1, Special 2, or Special 5.

The default value is "0" for each mode. However the actual strength of "0" differs from mode to mode.

## MTF Filter Adjustment - Solid

If the IPU detects that the dot is not part of an edge, the machine applies the MTF filter for solid areas using the value set in SP 4931. The higher the setting, the sharper the image. However, this is only used when the customer uses Text 2.

The default value is "0" for each mode. However the actual strength of "0" differs from mode to mode.

### MTF Filter Adjustment - Low ID Line

The IPU also checks the image density of all dots. If a succession of low-density dots is detected, the machine interprets this as a low ID line and applies the MTF filter for low ID lines, using the value set in SP 4932. The higher the setting, the sharper the image. However, this is only used when the customer uses Text 1, Text 2, Photo 2, Special 1, Special 2, or Special 5.

The default value is "0" for each mode. However, the actual strength of "0" differs from mode to mode.

#### **Independent Dot Erase**

When the user selects Text 1 and 2, Photo 2, and Special 1, 2, and 5 modes, independent dots are detected using a matrix and erased from the image. The detection level can be adjusted with SP 4928.

The higher setting, the greater number of dots the machine will erase. The machine erases the dots regardless of their image density. However, note that dots in mesh-like images may be mistakenly detected as independent dots.

#### **Line Width Correction**

When the user selects Text 1 and 2, Photo 2, Special 1, 2, and 5, the thickness of lines is adjusted using the setting of SP4-927. Note that the default for all modes except Special 2 is OFF.

Line width correction is done by the IPU (SCRATCH) chip.

#### **ID Gamma Correction**

The machine automatically selects the most appropriate ID gamma correction based on the selected original type and the operation panel ID setting.

In all modes, ID gamma correction can be adjusted with SP 4923.

## **Gradation Processing**

#### Overview

There are three types of gradation processing (listed below). Refer to the "Default Image Processing Mode for Each Original Type" section for more details on which processes are used for each original mode.

- Binary picture processing
- Error diffusion
- Dithering

## **Binary Picture Processing**

The 8-bit image data is converted into 1-bit data (black and white image data). This is done when the user selects Text 2 or Special 1. The threshold for deciding whether a pixel is black or white cannot be adjusted.

#### **Error Diffusion**

Error diffusion reduces the difference in contrast between light and dark areas of a halftone image. Each pixel is corrected using the difference between it and the surrounding pixels. The corrected pixels are compared with an error diffusion matrix.

Error diffusion is applied when the user selects Text 1, Photo 1-3 and Special 2 and 5. As the final step in error diffusion, a process called Texture Removal is applied to Text 1, Photo 2, Special 2, and Special 5 by default, but can also be applied to Photo 1 and 3 by changing the value of SP 4926.

Texture removal uses 256 threshold values in an 8 x 8 matrix. The value of SP 4926 controls the application of Texture Removal for each of the 6 modes listed above. The settings are as follows:

- 0: The default value for each mode is used. Text 1, Photo 2, Special 2, and Special 5 have a default of 3 (see below) and Photo 1 and 3 have a default of 1.
- 1: No removal applied.
- 2-6: Removal applied at the level specified here. The higher the setting (level), the less clear the image will become (more texture removal).

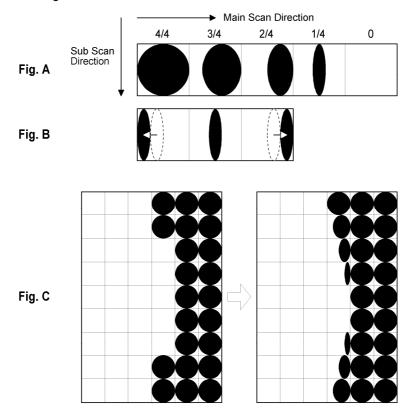
### **Dithering**

Each pixel is compared with the threshold in a dither matrix. Several matrices are available to bring out half-tone areas in images such as newspaper-type photographs. Dithering is only used for Special 3 and Special 4.

## Video Control Unit (VCU)

## Fine Character and Image (FCI)

The FCI performs image smoothing. This functions only affects binary picture processed images for certain original modes.



Usually, binary picture processing generates jagged edges on characters, as shown in the above illustration. These are reduced using edge smoothing. The FCI changes the laser pulse duration and position for certain pixels.

Fig. A shows the four possible pulse durations, and Fig. B shows how the laser pulse can be in one of three positions within the pixel. Fig. C shows an example of how edge smoothing is used.

FCI smoothing is only effective when Text 2 or Special 1 is selected. There is no SP adjustment for this.

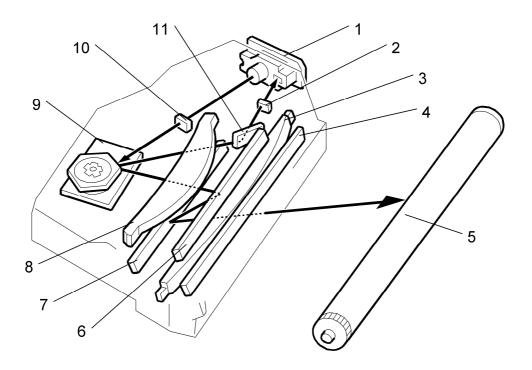
## Printer Gamma Correction

Printer correction corrects the data output from the IPU to the laser diode to account for the characteristics of the engine components (e.g. drum, laser diode, lenses).

The machine chooses the most suitable gamma curve for the original type selected by the user. There is no SP adjustment for this.

## Laser Exposure

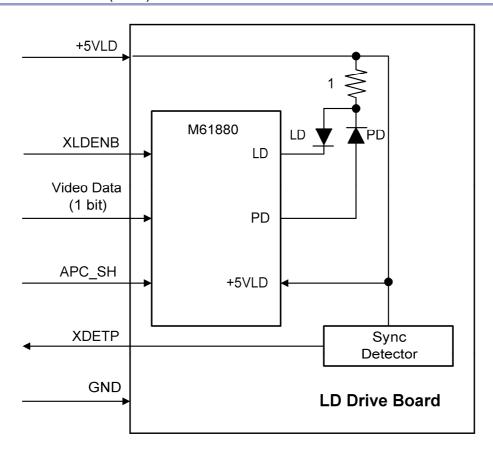
## Overview



- 1. LD unit
- 2. Synchronization detector lens
- 3. Double toroidal lens
- 4. Shield glass
- 5. OPC drum
- 6. 1st mirror

- 7. 2nd mirror
- 8. F-theta lens
- 9. Polygon mirror
- 10. Cylindrical lens
- 11. Synchronization detector mirror
- The LD drive board controls both the laser output and laser synchronization mechanism.
- The machine cuts off the power supply to the LD drive board if the front or right cover is opened.

## Auto Power Control (APC)



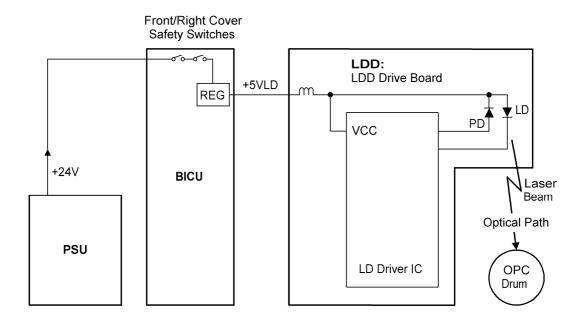
The LD driver IC drives the laser diode. To prevent the intensity of the laser beam from changing because of the temperature, the machine monitors the current passing through the laser diode (LD). The machine adjusts the current to the laser diode by comparing it with the reference level from the reference circuit.

This auto power control is done just after the machine is turned on and during printing. The laser diode power is adjusted on the production line.



Do not touch the variable resistors on the LD unit in the field.

## LD Safety Switch

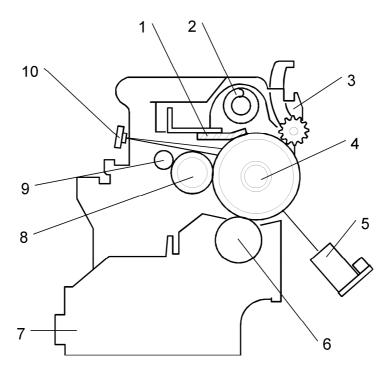


To ensure technician and user safety and to prevent the laser beam from inadvertently switching on during servicing, there are safety switches at the front and right covers. When the front cover or the right cover is opened, the power supply to the laser diode is interrupted.

The switches are installed on the +24V line coming from the power supply unit, then the +5VLD is generated from the +24V supply after it goes through the interlock switches.

## Photoconductor Unit (PCU)

## Overview



The PCU consists of the components shown in the above illustration. An organic photoconductor (OPC) drum (diameter: 30 mm) is used in this machine.

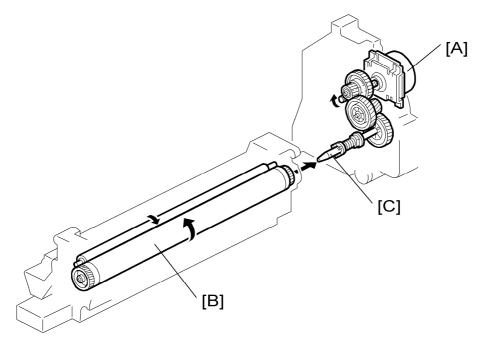
- 1. Cleaning Blade
- 2. Toner Collection Coil
- 3. Pick-off Pawl
- 4. OPC Drum
- 5. ID Sensor (see note)

- 6. Development Roller
- 7. Development Unit
- 8. Charge Roller
- 9. Charge Roller Cleaning Brush
- 10. Quenching Lamp (see note)



The ID sensor and quenching lamp are not included in the PCU.

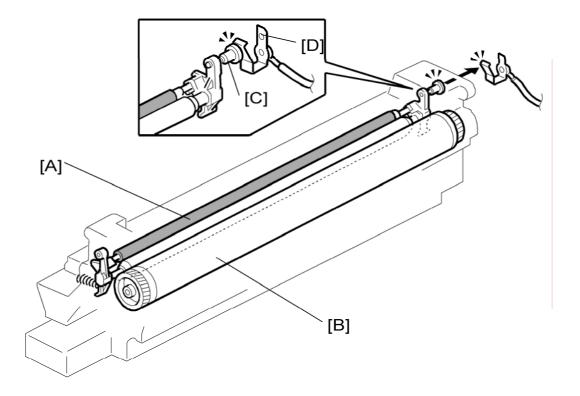
# Drive



The main motor [A] drives the drum [B] through a series of gears and the drum drive shaft [C]. The main motor assembly includes a drive controller, which outputs a motor lock signal when the rotation speed is out of the specified range.

# Drum Charge

# Overview

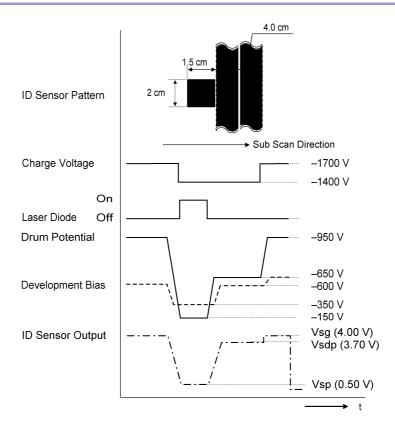


This copier uses a drum charge roller to charge the drum. The drum charge roller [A] always contacts the surface of the drum [B] to give it a negative charge of –950 V.

The high voltage supply board gives a negative charge of -1700 V to the drum charge roller through the screw [C] and terminal plate [D]. This voltage can be changed using SP 2001 1.

### Charge Roller Voltage Correction

#### Correction for Environmental Conditions



With a drum charge roller system, the voltage transferred from roller to drum varies with the temperature and humidity around the drum charge roller. The higher the temperature or humidity is the higher the applied voltage required.

To compensate, the machine uses the ID sensor to measure the effects of current environmental conditions. For this measurement, the process control parameters are balanced so that any small change in drum potential caused by environmental effects is reflected in a change in the amount of toner transferred to the drum.

This measurement is made immediately after the ID sensor pattern for toner density control. Immediately after making ID sensor pattern [A], the charge roller voltage stays the same, but the development bias goes up to -600~V; as a result the drum potential is reduced to -650~V. The laser diode is not switched on, and the drum potential is now slightly higher than the development bias, so a very small amount of toner transfers to the drum. The ID sensor measures the density of this pattern [B], and the output voltage is known as Vsdp. This voltage is compared with Vsg (read from the bare drum at the same time).

If the humidity drops, the drum potential goes up (to a higher negative voltage) even if the

charge roller voltage supply stays the same (efficiency of voltage transfer is higher with lower humidity). As a result, less toner is transferred to ID sensor pattern [B]. If the sensor output reaches a certain point, the drum charge voltage will be reduced.

To determine whether to change the drum charge roller voltage, the machine compares Vsdp with Vsg.

- Vsdp/Vsg > 0.95 = Make the drum charge voltage less negative (smaller) by 50 V
- Vsdp/Vsg < 0.90 = Make the drum charge voltage more negative (larger) by 50 V</li>

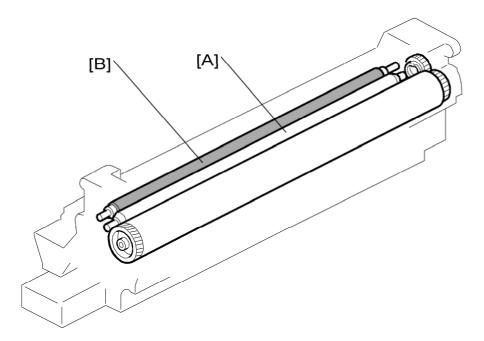
# **ID Sensor Pattern Production Timing**

The ID sensor pattern is not made every page or every job.

It is only made in the following conditions:

- During warm-up at power on
- When the machine starts warming up from energy saver mode and the temperature is less than the target temperature as set with SP Mode.
- When the machine starts warming up from energy saver mode and the machine prints more than 100 prints after generating the p-pattern.

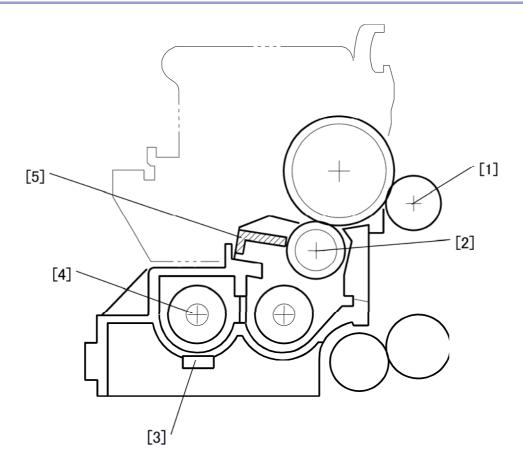
## **Drum Charge Roller Cleaning**



Because the drum charge roller [A] always contacts the drum, it gets dirty easily. So, the cleaning brush [B] also contacts the drum charge roller all the time to clean the surface of the drum charge roller.

# Development

## Overview

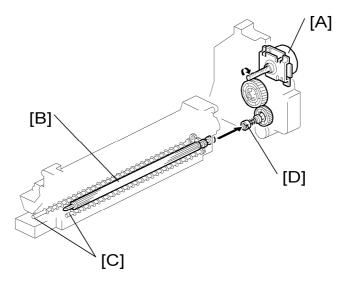


The development unit consists of the following parts.

- 1. Development roller
- 2. Mixing auger 2
- 3. TD sensor
- 4. Mixing auger 1
- 5. Doctor blade

This machine uses a single-roller development system. Two mixing augers mix the developer. The toner density (TD) sensor and image density (ID) sensor (see the illustration in the PCU section) are used to control the image density on the copy.

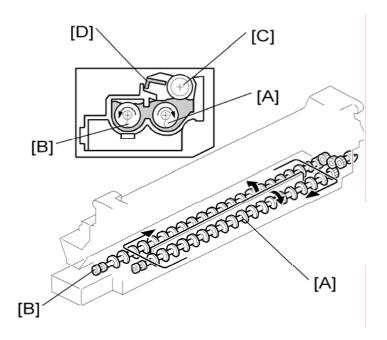
# Drive



The main motor [A] drives the development roller [B] and mixing augers [C] through a train of gears and the development drive shaft [D]. When the PCU is pushed in, the development drive shaft engages the development roller gear.

The development drive gears (except for the gears in the development unit) are helical gears. These gears are quieter than normal gears.

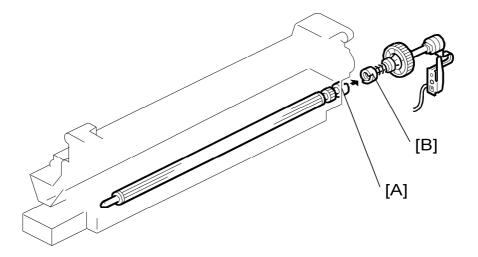
# **Developer Mixing**



The two mixing augers, [A, B] keep the developer evenly mixed. Mixing auger 2 [A] transports excess developer, scraped off the development roller [C] by the doctor blade [D],

towards the front of the machine. Mixing auger 1 [B] returns the excess developer, along with new toner, to the rear of the mixing assembly. Here the developer is reapplied to the development roller.

## **Development Bias**



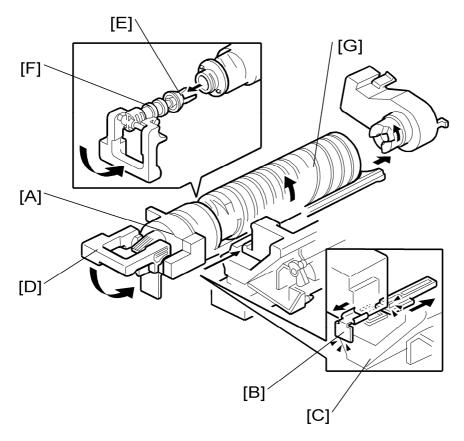
This machine uses a negative-positive development system, in which black areas of the latent image are at a low negative charge (about  $-154 \pm 50$  V) and white areas are at a high negative charge (about -950 V).

To attract negatively charged toner to the black areas of the latent image on the drum, the high voltage supply board applies a bias of –650 volts to the development rollers throughout the image development process. The bias is applied to the development roller shaft [A] through the drive shaft [B].

The development bias voltage (-650 V) can be adjusted with SP 2201 1.

# **Toner Supply**

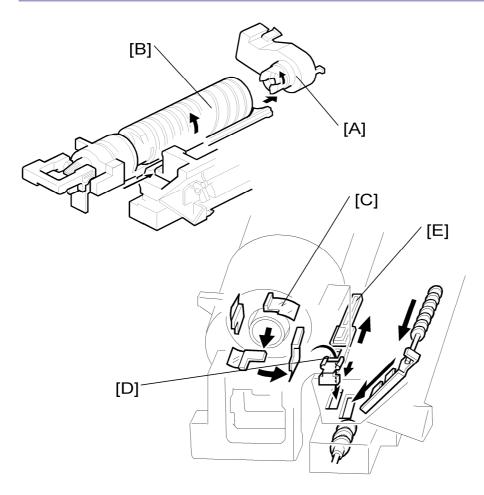
# Toner Bottle Replenishment Mechanism



When a toner bottle is placed in the bottle holder unit [A] and the unit is pushed in completely, toner shutter [B] moves against the side [C] of the PCU. When the toner bottle holder lever [D] is put back in the original position, the cap [E] on the toner bottle is pulled away and kept in place by the chuck [F].

The toner supply mechanism transports toner from the bottle to the development unit. The toner bottle has a spiral groove [G] that helps move toner to the development unit. To add a new toner bottle, first lift the toner bottle holder. When this is done, the chuck releases the toner bottle cap into its proper position to prevent toner from scattering. Then, when the bottle holder unit is pulled out to add a new toner bottle, the toner shutter shuts to block the opening as a result of pressure from a spring.

# Toner Supply Mechanism

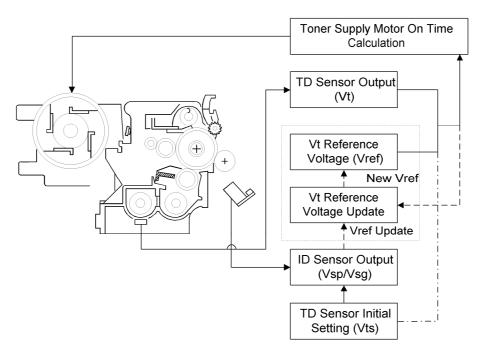


The toner supply motor [A] drives the toner bottle [B] and the mylar blades [C]. First, the toner falls down into the toner bottle holder. The toner supply mylar blades transfer the toner to the slit [D]. When the PCU is installed in the machine, the shutter [E] above the PCU is opened by the toner bottle holder. Then the toner falls down into the development unit through the slit and the shutter.

## **Toner Density Control**

#### Overview

There are four modes for controlling toner supply as shown in the following tables, which can be changed with by SP 2921. The factory setting is sensor control 1 mode. Basically, the toner concentration in the developer is controlled using the standard TD sensor voltage (Vts), toner supply reference voltage (Vref), actual TD sensor output voltage (Vt), and ID sensor output data (Vsp/Vsg).



The four-toner density control modes are as follows.

## **Sensor control 1**

| Mode                  | Sensor control 1 (SP 2921, "0"): Normally use this setting only  |  |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| Toner supply decision | Compare Vt with a reference voltage (Vts or Vref)  |  |
| Toner control process | Toner is supplied to the development unit when Vt is higher than the reference voltage (Vts or Vref). This mode keeps the Vref value for use with the next toner density control.  Vts is used for the first toner density control after a new PCU has been installed, until it has been corrected with the ID sensor output.  Vref is used after Vts has been corrected with the ID sensor output voltage (corrected during the first toner density control for |  |
| Toner supply amount   | Varies   |  |
| Toner end detection   | Performed  |  |

# Sensor control 2

| Mode                  | Sensor control 2 (SP 2921, "1"): For designer's use only; do not use in the field                                    |
|-----------------------|--|
| Toner supply decision | Compare Vt with a reference voltage (Vts)  |
| Toner control process | This toner control process is the same as sensor control 1 mode.  However, the reference voltage used is always Vts. |
| Toner supply amount   | Varies   |
| Toner end detection   | Performed  |

# Fixed control 1

| Mode                  | Fixed control 1 (SP 2921, "2"): For designer's use only; do not use in the field |
|-----------------------|--|
| Toner supply decision | Compare Vt with a reference voltage (Vts or Vref)                                |
| Toner control process | This toner control process is the same as sensor control 1 mode.                 |
| Toner supply amount   | Fixed (SP 2925)  |
| Toner end detection   | Performed  |

# Fixed control 2

| Mode                  | Fixed control 2 (SP 2921, "3"): Use temporarily if the TD sensor needs to be replaced |
|-----------------------|---|
| Toner supply decision | None  |
| Toner control process | Toner is supplied every printed page regardless of Vt.                                |
| Toner supply amount   | Fixed (SP 2925)   |
| Toner end detection   | Not performed   |

#### Toner Density Sensor Initial Setting

The TD sensor initial setting (SP 2214: Developer Initialize) procedure must be done after replacing the developer. During TD sensor initial setting, the TD sensor is set so that the TD sensor output is the value of SP 2926 (default: 2.4 V). This value will be used as the standard reference voltage (Vts) of the TD sensor.

#### **Toner Concentration Measurement**

The toner concentration in the developer is detected once every copy cycle. The sensor output voltage (Vt) during the detection cycle is compared with the standard reference voltage (Vts) or the toner supply reference voltage (Vref).

#### Vsp/Vsg Detection

The ID sensor detects the following voltages.

- Vsg: The ID sensor output when checking the drum surface
- Vsp: The ID sensor output when checking the ID sensor pattern

In this way, the reflectivity of both the drum surface and the pattern on the drum are checked, compensating for any variations in the reflectivity of the pattern on the drum or the reflectivity of the drum surface.

The ID sensor pattern is made on the drum by the charge roller and laser diode.

Vsp/Vsg is not detected every page or job; it is detected at the following times to decide Vref.

During warm-up at power on

If the machine starts warming up when the fusing temperature is 30°C or less (default) after entering night mode or low power mode (SP 2994 specifies the temperature setting).

### Toner Supply Reference Voltage (Vref) Determination

The toner supply reference voltage (Vref) is used for toner supply determination (see below). Vref is determined using the following data:

- ID sensor output (Vsp/Vsg)
- (Vts or the current Vref) Vt

#### Toner Supply Determination

The reference voltage (Vts or Vref) is the threshold voltage for determining whether or not to supply toner. If Vt becomes greater than the reference voltage, the machine supplies additional toner.

This can be checked using SP 2220.

## Toner Supply Motor On Time Determinations

For fixed control mode, the toner supply motor on time is specified by the setting of SP 2925, and does not vary. The default setting is 200 ms for each copy. The toner supply motor on time for each value of SP 2925 is as follows.

| Value of SP2-925 | Motor On Time (t = 200 ms) |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| 0                | Т                          |
| 1                | 2t                         |
| 2                | 4t                         |
| 3                | 8t                         |
| 4                | 12t                        |
| 5                | 16t                        |
| 6                | Continuously               |
| 7                | Not supplied               |

For sensor control modes 1 and 2, the toner supply motor on time is decided by the following factors.

- Vt
- Vref or Vts
- TD sensor sensitivity (coefficient: S, value is 0.4)

There are seven levels for toner supply motor on time as shown below.

| Level | Decision  | Motor On Time (seconds) |
|-------|---|-------------------------|
| 1     | (Vts or Vref) < Vt $\leq$ (Vts or Vref) + S/16            | t (0.4)                 |
| 2     | (Vts or Vref) < Vt $\leq$ (Vts or Vref) + S/8             | t x 2 (0.8)             |
| 3     | $(Vts \ or \ Vref) < Vt \leq (Vts \ or \ Vref) + S/4$     | t x 4 (1.6)             |
| 4     | $(Vts \ or \ Vref) < Vt \leq (Vts \ or \ Vref) + S/2$     | t x 8 (3.2)             |
| 5     | (Vts or Vref) < Vt $\leq$ (Vts or Vref) + 4S/5            | t x 16 (6.4)            |
| 6     | $Vt \ge (Vts \text{ or Vref}) + 4S/16 \text{ (near-end)}$ | T (30); see note 3      |

| 7 | Vt ≥ (Vts or Vref) + S (toner end) | T (30); see note 3 |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------|

- ↓ Note
  - The value of "t" can be changed using SP 2922 (default: 0.4 second)
  - The value of "T" can be changed using SP 2923 (default: 30 seconds)
  - T (30) means that toner is supplied intermittently in a 1/3 duty cycle (1 s on, 2 s off) for 30 seconds

## Toner Supply in Abnormal Sensor Conditions

#### **ID Sensor**

Readings are abnormal if any of the following conditions occur:

- Vsg ≤ 2.5V
- Vsg < 3.5V when maximum power (979) is applied</li>
- Vsp ≥ 2.5V
- (Vsg Vsp) < 1.0V</p>
- $Vt \ge 4.5V$  or  $Vt \le 0.2V$

The above ID sensor values can be checked using SP 2221.

When this is detected, the machine changes the value of Vref to 2.5 V then does the toner density control process (in a similar way to sensor control mode 2).

No SC code is generated if the ID sensor is defective.

### **TD Sensor**

The TD sensor output is checked every copy. If the readings from the TD sensor become abnormal, the machine changes the toner density control mode to fixed supply mode 2, and the toner supply amount per page is always 200 ms, regardless of the value of SP 2925. If the machine detects the TD sensor error condition 10 times consecutively, an SC code is generated (SC390) and the machine must be repaired.

## Toner Near End/End Detection and Recovery

The toner near end and end conditions are detected using the Vt and Vref values, in a similar way to toner density control.

This is done in all toner supply modes except for fixed mode 2, when toner end is not detected.

#### Toner Near End Detection

If Vt is at level 6 (see the table on the previous page) five times consecutively, the machine enters the toner near end condition and the toner end indicator starts blinking. Then the machine supplies toner for a certain time, which depends on the setting of SP 2923 (see the previous page).

#### Toner Near End Recovery

If the machine detects "Vt < (Vref or Vts) + 4S/5" twice consecutively in any of the following situations, the machine clears the toner near end condition.

- While in the toner recovery cycle (supplying toner on and off for 30 seconds) after the machine has detected a toner near end condition.
- During copying in the toner near end condition.
- If the front cover is opened and closed for more than 10 seconds while a toner near end condition exists.

#### **Toner End Detection**

There are two situations for entering the toner end condition.

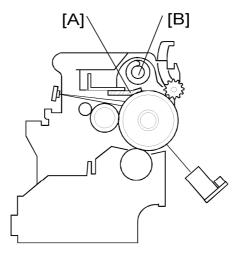
- When Vt is level 7 three times consecutively, the machine enters the toner end condition.
- When 50 copies have been made since entering the toner near end condition. The number of copies between toner near-end and toner end can be changed using SP 2213.

#### Toner End Recovery

While turning on the main switch, if the front cover is opened for 10 seconds or more and then closed while a Toner End condition exists (following toner bottle replacement), the machine clears the Toner End condition. The recovery procedure is the same as for toner near end. It takes about two minutes.

# **Drum Cleaning and Toner Recycling**

# **Drum Cleaning**

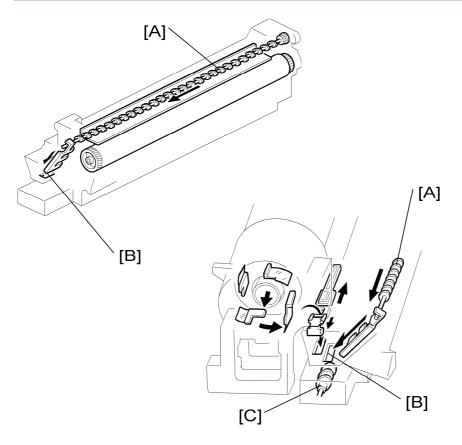


The cleaning blade [A] removes any toner remaining on the drum after the image is transferred to the paper. This model uses a counter blade system.

The cleaning blade scrapes off toner remaining on the drum. When toner builds up in the cleaning unit, toner at the top of the pile is removed by the toner collection coil [B].

To remove the toner and other particles that are accumulated at the edge of the cleaning blade, the drum turns in reverse for about 5 mm at the end of every copy job.

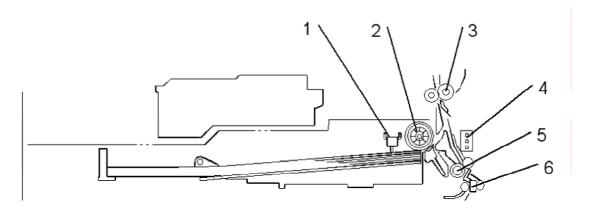
# **Toner Recycling**



Toner picked up by the toner collection coil [A], is transported to the opening [B] in the side of the PCU. Then, this toner falls into the development unit with new toner coming from the toner bottle and it is all mixed together by mixing auger 1 [C] and used again.

# Paper Feed

## Overview



There are one or two paper trays, each of which can hold 250 sheets.

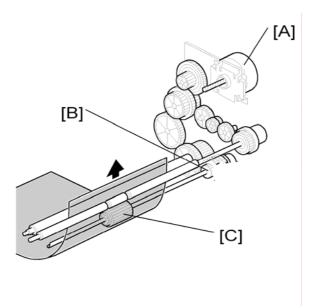
The paper tray feed stations use a friction pad system. To prevent paper from getting caught inside the machine when the tray is pulled out, the paper feed roller and shaft do not separate from the tray when the tray is pulled out.

The two relay sensors are used for paper jam detection. The lower one detects jams when paper is fed up from the optional paper feed unit.

The components of the paper feed station are as follows.

| 1. Paper End Sensor    | 5. Upper Relay Roller |  |
|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 2. Paper Feed Roller   | 6. Upper Relay Sensor |  |
| 3. Registration Roller |                       |  |
| 4. Paper Size Switch   |                       |  |

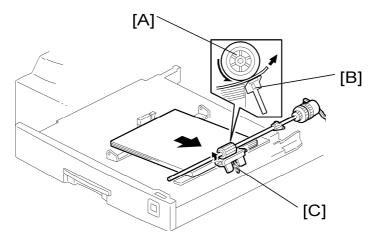
# Paper Feed Drive Mechanism



The main motor [A] drives the pick-up and feed mechanism of both the first and second paper trays. The paper feed clutches [B] transfer drive from this motor to the paper feed rollers [C].

When the paper feed clutch turns on, the feed roller starts to feed the paper. The paper feed clutch stays on until shortly after the registration sensor has been activated.

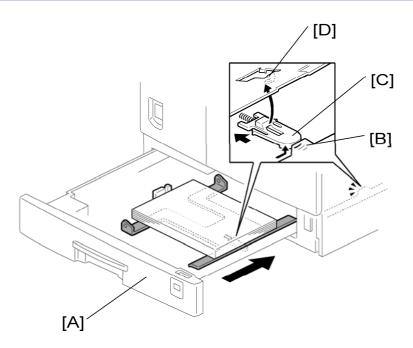
# Paper Feed and Separation Mechanism



The paper feed roller [A] drives the top sheet of paper from the paper tray to the copier. The friction pad [B] allows only one sheet to feed at a time. The friction pad applies pressure to the feed roller with a spring [C].

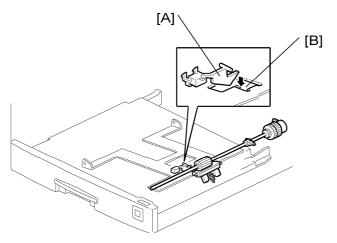
The friction pad pressure cannot be adjusted.

# Paper Lift Mechanism



When the paper tray [A] is closed, projection [B] on the copier frame pushes slider [C] (on the bottom part of the paper tray) off the bottom plate hook [D]. After the release slide comes off, compressed springs lift the bottom plate.

# Paper End Detection



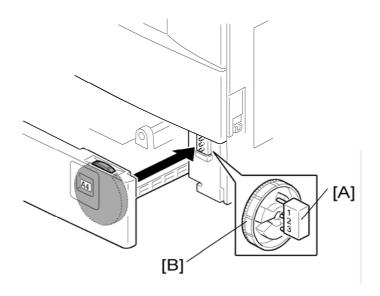
If there is any paper in the paper tray, the paper stack lifts the feeler, the paper end sensor [A] is deactivated.

When the paper tray runs out of paper, the paper end feeler drops into the cutout [B] in the tray bottom plate and the paper end sensor is activated.

When the paper tray is drawn out with no paper in the tray, the shape of the paper end feeler causes it to lift up.

# Paper Size Detection

## Paper Tray



| SW, Size                                      | 1   | 2   | 3   |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
| A3, 11" x 17"                                 | Off | Off | Off |
| A4 LEF  | On  | On  | Off |
| A4 SEF, 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 11" | On  | Off | Off |
| A5 LEF, 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 14" | Off | On  | On  |
| 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 13"         | On  | Off | On  |
| 11" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "         | Off | On  | Off |
| * (Asterisk)                                  | Off | Off | On  |

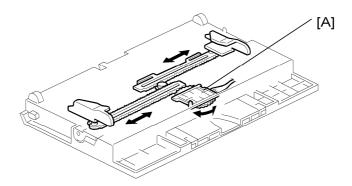
## ON=Not pushed, OFF=Pushed

There are three paper size micro-switches [A] on the front right plate of the paper tray unit. The switches are actuated by a paper size actuator [B] behind the paper size indicator plate, which is on the front right of the tray.

Each paper size has its own actuator, with a unique combination of notches. To determine which size has been installed, the CPU reads which micro-switches the actuator has switched off.

The CPU disables paper feed from a tray if the paper size cannot be detected. If the paper size actuator is broken, or if there is no tray installed, the Add Paper indicator will light. When the paper size actuator is at the "\*" mark, the paper tray can be set up to accommodate one of a wider range of paper sizes by using User Tools. If the paper size for this position is changed without changing the User Tool setting, a paper jam will result.

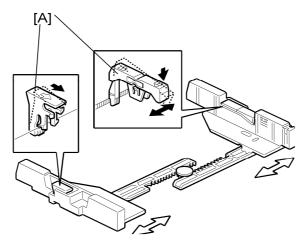
### By-pass Tray



The by-pass feed paper size switch [A] monitors the paper width. The side fence is connected to the terminal plate gear. When the side fences move to match the paper width, the circular terminal plate rotates over the wiring patterns on the rectangular part of the paper size switch. The patterns for each paper width in the paper size switch are unique.

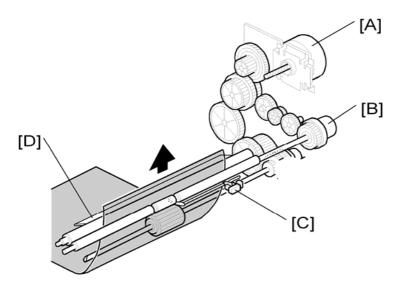
| CN No. (BICU) | A3     | A4 SEF | 8" x 13" | A5 SEF |
|---------------|--------|--------|----------|--------|
| CN136-1       | ON/OFF | OFF    | OFF      | OFF    |
| CN136-2       | OFF    | OFF    | OFF      | ON/OFF |
| CN136-3 (GND) | OFF    | OFF    | OFF      | OFF    |
| CN136-4       | OFF    | ON     | ON       | OFF    |
| CN136-5       | ON     | ON     | OFF      | OFF    |

## Side Fences



If the tray is full of paper and it is pushed in strongly, the fences may deform or bend. This may cause the paper to skew or the side-to-side registration to be incorrect. To correct this, each side fence has a stopper [A] attached to it. Each side fence can be secured with a screw, for customers who do not want to change the paper size.

# Paper Registration



The drive from the main motor [A] is transmitted to the registration roller through the registration clutch gear [B].

The registration sensor [C] is used for correcting paper skew and for detecting paper misfeeds.

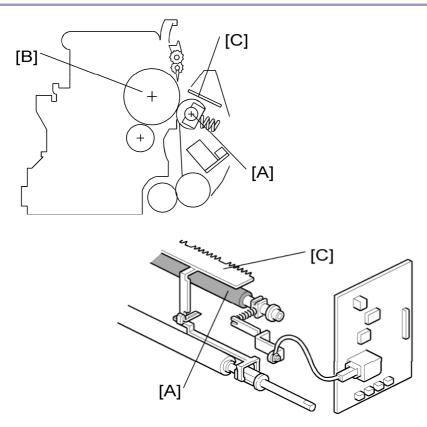
The cleaning mylar [D] contacts the registration roller. It removes paper dust from the registration roller so that this dust will not transfer into the development unit through the drum-cleaning unit.

The amount of paper buckle at the registration roller to correct skew can be adjusted with SP 1003.

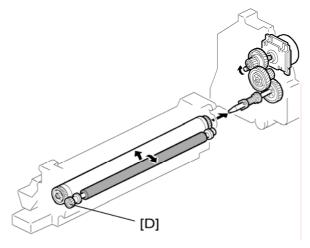
If jams frequently occur after registration, SP 1903 can be used to activate the relay clutch so that the relay roller assists the registration roller in feeding the paper along. When feeding from the by-pass tray, the by-pass feed clutch is activated, turning the by-pass feed roller. This feature may be needed when feeding thick paper, and cannot be used for the first paper feed tray.

# Image Transfer and Paper Separation

## Overview



The transfer roller [A] touches the surface of the drum [B]. The high voltage supply board supplies a positive current to the transfer roller, which attracts the toner from the drum onto the paper. The current depends on the paper width, paper type, and paper feed tray. The curvature of the drum and the discharge plate [C] help the paper to separate from the drum. The discharge plate is grounded.



Drive from the drum through a gear [D] turns the transfer roller.

## Image Transfer Current Timing

There are two transfer current levels: low and high. The image transfer procedure is as follows:

- When the CPU receives the image writing start signal, the CPU instructs the high voltage supply board to supply +10 microamperes (low transfer current level) to the roller. This prevents any positively charged toner on the drum surface from transferring to the transfer roller.
- 2. At a certain time after the low transfer current has been supplied to the roller, high transfer current is applied to the roller to transfer the toner to the paper (see the table below).
- 3. After the trailing edge of the paper has passed through the roller, transfer current turns off. In multiple copy mode, the transfer current shifts again to the low transfer current.

The high transfer current levels (default) are as shown in the following table. With SP 2301, the high transfer current level used for the paper feed trays, duplex tray, by-pass tray, and cleaning an be adjusted.

|           | By-pass Tray<br>(Thick/OHP) | Paper Tray/<br>By-pass Tray<br>(Normal) | By-pass Tray<br>(Special/<br>Envelope) | Duplex<br>(1st Side) | Duplex<br>(2nd Side) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|---|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| A3/A4 LEF | 11 μΑ                       | 12 μΑ                                   | 13 μΑ                                  | 12 μΑ                | 17 μΑ                |
| DLT       | 12 μΑ                       | 18 μΑ                                   | 15 μΑ                                  | 18 μΑ                | 17 μΑ                |
| B4 SEF    | 12 μΑ                       | 12 μΑ                                   | 15 μΑ                                  | 12 μΑ                | 18 μΑ                |
| LT SEF    | 17 μΑ                       | 17 μΑ                                   | 15 μΑ                                  | 17 μΑ                | 24 μΑ                |
| A4 SEF    | 21 μΑ                       | 15 μΑ                                   | 28 μΑ                                  | 15 μΑ                | 24 μΑ                |
| B5 SEF    | 22 μΑ                       | 19 μΑ                                   | 28 μΑ                                  | 19 μΑ                | 22 μΑ                |
| A5 SEF    | 22 μΑ                       | 19 μΑ                                   | 28 μΑ                                  | 19 μΑ                | 28 μΑ                |
| HLT SEF   | 22 μΑ                       | 19 μΑ                                   | 28 μΑ                                  | _                    | _                    |
| B6 SEF    | 22 μΑ                       | 19 μΑ                                   | 28 μΑ                                  | _                    | _                    |
| A6 SEF    | 22 μΑ                       | 19 μΑ                                   | 34 μΑ                                  | _                    | _                    |

|                        | By-pass Tray<br>(Thick/OHP) | Paper Tray/<br>By-pass Tray<br>(Normal) | By-pass Tray<br>(Special/<br>Envelope) | Duplex<br>(1st Side) | Duplex<br>(2nd Side) |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Post card/<br>Envelope | 22 μΑ                       | 19 μΑ                                   | 34 μΑ                                  | 1                    | _                    |

Be careful when increasing the transfer current. This may cause a ghosting effect, in which part of the image at the top of the page is repeated lower down the page at a lower density. In the worst case, it may also damage the OPC drum.

### Transfer Roller Cleaning

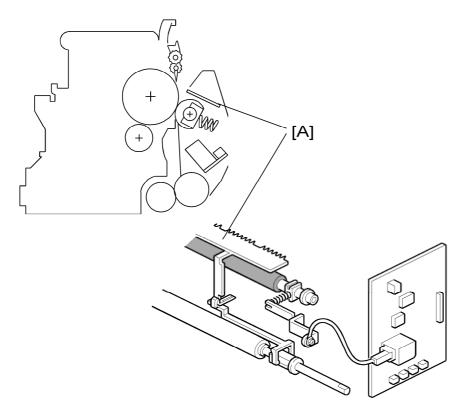
If the paper size is smaller than the image, or if a paper jam occurs during printing, toner may be transferred to the roller surface. To prevent the toner from transferring to the back side of the printouts, the transfer roller requires cleaning before the next printing run. During transfer roller cleaning, the high voltage supply unit supplies a negative cleaning voltage (about –1 kV) to the transfer roller. Any negatively charged toner on the transfer roller is then transferred back to the drum. Then a positive cleaning current (+10 microamperes) is applied to the transfer roller to push back to the drum any positively charged toner on the transfer roller.

The machine goes through the cleaning mode in the following conditions:

- Before starting the printing job (only if enabled with SP 2996; note that the default setting is off).
- Just after the power is switched on.
- After a copy jam has been cleared.
- After 10 or more sheets of paper have been copied and the copy job has finished.

Also, the transfer roller cleaning current can be adjusted using SP 2301 4.

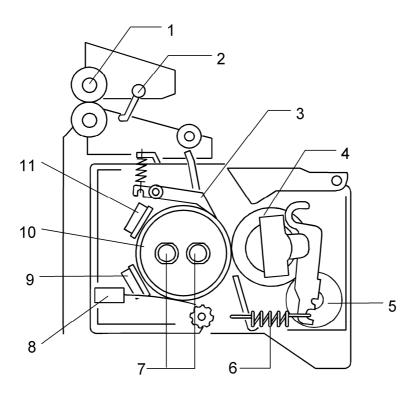
# Paper Separation Mechanism



The discharge plate [A] and the drum curvature of the drum help the paper to separate away from the drum. The discharge plate is grounded.

# Image Fusing and Paper Exit

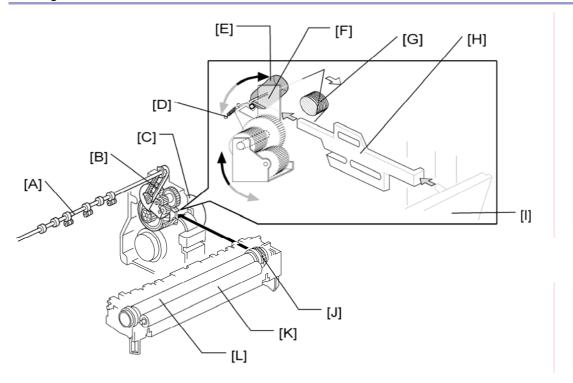
# Overview



- 1. Paper exit roller
- 2. Exit sensor
- 3. Hot roller strippers
- 4. Pressure roller
- 5. Cleaning roller
- 6. Pressure spring

- 7. Fusing lamps
- 8. Thermistor
- 9. Thermostat
- 10. Hot roller
- 11. Thermostat

# Fusing Unit Drive and Release Mechanism



#### **Fusing Unit Drive**

The main motor [C] drives the fusing unit through a gear train, and drives the paper exit rollers [A] through the timing belt [B].

#### Drive Release Mechanism

When the right door [I] is open, the spring [G] pushes the top end of the gear holder [F] to the right. The drive gear is released from the fusing-unit drive gear [J]. When you close the right door, the mechanical link [H] pushes the spring [G]. The gear holder turns counterclockwise by the force of another spring [D], and engages with the fusing-unit drive gear.

#### Contact/Release Control

The drive power is not transmitted to the fusing unit during warming up when the fusing temperature (at the start) is 18°C or higher. The drive power is transmitted when the fusing temperature is less than 18°C. This contact/release control is based on the following conditions.

| Fusing Temp. | Contact/Release |
|--------------|-----------------|
|--------------|-----------------|

| Fusing Temp.   | Contact/Release |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 18°C or higher | Release         |
| Less than 18°C | Contact         |

The hot roller [L] takes a shorter time to become hot enough if it is not turning during warming up. When, however, the fusing temperature (at the start) is low, the temperature of the hot-roller surface may become uneven.

You can disable this control (SP1103 1).

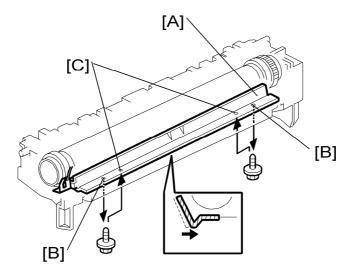
#### Drive Release Solenoid

| Solenoid | Drive gear |
|----------|------------|
| Off      | Engaged    |
| On       | Released   |

The fusing drive release solenoid [E] is on the rear end of the gear holder. When the solenoid is off, the spring [D] pulls the gear holder, and the drive gear engages with the fusing unit drive gear. When the solenoid is on, it pulls the top end of the gear holder to the right, and the gear holder turns clockwise. As a result, the drive gear is released from the fusing unit drive gear.

The release solenoid comes on when you turn on the main switch if the fusing temperature is 18°C or higher. The solenoid releases the drive gear from the fusing unit drive gear. The fusing lamps heat the hot roller [L] more effectively since the heat is not conducted to the pressure roller [K]. When the hot roller becomes hot enough, the release solenoid turns off, letting the drive gear engage with the fusing unit drive gear.

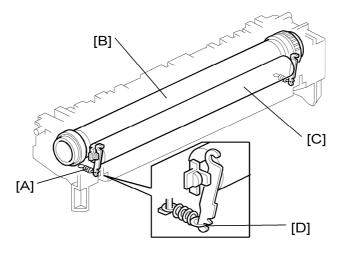
# Fusing Entrance Guide Shift



The entrance guide [A] is adjustable for paper thickness to prevent creasing. The outer screw holes [B] on each side are used as the default setting.

If creasing occurs frequently in the fusing unit, adjust the entrance guide to the right, by securing it with the inner holes [C]. This allows more direct access to the gap between the hot roller and the pressure roller.

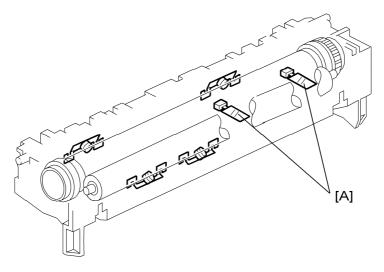
## Pressure Roller



The pressure springs [A] constantly apply pressure between the hot roller [B] and the pressure roller [C]. Applied pressure can be changed by adjusting the position of the pressure springs. The spring is positioned at the end [D] as the default setting.

# **Fusing Temperature Control**

#### Overview



There are two fusing lamps (not identical), two thermistors, and four thermostats.

The fusing temperature is controlled using the thermistors [A].

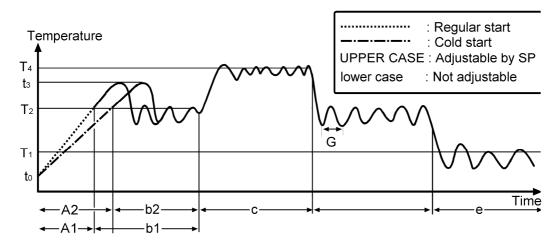
The CPU checks the output from the fusing thermistor once every 1.5 seconds. The CPU decides how long the lamps must be switched on during the next 1.5 seconds by comparing the following temperatures:

- The center thermistor temperature and the target center temperature
- The end thermistor temperature and the target end temperature

The fusing lamp works to maintain a target fusing temperature of 160°C during copying.

#### Temperature Control

According to the operation mode, the fusing temperature is controlled. The diagram illustrates the transition of fusing temperature. After you turn the main switch on, the fusing temperature rises from the room temperature (t0) to one of the specified temperatures. You can adjust some of the temperatures.



#### A1: Regular Start Mode/A2: Cold Start Mode (SP 1107 1-2)

Turning the fusing lamp on and off may affect the voltage of the power source in the room, causing the fluorescent lights in the room to flicker. To lighten this problem, you can reduce the checking repetition to 20 times.

When machine initialization ends, the fusing temperature is set to one of the following temperatures:

- The Standby Temperature (T2: SP 1105 3-4) when there is no print job.
- The First Print Temperature when the copier has received a print request during machine initialization.

You cannot directly adjust the First Print Temperature. This temperature is 10°C higher (up to 185°C) than the Copying Temperature100.

#### C: Copying Mode

When the copier is making copies, the fusing temperature is set to one of the following temperatures:

- The Warm Up Temperature (SP 1105 1-2) to output the first print after the Low Power Mode.100
- The Copying Temperature (T4: SP 1105 5-6) to output the second print (and after the second)

You can raise the Warm Up Temperature to make better the fusing quality of the first print. While the copier is adjusting the fusing temperature to the Warm Up Temperature, the message "Copy starts after warm up" is displayed.

### c: Thick Paper Mode

When the machine is making copies on thick paper, the fusing temperature is set to the Thick Paper Temperature (SP 1105 9-10). When thick paper reaches the registration sensor, the copier checks the fusing temperature, and executes one of the following processing:

Stops feeding the thick paper (and keeps it at the registration sensor) and waits for the

fusing temperature to reach the predefined temperature—the temperature 5°C lower than the Thick Paper Temperature. (The fusing temperature keeps rising until it reaches the Thick Paper Temperature while the thick paper travels from the registration sensor to the fusing unit.)

 Continues feeding paper and executes the print job if the fusing temperature is high enough.

### b1/b2: Standby Mode

When the copier is not making copies, the fusing temperature is set to the Standby Temperature (T2: SP 1105 3-4). You can adjust this temperature. However, if you have raised this temperature, the BICU may be unable to generate a SC code in the event of fusing lamp error.

While in the Standby Mode, the copier checks the fusing temperature every 1.5 seconds (G: SP 1108 1). Turning on and off the fusing lamp may affect the voltage of the power source (in the room), causing the fluorescent lights (in the room) to flicker. To lighten such trouble, you can adjust the control period. However, if you elongate this period (to two seconds or longer), the BICU may be unable to generate a SC code in the event of a fusing lamp error.

#### e: Low Power Mode

When the Energy Saver Timer ( > System Settings > Timer Settings > Energy Saver Timer) expires, the fusing temperature is set to the Low Power Temperature (T1: SP 1105 7-8).

#### **Overheat Protection**

This machine protects its hardware from overheat by three features. Normally, the first feature can fully protect the hardware. The second feature works as the fail-safe feature for the first one. The third feature works as the fail-safe feature for the second one.

#### First Feature:

If the fusing temperature reaches 230°C (or higher) and stays so for one second, the controller turns the fusing lamp off. In a case like this, SC543 or SC553 shows.

#### Second Feature:

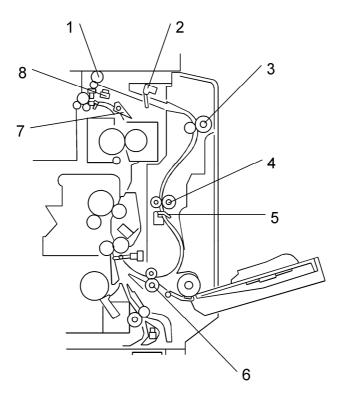
If the fusing feature reaches 250°C, the controller cuts off the 24V line. (The fusing lamps are on the 24V line.)

#### Third Feature:

Two thermostats are attached on each line of the two fusing lamps. (four thermostats in total). One of the two thermostats cuts the power supply to the fusing lamp at 179°C, and the other cuts the power supply at 180°C. (Note that the thermostat temperature is somewhat lower than the fusing temperature.)

# **Duplex Unit**

# Overall

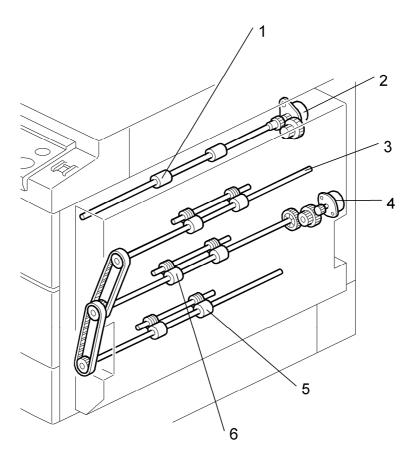


The printed page from the fusing unit goes straight through to the exit tray, or upward to the inverter section, depending on the position of the junction gate.

If the user selects duplex mode, the page is directed to the inverter tray, then reversed through the duplex unit, and back into the machine for printing the second side.

| 1. Duplex Inverter Roller  | 5. Duplex Exit Sensor     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2. Duplex Entrance Sensor  | 6. Lower Transport Roller |
| 3. Upper Transport Roller  | 7. Junction Gate          |
| 4. Middle Transport Roller | 8. Duplex Inverter Sensor |

#### **Drive Mechanism**



- 1. Duplex Inverter Roller
- 2. Duplex Inverter Motor
- 3. Upper Transport Roller

- 4. Duplex Transport Motor
- 5. Lower Transport Roller
- 6. Middle Transport Roller

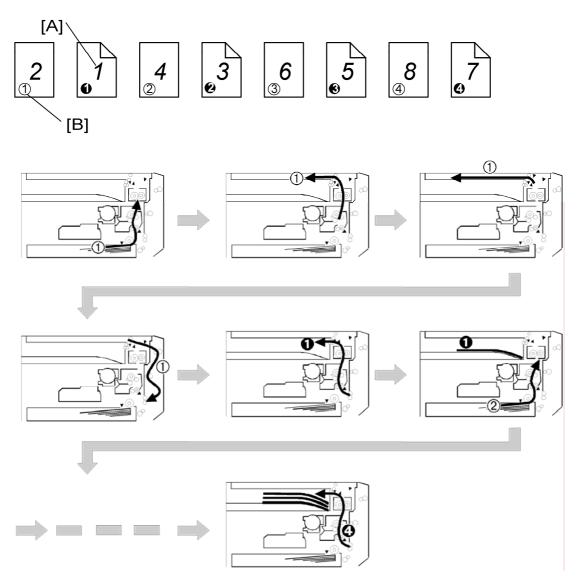
#### Basic operation

To increase the productivity of the duplex unit, copies are printed as follows.

#### - Larger than A4 Short-edge/LT Short-edge -

The paper feed path can hold only one sheet of copy paper at a time.

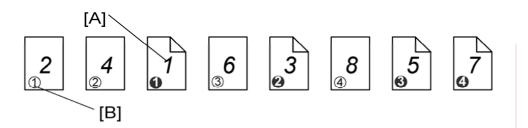
Example: 8 pages. The number [A] in the illustration shows the order of pages. The number [B] in the illustration shows the order of sheets of copy paper (if black, this indicates the second side).

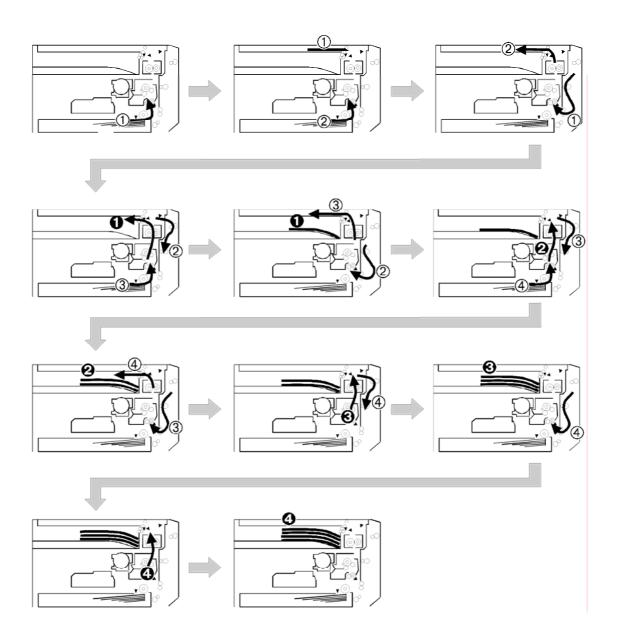


#### - Up to A4 Short-edge/LT Short-edge -

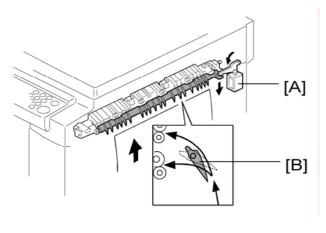
The paper feed path can hold two sheets of copy paper.

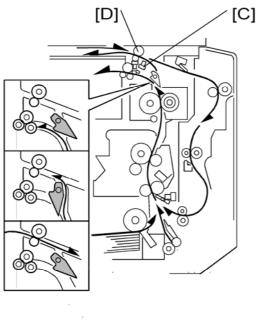
Example: 8 pages. The number [A] in the illustration shows the order of pages. The number [B] in the illustration shows the order of sheets of copy paper (if black, this indicates the second side).





#### Feed In and Exit Mechanism





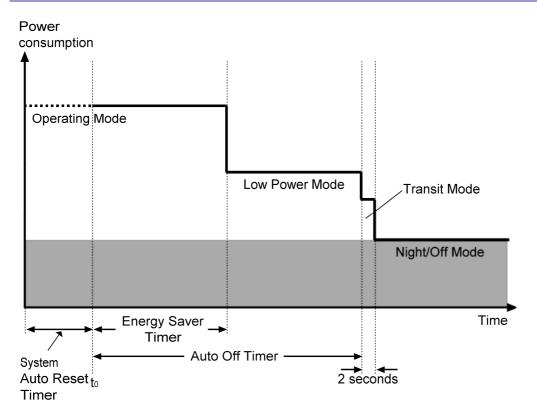
During duplex copying, the inverter gate solenoid [A] switches on and the junction gate [B] switches over to direct the paper to the inverter. When the paper trailing edge reaches the duplex inverter sensor [C], the inverter roller [D] reverses its rotation direction and the paper goes to the duplex unit. The paper is then sent to the mainframe registration rollers to print the reverse side.

If there are two or more copies being made with  $A4/8^{1}/2$ " x 11" SEF (or smaller), the next sheet waits at the registration sensor for the current sheet to exit the inverter.

### **Energy Saver Modes**

This section illustrates the energy saver modes of the machine with the controller.

#### Overview



The machine has three energy-saver modes: the Low Power Mode, the Transit Mode, and the Night/Off Mode. The Transit Mode continues for about two seconds (probably, the user does not recognize this mode when it occurs). The table lists the status of several components. For the fusing temperature, see the section of "Fusing Temperature Control".

|                 | Operation panel | Engine | Exhaust fan |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-------------|
| Operating Mode* | On              | On     | On          |
| Low Power Mode  | Off             | On     | Off         |
| Transit Mode    | Off             | On     | Off         |
| Night/Off Mode  | Off             | Off**  | Off         |

<sup>\*</sup> The "Operating Mode" here refers to all the modes (or status) other than the Low Power

Mode and Night/Off Mode. Actual power consumption (during the Operating Mode) depends on job status and environmental conditions.

#### **Timers**

The Energy Saver Timer and Auto Off Timer start at the same time (t0) when the machine ends all jobs, when the user ends all manual operations, or when the controller starts the default application program (the program specified by the user [ > System Settings > General Features > Function Priority]). The default application program starts when the System Auto Reset Timer expires ( > System Settings > Timer Settings > System Auto Reset Timer).

For more information, see "s" in the section of "Energy Saver Modes of Basic Machines".

#### Recovery

Any of the following operations brings the machine back to the Operating Mode:

- The power switch is pressed.
- Originals are set on the document feeder.
- The platen cover (or document feeder) is opened.
- The controller receives a job through the USB
- An SC code is generated.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The SRAM is alive and backs up the engine controller.

# Specifications

# General Specifications

| Configuration:        | Desktop  |   |  |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|
| Copy Process:         | Dry electrostatic transfer system  |   |  |
| Originals:            | Sheet/Book/Object  |   |  |
| Original Size:        | Maximum A3/11" x 17"   |   |  |
|                       | Maximum:   | A3/11" x 17"  |  |
|                       | Minimum:   | A5 LEF/8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " (Paper tray),<br>A6 SEF/5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " (Bypass) |  |
| Copy Paper<br>Size:   | Custom sizes in the bypass tray:  Width: 90 – 297 mm (3.5 11.69"), Length: 148 – 600 mm (5 23.62")   |   |  |
|                       | NOTE: Physically, the by-pass tray can handle the following size (but this size is not recognized by the application software): Width: 305 mm Length: 1,260 mm |   |  |
| Copy Paper<br>Weight: | Paper Tray: 60 – 90 g/m <sup>2</sup> , 16 – 24 lb.<br>Bypass: 52 – 162 g/m <sup>2</sup> , 14 – 43 lb.  |   |  |
| Reproduction Ratios:  | 3 enlargement and 4 reduction  |   |  |
|                       | A4/A3 Version LT/DLT Version   |   |  |
| Enlargement           | 200% 155%<br>141% 129%<br>122% 121%  |   |  |
| Full Size             | 100% 100%  |   |  |

|  | 93%  | 93%                        |  |
|--|--|----------------------------|--|
| Reduction  | 82%  | 78%                        |  |
| heduction  | 71%  | 65%                        |  |
|  | 50%  | 50%                        |  |
| Zoom:  | 50% to 200%, in 1% steps   |                            |  |
|  | China  | 220 – 240 V, 50/60 Hz, 7 A |  |
|  | Full System:   | Not above 1.28 kW          |  |
| Power Source:  | Off Mode:  | Not above 10 W             |  |
|  | ■ Full system - Maximum possible power consumption (any combination of mainframe and options), excluding optional heaters, key counter, fax unit, and printer controller.        |                            |  |
|  | Standby (Mainframe/Full system):   | Not above 40 dB(A)         |  |
|  | Operating (Mainframe only):  | Not above 62 dB(A)         |  |
| Noise Emission:  | Operating (Full System):   | Not above 66 dB(A)         |  |
| The above measurements were made in accordance with 7779. Measurements were taken from the normal position the operator. |  |                            |  |
| Dimensions (W x D x H):  | B283: 550 x 568 x 420 mm (21.7" x 22.4" x 16.5") B282: 587 x 568 x 460 mm (23.1" x 22.4" x 18.1")  Measurement Conditions  • With bypass feed table closed  • Without the A(R)DF |                            |  |
| Weight:  | B283: 35 kg (78 lb.) B282: 39.3 kg (88 lb.) (Excluding A(R)DF, platen cover, toner, and developer)   |                            |  |

#### Copying Speed in Multicopy Mode (copies/minute):

| Mode         |             |  |    |
|--------------|-------------|--|----|
| 1-sided      | Mamania     | A3 SEF/11" × 17"                             | 10 |
| ↓<br>1-sided | Memory copy | A4 LEF/11" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " | 16 |
|              | DF 1-to-1   | A3 SEF/11" × 17"                             | 8  |
|              | 51 1 10 1   | A4 LEF/11" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " | 16 |
| 1-sided      |             | A3 SEF/11" × 17"                             | _  |
| 2-sided      | Memory copy | A4 LEF/11" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " | _  |



- Measurement Conditions:
  - Figures are for one-sided original to one-sided copy except where stated otherwise
  - 100% size

| Warm-up Time:         | Less than 10 seconds (at 20°C [68°F])   |  |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| First Copy Time:      | Not more than 6.5 seconds  Measurement Conditions  1. From the ready state, with the polygonal mirror motor operating.  2. A4/LT copying  3. 100%size |  |
|                       | 4. Paper feed from the upper tray   |  |
| Copy Number Input:    | Numeric keypad, 1 to 99 (increment, decrement)  |  |
| Manual Image Density: | 5 steps   |  |
| Automatic Reset:      | Default is 60 seconds. Can be set from 10 to 999 seconds with user tools.   |  |
| Automatic Shut-off:   | Default is 1 minute. Can be set from 1 to 240 minutes with user tools.  |  |

| Copy Paper Capacity:    | Paper Tray:  250 sheets  Optional Paper Tray Unit:  500 sheets x 1, or 500 sheets x 2  Bypass Tray:  100 sheets (sheets up to 432 mm [17"])  40 postcards  10 envelopes  Copy weight: 80 g/m² (20 lb.)  |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Toner Replenishment:    | Cartridge replacement (260 g/cartridge)   |  |
| Optional Equipment:     | <ul> <li>Platen cover</li> <li>Auto document feeder</li> <li>Auto-reverse document feeder (B282 only)</li> <li>Paper tray unit (1 tray)</li> <li>Paper tray unit (2 trays)</li> <li>Tray heater</li> <li>Optics anti-condensation heater</li> </ul> |  |
| Toner Yield:            | 9k copies (A4 LEF, 6% full black, 1 to 2 copying, normal text mode)   |  |
| Copy-Tray Capacity      | 250 sheets  |  |
| Memory                  | 16 MB (BICU) + 32 MB Controller   |  |
| Duplex Unit (B282 only) |   |  |
| Copy Paper Size:        | Maximum ¬ A3/11" x 17"  Minimum ¬ A5/8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 11"  |  |
| Copy Paper Weight:      | 64 - 90 g/m² (20 - 24 lb.)  |  |

# Supported Paper Sizes

### Paper Feed and Exit

Main Frame, Duplex

| Paper   | Size (W x L)                          | Main Frame<br>Tray | Duplex | Optional<br>Paper Tray | By-pass<br>Tray |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------------|
| A3 SEF  | 297 x 420 mm                          | Х                  | Х      | Х                      | Х               |
| A3 LEF  | 420 x 297 mm                          | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| B4 SEF  | 257 x 364 mm                          | Х                  | Х      | М                      | Х               |
| B4 LEF  | 364 x 257 mm                          | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| A4 SEF  | 210 x 297 mm                          | Х                  | Х      | Х                      | Х               |
| A4 LEF  | 297 x 210 mm                          | X                  | X      | X                      | М               |
| B5 SEF  | 182 x 257 mm                          | М                  | Х      | М                      | Х               |
| B5 LEF  | 257 x 182 mm                          | Х                  | Х      | М                      | М               |
| A5 SEF  | 148 x 210 mm                          | 0                  | X      | М                      | Х               |
| A5 LEF  | 210 x 148 mm                          | X                  | X      | 0                      | М               |
| B6 SEF  | 128 x 182 mm                          | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | Х               |
| B6 LEF  | 182 x 128 mm                          | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| A6 SEF  | 105 x 148 mm                          | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | К               |
| A6 LEF  | 148 x 105 mm                          | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| DLT SEF | 11" x 17"                             | М                  | Х      | Х                      | М               |
| DLT LEF | 17" x 11"                             | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| LG SEF  | 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 14" | М                  | Х      | Х                      | М               |
| LG LEF  | 14" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |

| Paper         | Size (W x L)   | Main Frame<br>Tray | Duplex | Optional<br>Paper Tray | By-pass<br>Tray |
|---------------|--|--------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Gov. LG SEF   | 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " x 14"                              | М                  | Х      | М                      | K               |
| Gov. LG LEF   | 14" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "                              | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| LT SEF        | 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 11"                              | М                  | Х      | Х                      | М               |
| LT LEF        | 11" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "                              | М                  | Х      | Х                      | М               |
| HLT SEF       | 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "  | 0                  | 0      | М                      | М               |
| HLT LEF       | 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "  | М                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| Executive SEF | 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " x 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " | М                  | Х      | М                      | М               |
| Executive LEF | 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 71/4"                           | М                  | X      | М                      | М               |
| F SEF         | 8" x 13"   | М                  | Х      | М                      | М               |
| F LEF         | 13" x 8"   | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| Foolscap SEF  | 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 13"                              | М                  | X      | Х                      | М               |
| Foolscap LEF  | 13" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "                              | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| Folio SEF     | 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " x 13"                              | М                  | X      | М                      | М               |
| Folio LEF     | 13" x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "                              | 0                  | Х      | 0                      | 0               |
| 8K SEF        | 267 x 390 mm   | М                  | Х      | М                      | М               |
| 8K LEF        | 390 x 267 mm   | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | 0               |
| 16K SEF       | 195 x 267 mm   | М                  | Х      | М                      | М               |
| 16K LEF       | 267 x 195 mm   | М                  | Х      | М                      | М               |
| C5 Env. SEF   | 162 x 229 mm   | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | М               |
| C6 Env. SEF   | 114 x 162 mm   | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | М               |
| DL Env. SEF   | 110 x 220 mm   | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | М               |
| Com10 SEF     | 4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " x 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "  | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | М               |

| Paper       | Size (W x L)                    | Main Frame<br>Tray | Duplex | Optional<br>Paper Tray | By-pass<br>Tray |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Monarch SEF | $3^{7}/_{8}$ " x $7^{1}/_{2}$ " | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | М               |
| Custom      |                                 | 0                  | 0      | 0                      | Х               |

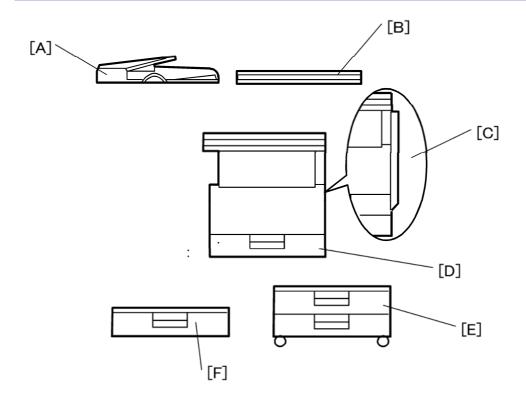
#### Key:

| X: | Detected (Main frame tray)/Processed (Duplex)         |
|----|---|
| O: | Not detected (Main frame tray)/Not processed (Duplex) |
| M: | Selected manually                                     |
| K: | Specified from the key pad                            |



• Custom W: 90 to 297 mm L: 148 to 600 mm

# Machine Configuration



| Unit/Component |                                    | Machine Code | Diagram   |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
|                | Copier (1-tray non-duplex model)   | B283         | [D]       |
|                | Copier (1-tray with duplex)        | B282         | [C] + [D] |
|                | Platen cover (optional)            | B406         | [B]       |
| Copier         | ADF (optional)                     | B813         | [A]       |
|                | ARDF (optional)                    | B814         | [A]       |
|                | Paper tray unit-1 tray (optional)  | B385         | [F]       |
|                | Paper tray unit-2 trays (optional) | B384         | [E]       |

**↓** Note

 The GDI controller comes with a dedicated controller box and printer/scanner panel.

# Optional Equipment

### ARDF

| Original Size:              | Standard sizes  Single-sided mode: A3 to A5, 11" x 17" to 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "  Double-sided mode: A3 to A5, 11" x 17" to 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "  Non-standard sizes (Single-sided mode only)  Max. width 297 mm  Min. width 105 mm  Max. length 1260 mm  Min. length 128 mm |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Original Weight:            | Single-sided mode: $40 - 128 \text{ g/m}^2$ , $10 - 34 \text{ lb}$<br>Double-sided mode: $52 - 105 \text{ g/m}^2$ , $14 - 28 \text{ lb}$   |  |
| Table Capacity:             | 50 sheets (80 g/m², 70 kg)   |  |
| Original Standard Position: | Center   |  |
| Separation:                 | FRR  |  |
| Original Transport:         | Roller transport   |  |
| Original Feed Order:        | From the top original  |  |
| Reproduction Range:         | 50 to 200% (Sub scan direction only)   |  |
| Power Source:               | 24 and 5 Vdc from the copier   |  |
| Power Consumption:          | 50 W   |  |
| Dimensions (W x D x H):     | 550 x 470 x 130 mm   |  |
| Weight:                     | 10 kg (22 lb)  |  |

### ADF

| Original Size:              | Standard sizes (Single-sided mode only):  A3 to A5, 11" x 17" to 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "  Non-standard sizes (Single-sided mode only):  Max. width 297 mm  Min. width 105 mm  Max. length 1,260 mm  Min. length 128 mm |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Original Weight:            | 52 – 105 g/m² (14 – 28 lb)   |  |
| Table Capacity:             | 30 sheets (80 g/m², 22 lb)   |  |
| Original Standard Position: | Center   |  |
| Separation:                 | FRR  |  |
| Original Transport:         | Roller transport   |  |
| Original Feed Order:        | From the top original  |  |
| Reproduction Range:         | 50 – 200%  |  |
| Power Source:               | 24 and 5 Vdc (from the main frame)   |  |
| Power Consumption:          | 25 W   |  |
| Dimensions (W x D x H):     | 550 mm x 470 mm x 90 mm  |  |
| Weight:                     | Not above 7 kg (15 lb)   |  |

# One-Tray Paper Tray Unit

| Paper Size:             | A5 to A3, 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " SEF to 11" x 17" |
|-------------------------|--|
| Paper Weight:           | 60 - 105 g/m <sup>2</sup> , 16 - 28 lb   |
| Tray Capacity:          | 500 sheets (80 g/m², 20 lb) x 1 tray   |
| Paper Feed System:      | Feed roller and friction pad   |
| Paper Height Detection: | 4 steps (100%, 70%, 30%, Near end)   |

| Power Source:      | <ul> <li>24 Vdc and 5Vdc (from the copier/printer):</li> <li>120 Vac (120 V version) from the copier/printer when the optional tray heater is installed</li> <li>220 – 240 Vac (230 V version) from the copier/printer when the optional tray heater is installed</li> </ul> |   |  |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| Power Consumption: | Max:   | 20 W (Copying/printing) 23 W (Optional Tray<br>Heater On) |  |
|                    | Average:   | 13 W (Copying/printing) 15 W (Optional Tray<br>Heater On) |  |
| Weight:            | 12 kg (26.4 lb)  |   |  |
| Size (W x D x H):  | 550 mm x 520 mm x 134 mm   |   |  |

## Two-Tray Paper Tray Unit

| Paper Size:             | A5 to A3, 5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " SEF to 11" x 17"   |   |  |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| Paper Weight:           | 60 - 105 g/m <sup>2</sup> , 16 - 28 lb   |   |  |
| Tray Capacity:          | 500 sheets (80 g/m², 20 lb) x 2 trays  |   |  |
| Paper Feed System:      | Feed roller and friction pad   |   |  |
| Paper Height Detection: | 4 steps (100%, 70%, 30%, Near end)   |   |  |
| Power Source:           | <ul> <li>24 Vdc and 5Vdc (from the copier/printer):</li> <li>120 Vac (120 V version) from the copier/printer when the optional tray heater is installed</li> <li>220 – 240 Vac (230 V version) from the copier/printer when the optional tray heater is installed</li> </ul> |   |  |
| Power Consumption:      | Max:   | 30 W (Copying/printing) 23 W (Optional Tray<br>Heater On) |  |
|                         | Average:   | 17 W (Copying/printing) 15 W (Optional Tray<br>Heater On) |  |

| Weight:           | 25 kg (55 lb)            |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Size (W x D x H): | 550 mm x 520 mm x 271 mm |